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(54) **GENES AND POLYMORPHISMS
ASSOCIATED WITH CARDIOVASCULAR
DISEASE AND THEIR USE**

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4250 EXECUTIVE SQ

7TH FLOOR

LA JOLLA, CA 92037 (US)

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Genes and polymorphisms associated with cardiovascular disease, methods that use the polymorphism to detect a predisposition to developing high cholesterol, low HDL or cardiovascular disease, to profile the response of subjects to therapeutic drugs and to develop therapeutic drugs are provided.

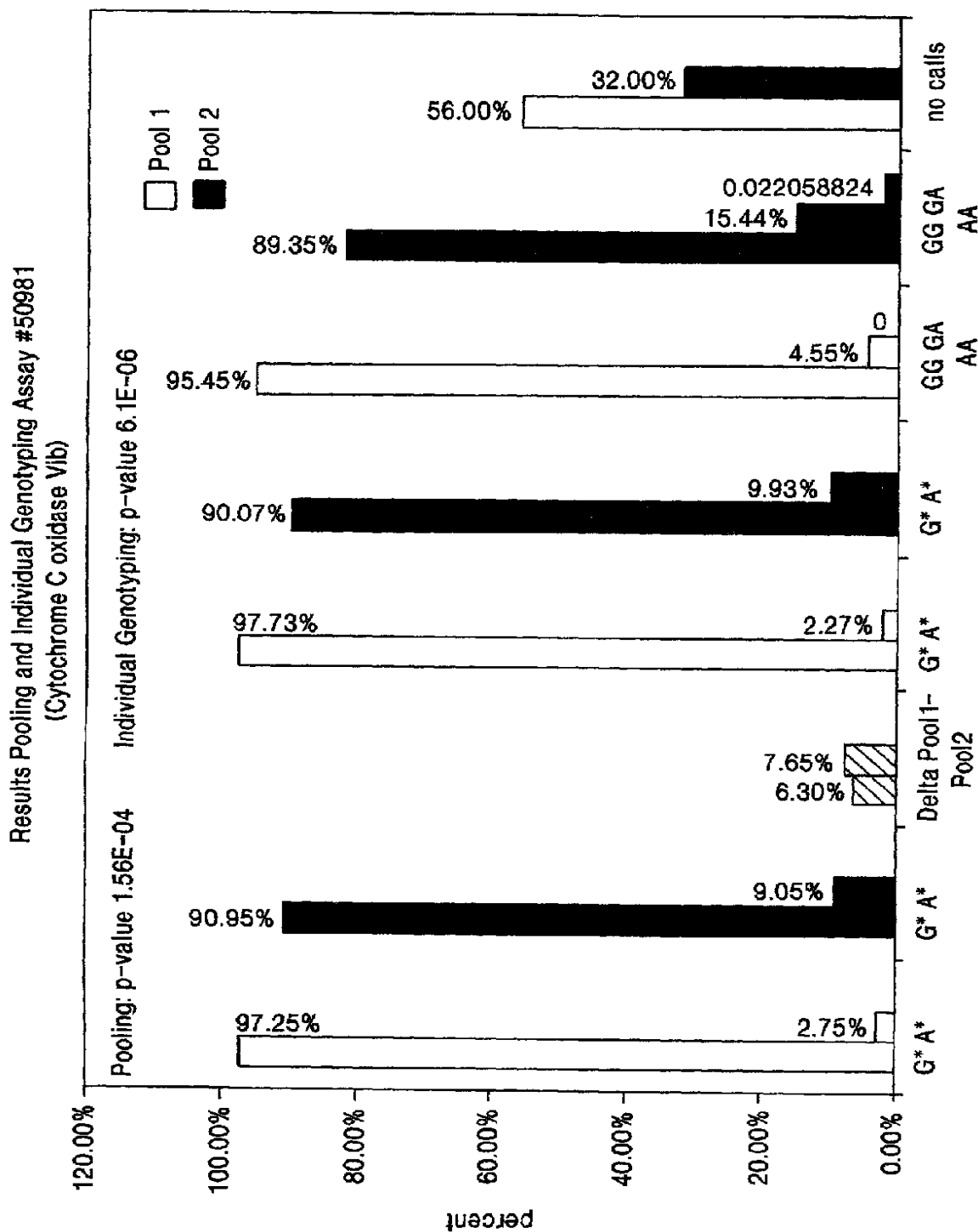


FIG. 1

Results Pooling and Individual Genotyping Assay # 52278
(N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component)

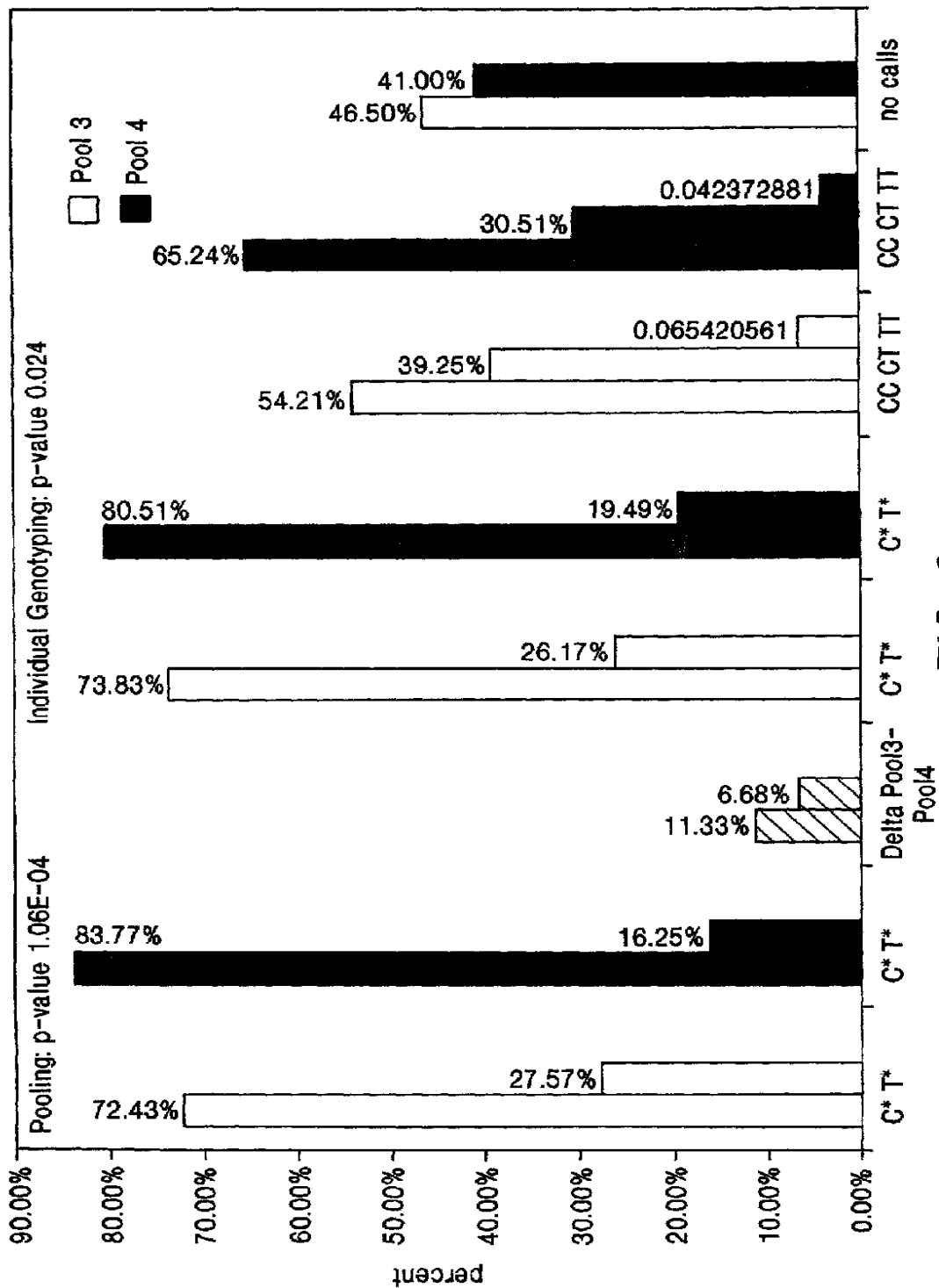


FIG. 2

GENES AND POLYMORPHISMS ASSOCIATED WITH CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE AND THEIR USE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The field of the invention involves genes and polymorphisms of these genes that are associated with development of cardiovascular disease. Methods that use polymorphic markers for prognosticating, profiling drug response and drug discovery are provided.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Diseases in all organisms have a genetic component, whether inherited or resulting from the body's response to environmental stresses, such as viruses and toxins. The ultimate goal of ongoing genomic research is to use this information to develop new ways to identify, treat and potentially cure these diseases. The first step has been to screen disease tissue and identify genomic changes at the level of individual samples. The identification of these "disease" markers has then fueled the development and commercialization of diagnostic tests that detect these errant genes or polymorphisms. With the increasing numbers of genetic markers, including single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), microsatellites, tandem repeats, newly mapped introns and exons, the challenge to the medical and pharmaceutical communities is to identify genotypes which not only identify the disease but also follow the progression of the disease and are predictive of an organism's response to treatment.

[0003] Polymorphisms

[0004] Polymorphisms have been known since 1901 with the identification of blood types. In the 1950's they were identified on the level of proteins using large population genetic studies. In the 1980's and 1990's many of the known protein polymorphisms were correlated with genetic loci on genomic DNA. For example, the gene dose of the apolipoprotein E type 4 allele was correlated with the risk of Alzheimer's disease in late onset families (see, e.g., Corder et al. (1993) *Science* 261: 921-923; mutation in blood coagulation factor V was associated with resistance to activated protein C (see, e.g., Bertina et al. (1994) *Nature* 369:64-67); resistance to HIV-1 infection has been shown in Caucasian individuals bearing mutant alleles of the CCR-5 chemokine receptor gene (see, e.g., Samson et al. (1996) *Nature* 382:722-725); and a hypermutable tract in antigen presenting cells (APC, such as macrophages), has been identified in familial colorectal cancer in individuals of Ashkenazi jewish background (see, e.g., Laken et al. (1997) *Nature Genet.* 17:79-83). There may be more than three million polymorphic sites in the human genome. Many have been identified, but not yet characterized or mapped or associated with a disease. Polymorphisms of the genome can lead to altered gene function, protein function or mRNA instability. To identify those polymorphisms that have clinical relevance is the goal of a world-wide scientific effort. Discovery of such polymorphisms will have a fundamental impact on the identification and development of diagnostics and drug discovery.

[0005] Single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) Much of the focus of genomics has been in the identification of SNPs, which are important for a variety of reasons. They allow

indirect testing (association of haplotypes) and direct testing (functional variants). They are the most abundant and stable genetic markers. Common diseases are best explained by common genetic alterations, and the natural variation in the human population aids in understanding disease, therapy and environmental interactions.

[0006] The organization of SNPs in the primary sequence of a gene into one of the limited number of combinations that exist as units of inheritance is termed a haplotype. Each haplotype therefore contains significantly more information than individual unorganized polymorphisms and provides an accurate measurement of the genomic variation in the two chromosomes of an individual. While it is well-established that many diseases are associated with specific variation in gene sequences and there are examples in which individual polymorphisms act as genetic markers for a particular phenotype, in other cases an individual polymorphism may be found in a variety of genomic backgrounds and therefore shows no definitive coupling between the polymorphism and the phenotype. In these instances, the observed haplotype and its frequency of occurrence in various genotypes will provide a better genetic marker for the phenotype.

[0007] Although risk factors for the development of cardiovascular disease are known, such as high serum cholesterol levels and low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL) levels, the genetic basis for the manifestation of these phenotypes remains unknown. An understanding of the genes that are responsible for controlling cholesterol and HDL levels, along with useful genetic markers and mutations in these genes that affect these phenotypes, will allow for detection of a predisposition for these risk factors and/or cardiovascular disease and the development of therapeutics to modulate such alterations. Therefore, it is an object herein to provide methods for using polymorphic markers to detect a predisposition to the manifestation of high serum cholesterol, low serum HDL and cardiovascular disease. The ultimate goals are the elucidation of pathological pathways, developing new diagnostic assays, determining genetic profiles for positive responses to therapeutic drugs, identifying new potential drug targets and identifying new drug candidates.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] A database of twins was screened for individuals which exhibit high or low levels of serum cholesterol or HDL. Using a full genome scanning approach SNPs present in DNA samples from these individuals were examined for alleles that associate with either high levels of cholesterol or low levels of HDL. This led to the discovery of the association of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene and the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene with these risks factors for developing cardiovascular disease. Specifically, a previously undetermined association of an allelic variant at nucleotide 86 of the COX6B gene and high serum cholesterol levels has been discovered. In addition, it has been discovered that an allelic variant at nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene is associated with low serum HDL levels. There was no previously known association between these two genes and risk factors related to cardiovascular disease.

[0009] Methods are provided for detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant associated with high

cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease by detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of the COX6B gene or the GPI-1 gene, individually or in combination with one or more allelic variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0010] Also provided are methods for indicating a predisposition to manifesting high serum cholesterol, low serum HDL and/or cardiovascular disease based on detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of the COX6B or GPI-1 genes, alone or in combination with one or more allelic variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. These methods, referred to as haplotyping, are based on assaying more than one polymorphism of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes. One or more polymorphisms of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease may also be assayed at the same time. A collection of allelic variants of one or more genes may be more informative than a single allelic variant of any one gene. A single polymorphism of a collection of polymorphisms present in the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes and in other genes associated with cardiovascular disease may be assayed individually or the collection may be assayed simultaneously using a multiplex assay method.

[0011] Also provided are microarrays comprising a probe selected from among an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding position 86 of the sense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence, an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding the position of the antisense strand of COX6B corresponding to position 86 of the sense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence; an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding position 2577 of the sense strand of the GPI-1 gene and an oligonucleotide complementary to a polymorphic region surrounding the position of the antisense strand of GPI-1 corresponding to position 2577 of the sense strand of the GPI-1 gene. Microarrays are well known and can be made, for example, using methods set forth in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,837,832; 5,858,659; 6,043,136; 6,043,031 and 6,156,501.

[0012] Further provided are methods of utilizing allelic variants of the COX6B or GPI-1 gene individually or together with one or more allelic variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease to predict a subject's response to a biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol, serum HDL, or a cardiovascular drug.

[0013] Also provided are methods to screen candidate biologically active agents for modulation of cholesterol, HDL or other factors associated with cardiovascular disease. These methods utilize cells or transgenic animals containing one or more allelic variants of the COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene alone or in combination with allelic variants of one or more other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. Such animals should exhibit high cholesterol, low HDL or other known phenotypes associated with cardiovascular disease. Also, provided are methods to construct transgenic animals that are useful as models for cardiovascular disease by using one or more allelic variants of the COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene alone or in combination with allelic variants of one or more other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0014] Further provided are combinations of probes and primers and kits for predicting a predisposition to high

serum cholesterol, low HDL levels and/or cardiovascular disease. In particular, combinations and kits comprise probes or primers which are capable of hybridizing adjacent to or at polymorphic regions of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 gene. The combinations and kits can also contain probes or primers which are capable of hybridizing adjacent to or at polymorphic regions of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. The kits also optionally contain instructions for carrying out assays, interpreting results and for aiding in diagnosing a subject as having a predisposition towards developing high serum cholesterol, low HDL levels and/or cardiovascular disease. Combinations and kits are also provided for predicting a subject's response to a therapeutic agent directed toward modulating cholesterol, HDL, or another phenotype associated with cardiovascular disease. Such combinations and kits comprise probes or primers as described above.

[0015] In particular for the methods, combinations, kits and arrays described above, the polymorphisms are SNPs. The detection or identification is of a T nucleotide at position 86 of the sense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence or the detection or identification of an A nucleotide at the corresponding position in the antisense strand of the COX6B gene coding sequence. Also embodied is the detection or identification of an A nucleotide at position 2577 of the sense strand of the GPI-1 gene or the detection or identification of a T nucleotide at the corresponding position in the antisense strand of the GPI-1 gene. In addition to the SNPs discussed above, other polymorphisms of the COX6B and GPI-1 genes can be assayed for association with high cholesterol or low HDL, respectively, and utilized as disclosed above.

[0016] Other genes containing allelic variants associated with high serum cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease, include, but are not limited to: cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

[0017] The detection of the presence or absence of an allelic variant can utilize, but are not limited to, methods such as allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay, restriction enzyme site analysis and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

[0018] In particular, primers utilized in primer specific extension hybridize adjacent to nucleotide 86 of the COX6B gene or nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene or the corresponding positions on the antisense strand (numbers refer to GenBank sequences, see pages 15-17). A primer can be extended in the presence of at least one dideoxynucleotide, particularly ddG, or two dideoxynucleotides, particularly ddG and ddC. Preferably, detection of extension products is by mass spectrometry. Detection of allelic variants can also involve signal moieties such as radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent reagents and other light producing reagents.

[0019] Other probes and primers useful for the detection of allelic variants include those which hybridize at or adjacent to the SNPs described in Tables 1-3 and specifically those that comprise SEQ ID NOs.: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0020] **FIG. 1** depicts the allelic frequency and genotype for pools and individually determined samples of blood from individuals having low cholesterol levels and those with high cholesterol levels.

[0021] **FIG. 2** depicts the allelic frequency and genotype for pools and individually determined samples of blood from individuals having high HDL levels and those with low HDL levels.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0022] A. Definitions

[0023] Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as is commonly understood by one of skill in the art to which this invention belongs. All patents, patent applications and publications referred to throughout the disclosure herein are, unless noted otherwise, incorporated by reference in their entirety. In the event that there are a plurality of definitions for terms herein, those in this section prevail.

[0024] As used herein, sequencing refers to the process of determining a nucleotide sequence and can be performed using any method known to those of skill in the art. For example, if a polymorphism is identified or known, and it is desired to assess its frequency or presence in nucleic acid samples taken from the subjects that comprise the database, the region of interest from the samples can be isolated, such as by PCR or restriction fragments, hybridization or other suitable method known to those of skill in the art, and sequenced. For purposes herein, sequencing analysis is preferably effected using mass spectrometry (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,547,835, 5,622,824, 5,851,765, and 5,928,906). Nucleic acids can also be sequenced by hybridization (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,503,980, 5,631,134, 5,795,714) and including analysis by mass spectrometry (see, U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/419,994 and 09/395,409). Alternatively, sequencing may be performed using other known methods, such as set forth in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,525,464; 5,695,940; 5,834,189; 5,869,242; 5,876,934; 5,908,755; 5,912,118; 5,952,174; 5,976,802; 5,981,186; 5,998,143; 6,004,744; 6,017,702; 6,018,041; 6,025,136; 6,046,005; 6,087,095; 6,117,634; 6,013,431, WO 98/30883; WO 98/56954; WO 99/09218; WO/00/58519, and the others.

[0025] As used herein, "polymorphism" refers to the coexistence of more than one form of a gene or portion thereof. A portion of a gene of which there are at least two different forms, i.e., two different nucleotide sequences, is referred to as a "polymorphic region of a gene". A polymorphic region can be a single nucleotide, the identity of which differs in different alleles. A polymorphic region can also be several nucleotides in length.

[0026] As used herein, "polymorphic gene" refers to a gene having at least one polymorphic region.

[0027] As used herein, "allele", which is used interchangeably herein with "allelic variant" refers to alternative forms of a gene or portions thereof. Alleles occupy the same locus or position on homologous chromosomes. When a subject has two identical alleles of a gene, the subject is said to be homozygous for the gene or allele. When a subject has two different alleles of a gene, the subject is said to be heterozygous for the gene. Alleles of a specific gene can differ from each other in a single nucleotide, or several nucleotides, and can include substitutions, deletions, and insertions of nucleotides. An allele of a gene can also be a form of a gene containing a mutation.

[0028] As used herein, the term "subject" refers to mammals and in particular human beings.

[0029] As used herein, the term "gene" or "recombinant gene" refers to a nucleic acid molecule comprising an open reading frame and including at least one exon and (optionally) at least one intron sequence. A gene can be either RNA or DNA. Genes may include regions preceding and following the coding region (leader and trailer).

[0030] As used herein, "intron" refers to a DNA sequence present in a given gene which is spliced out during mRNA maturation.

[0031] As used herein, the term "coding sequence" refers to that portion of a gene that encodes an amino acid sequence of a protein.

[0032] As used herein, the term "sense strand" refers to that strand of a double-stranded nucleic acid molecule that encodes the sequence of the mRNA that encodes the amino acid sequence encoded by the double-stranded nucleic acid molecule.

[0033] As used herein, the term "antisense strand" refers to that strand of a double-stranded nucleic acid molecule that is the complement of the sequence of the mRNA that encodes the amino acid sequence encoded by the double-stranded nucleic acid molecule.

[0034] As used herein, a DNA or nucleic acid homolog refers to a nucleic acid that includes a preselected conserved nucleotide sequence. By the term "substantially homologous" is meant having at least 80%, preferably at least 90%, most preferably at least 95% homology therewith or a less percentage of homology or identity and conserved biological activity or function.

[0035] Regarding hybridization, as used herein, stringency conditions to achieve specific hybridization refer to the washing conditions for removing the non-specific probes or primers and conditions that are equivalent to either high, medium, or low stringency as described below:

[0036] 1) high stringency: 0.1× SSPE, 0.1% SDS, 65° C.

[0037] 2) medium stringency: 0.2× SSPE, 0.1% SDS, 50° C.

[0038] 3) low stringency: 1.0× SSPE, 0.1% SDS, 50° C.

[0039] It is understood that equivalent stringencies may be achieved using alternative buffers, salts and temperatures.

[0040] As used herein, "heterologous DNA" is DNA that encodes RNA and proteins that are not normally produced in

vivo by the cell in which it is expressed or that mediates or encodes mediators that alter expression of endogenous DNA by affecting transcription, translation, or other regulatable biochemical processes or is not present in the exact orientation or position as the counterpart DNA in a wildtype cell. Heterologous DNA may also be referred to as foreign DNA. Any DNA that one of skill in the art would recognize or consider as heterologous or foreign to the cell in which is expressed is herein encompassed by heterologous DNA. Examples of heterologous DNA include, but are not limited to, DNA that encodes traceable marker proteins, such as a protein that confers drug resistance, DNA that encodes therapeutically effective substances, such as anti-cancer agents, enzymes and hormones, and DNA that encodes other types of proteins, such as antibodies. Antibodies that are encoded by heterologous DNA may be secreted or expressed on the surface of the cell in which the heterologous DNA has been introduced.

[0041] As used herein, a “promoter region” refers to the portion of DNA of a gene that controls transcription of the DNA to which it is operatively linked. The promoter region includes specific sequences of DNA that are sufficient for RNA polymerase recognition, binding and transcription initiation. This portion of the promoter region is referred to as the promoter. In addition, the promoter region includes sequences that modulate this recognition, binding and transcription initiation activity of the RNA polymerase. These sequences may be cis acting or may be responsive to trans acting factors. Promoters, depending upon the nature of the regulation, may be constitutive or regulated.

[0042] As used herein, the phrase “operatively linked” generally means the sequences or segments have been covalently joined into one piece of DNA, whether in single or double stranded form, whereby control or regulatory sequences on one segment control or permit expression or replication or other such control of other segments. The two segments are not necessarily contiguous. For gene expression a DNA sequence and a regulatory sequence(s) are connected in such a way to control or permit gene expression when the appropriate molecular, e.g., transcriptional activator proteins, are bound to the regulatory sequence(s).

[0043] As used herein, the term “vector” refers to a nucleic acid molecule capable of transporting another nucleic acid to which it has been linked. One type of preferred vector is an episome, i.e., a nucleic acid capable of extra-chromosomal replication. Preferred vectors are those capable of autonomous replication and/or expression of nucleic acids to which they are linked. Vectors capable of directing the expression of genes to which they are operatively linked are referred to herein as “expression vectors”. In general, expression vectors of utility in recombinant DNA techniques are often in the form of “plasmids” which refer generally to circular double stranded DNA loops which, in their vector form are not bound to the chromosome. “Plasmid” and “vector” are used interchangeably as the plasmid is the most commonly used form of vector. Also included are other forms of expression vectors that serve equivalent functions and that become known in the art subsequently hereto.

[0044] As used herein, “indicating” or “determining” means that the presence or absence of an allelic variant may be one of many factors that are considered when a subject’s predisposition to a disease or disorder is evaluated. Thus a

predisposition to a disease or disorder is not necessarily conclusively determined by only ascertaining the presence or absence of one or more allelic variants, but the presence of one of more of such variants is among an number of factors considered.

[0045] As used herein, “predisposition to develop a disease or disorder” means that a subject having a particular genotype and/or haplotype has a higher likelihood than one not having such a genotype and/or haplotype for developing a particular disease or disorder.

[0046] As used herein, “transgenic animal” refers to any animal, preferably a non-human animal, e.g. a mammal, bird or an amphibian, in which one or more of the cells of the animal contain heterologous nucleic acid introduced by way of human intervention, such as by transgenic techniques well known in the art. The nucleic acid is introduced into the cell, directly or indirectly by introduction into a precursor of the cell, by way of deliberate genetic manipulation, such as by microinjection or by infection with a recombinant virus. The term genetic manipulation does not include classical cross-breeding, or in vitro fertilization, but rather is directed to the introduction of a recombinant DNA molecule. This molecule may be integrated within a chromosome, or it may be extrachromosomally replicating DNA. In the typical transgenic animals described herein, the transgene causes cells to express a recombinant form of a protein. However, transgenic animals in which the recombinant gene is silent are also contemplated, as for example, using the FLP or CRE recombinase dependent constructs. Moreover, “transgenic animal” also includes those recombinant animals in which gene disruption of one or more genes is caused by human intervention, including both recombination and antisense techniques.

[0047] As used herein, “associated” refers to coincidence with the development or manifestation of a disease, condition or phenotype. Association may be due to, but is not limited to, genes responsible for housekeeping functions, those that are part of a pathway that is involved in a specific disease, condition or phenotype and those that indirectly contribute to the manifestation of a disease, condition or phenotype.

[0048] As used herein, “high serum cholesterol” refers to a level of serum cholesterol that is greater than that considered to be in the normal range for a given age in a population, e.g., about 5.25 mmol/L or greater, i.e., approximately one standard deviation or more away from the age-adjusted mean.

[0049] As used herein, “low serum HDL” refers to a level of serum HDL that is less than that considered to be in the normal range for a given age in a population, e.g. about 1.11 mmol/L or less, i.e., approximately one standard deviation or more away from the age-adjusted mean.

[0050] As used herein, “cardiovascular disease” refers to any manifestation of or predisposition to cardiovascular disease including, but not limited to, coronary artery disease and myocardial infarction. Included in predisposition is the manifestation of risks factors such as high serum cholesterol levels and low serum HDL levels.

[0051] As used herein, “target nucleic acid” refers to a nucleic acid molecule which contains all or a portion of a polymorphic region of a gene of interest.

[0052] As used herein, "signal moiety" refers to any moiety that allows for the detection of a nucleic acid molecule. Included are moieties covalently attached to nucleic acids and those that are not.

[0053] As used herein, "biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol" refers to any drug, small molecule, nucleic acid (sense and antisense), protein, peptide, lipid, carbohydrate etc. or combination thereof, that exhibits some effect directly or indirectly on the cholesterol measured in a subject's serum.

[0054] As used herein, "biologically active agent that modulates serum HDL" refers to any drug, small molecule, nucleic acid (sense and antisense), protein, peptide, lipid, carbohydrate etc. or combination thereof that exhibits some effect directly or indirectly on the HDL measured in a subject's serum.

[0055] As used herein, "expression and/or activity" refers to the level of transcription or translation of the COX6B or GPI-1 gene, mRNA stability, protein stability or biological activity.

[0056] As used herein, "cardiovascular drug" refers to a drug used to treat cardiovascular disease or a risk factor for the disease, either prophylactically or after a risk factor or disease condition has developed. Cardiovascular drugs include those drugs used to lower serum cholesterol and those used to alter the level of serum HDL.

[0057] As used herein, "combining" refers to contacting the biologically active agent with a cell or animal such that the agent is introduced into the cell or animal. For a cell any method that results in an agent traversing the plasma membrane is useful. For an animal any of the standard routes of administration of an agent, e.g. oral, rectal, transmucosal, intestinal, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intraventricular, subcutaneous, intramuscular, etc., can be utilized.

[0058] As used herein, "positive response" refers to improving or ameliorating at least one symptom or detectable characteristic of a disease or condition, e.g., lowering serum cholesterol levels or raising serum HDL levels.

[0059] As used herein, "biological sample" refers to any cell type or tissue of a subject from which nucleic acid, particularly DNA, can be obtained.

[0060] As used herein, "array" refers to a collection of three or more items, such a collection of immobilized nucleic acid probes arranged on a solid substrate, such as silica, polymeric materials or glass.

[0061] As used herein, a composition refers to any mixture. It may be a solution, a suspension, liquid, powder, a paste, aqueous, non-aqueous or any combination thereof.

[0062] As used herein, a combination refers to any association between two or among more items.

[0063] As used herein, "kit" refers to a package that contains a combination, such as one or more primers or probes used to amplify or detect polymorphic regions of genes associated with cardiovascular disease, optionally including instructions and/or reagents for their use.

[0064] As used herein "specifically hybridizes" refers to hybridization of a probe or primer only to a target sequence preferentially to a non-target sequence. Those of skill in the

art are familiar with parameters that affect hybridization; such as temperature, probe or primer length and composition; buffer composition and salt concentration and can readily adjust these parameters to achieve specific hybridization of a nucleic acid to a target sequence.

[0065] As used herein "nucleic acid" refers to polynucleotides such as deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) and ribonucleic acid (RNA). The term should also be understood to include, as equivalents, derivatives, variants and analogs of either RNA or DNA made from nucleotide analogs, single (sense or antisense) and double-stranded polynucleotides. Deoxyribonucleotides include deoxyadenosine, deoxycytidine, deoxyguanosine and deoxythymidine. For RNA, the uracil base is uridine.

[0066] As used herein, "mass spectrometry" encompasses any suitable mass spectrometric format known to those of skill in the art. Such formats include, but are not limited to, Matrix-Assisted Laser Desorption/Ionization, Time-of-Flight (MALDI-TOF), Electrospray (ES), IR-MALDI (see, e.g., published International PCT Application No. 99/57318 and U.S. Pat. No. 5,118,937) Ion Cyclotron Resonance (ICR), Fourier Transform and combinations thereof. MALDI, particular UV and IR, are among the preferred formats.

[0067] B. Cytochrome c oxidase VIb gene

[0068] Cytochrome c oxidase (COX) is a mitochondrial enzyme complex integrated in the inner membrane. It transfers electrons from cytochrome to molecular oxygen in the terminal reaction of the respiratory chain in eukaryotic cells. COX contains of three large subunits encoded by the mitochondrial genome and 10 other subunits, encoded by nuclear genes. The three subunits encoded by mitochondrial genome are responsible for the catalytic activity. The cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) is one of the nuclear gene products. The function of the nuclear encoded subunits is unknown. One proposed role is in the regulation of catalytic activity; specifically the rate of electron transport and stoichiometry of proton pumping. Other proposed roles are not directly related to electron transport and include energy-dependent calcium uptake and protein import by the mitochondrion. Proteolytic removal of subunits VIa and VIb has been associated with loss of calcium transport in reconstituted vesicles. Steady-state levels of the COX6B transcript are different in different tissues (Taanman et al., *Gene* (1990), 93:285).

[0069] The COX6B gene is generically used to include the human COX6B gene and its homologs from rat, mouse, guinea pig, etc.

[0070] Several single nucleotide polymorphism have been identified in the human COX6B gene. One of these is located at position 86 and is a C to T transversion which is manifested as a silent mutation in the coding region, ACC to ACT (threonine to threonine)(SEQ ID NO.: 2). Although this is a silent mutation at the amino acid level, it may represent an alteration that changes codon usage, or it may affect mRNA stability or it may be in linkage disequilibrium with a non-silent change. Other known single nucleotide polymorphisms of the COX6B gene include, but are not limited to, those listed in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
COX6B (SEQ ID NO.: 1)	NM_001863	C/T	86
		A/G	60
		A/T	324
		A/T	123

[0071] Based on methods disclosed herein and those used in the art, one of skill would be able to utilize all the SNPs described and find additional polymorphic regions of the COX6B gene to determine whether allelic variants of these regions are associated with high cholesterol levels and cardiovascular disease.

[0072] C. GPI-1 Gene

[0073] Glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) functions to anchor various eukaryotic proteins to membranes and is essential for their surface expression. Thus, a defect in GPI anchor synthesis affects various functions of cell, tissues and organs. Biosynthesis of glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) is initiated by the transfer of N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) from UDP-GlcNAc to phosphatidylinositol (PI) and is catalyzed by a GlcNAc transferase, GPI-GlcNAc transferase (GPI-GnT). Four mammalian gene products form a protein complex that is responsible for this enzyme activity (PIG-A, PIG-H, PIG-C and GPI-1). PIG-A, PIG-H, PIG-C are required for the first step in GPI anchor biosynthesis; GPI-1 is not. Stabilization of the enzyme complex, rather than participation in GlcNAc transfer, has been suggested as a possible role for GPI-1 (Watanabe et al. EMBO 17:877, 1998).

[0074] The GPI-1 gene is generically used to include the human GPI-1 gene and its homologs from rat, mouse, guinea pig, etc.

[0075] A polymorphism has been identified at position 2577 of the human GPI-1 gene. This is a G to A transversion. This SNP is located in the 3' untranslated region of the mRNA, and does not affect protein structure, but may affect mRNA stability or may be in linkage disequilibrium with a non-silent change. Other known single nucleotide polymorphisms of the GPI-1 gene include, but are not limited to, those listed in Table 2.

TABLE 2

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
GPI-1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 6, 7)	NM_004204	C/T	2829
		A/G	2577
		C/T	2519
		C/T	2289
		C/T	1938
		C/G	1563
		A/G/C/T	2664
		A/G	2656
		A/C/T	2167
		G/C/A	2166

[0076] Based on methods disclosed herein and those used in the art, one of skill would be able to use all the described SNPs and find additional polymorphic regions of the GPI-1

gene to determine whether allelic variants of these regions are associated with low levels of HDL and cardiovascular disease.

[0077] D. Other Genes and Polymorphism Associated with Cardiovascular Disease

[0078] Many other genes and polymorphisms contained within them have been associated with risks factors for cardiovascular disease (aberrations in lipid metabolism; specifically high levels of serum cholesterol and low levels of HDL, etc.) and/or the clinical phenotypes of atherosclerosis and cardiovascular disease. Table 3 presents a list of some of these genes and some associated polymorphisms (SNPs): cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-II (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase (LIPC); E-selectin; G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene. The SNP locations are based on the GenBank sequence. Table 3 is not meant to be exhaustive, as one of skill in the art based on the disclosure would be able to readily use other known polymorphisms in these and other genes, new polymorphisms discovered in previously identified genes and newly identified genes and polymorphisms in the methods and compositions disclosed herein.

TABLE 3

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
CETP (SEQ ID NOS.: 11, 12)	NM_000078	C/A	991
		C/T	196
		A/G	1586
		A/G	1394
		A/G	1439
		C/G	1297
		C/T	766
		G/A	1131
		G/A	1696
		A/G	1127
LPL (SEQ ID NOS.: 13, 14)	NM_000237	A/C	3447
		C/T	1973
		C/T	3343
		G/A	2851
		C/T	3272
		A/T	2428
		T/C	2743
		G/A	1453
		C/A	3449
		G/A	1282
		G/A	579
		A/C	1338
		A/G/T/C	2416-2426
		A/G	2427
		C/T	1302
		G/A	609
		G/C	1595
		G/A	1309
APO A4 (SEQ ID NOS.: 15, 16)	NM_000482	C/T	2454
		C/T	2988
		G/A	280
		G/A	1036
		G/T	1122
		G/C	1033
		G/A	1002
		C/T	960

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
		C/T	894
		G/A	554
		G/A	950
		T/C	336
		G/A	334
		C/T	330
		A/G	201
		A/G	16
		A/T	1213
APO E (SEQ ID NOS.: 17, 18) (mRNA)	NM_000041	C/T	448
		G/A	448
		C/T	586
		C/T	197
		C/T	540
Hepatic Lipase (SEQ ID NOS.: 19, 20)	NM_000236	C/G	680
		G/A	1374
		G/A	701
		C/A	1492
		A/G	648
		G/C	729
		G/A	340
		G/T	522
PON 1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 21, 22)	NM_000446	A/T	172
		A/G	584
		G/C	190
PON 2 (SEQ ID NOS.: 23, 24)	XM_004947	C/G	475
APO C3 (SEQ ID NOS.: 25, 26)	NM_000040	C/G	964
		C/T	148
		T/A	471
		G/G	386
		G/T	417
		T/A	95
ABC 1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 27, 28)	XM_005567	G/A	8591
APO A1 (SEQ ID NOS.: 29, 30)	NM_000039	C/G	770
		G/A	656
		C/G	589
		C/G	414
		A/T	430
		C/T	708
		C/T	221
		T/G	223
		C/T	597
		A/G	340
		G/C	690
APO B (SEQ ID NOS.: 31, 32)	NM_000384	A/G/C/T	13141
		A/G/C/T	12669
		C/T	11323
		G/C	10422
		A/C	10408
		C/G	10083
		C/T	7064
		C/T	6666
		C/T	1980
		C/G	5751
		C/T	7673
		C/A/G/T	8344
		G/C/T/A	4393
		A/C/T/G	5894
		A/T	12019
		C/T	11973
		G/C/T/A	7065
		C/G	947
		C/G	7331
		A/G	7221
		G/C	6402
		G/C	3780
		C/G	1661
		A/T	8167
		C/A	8126
		C/T	421
		C/T	1981
		G/A	12510

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
		G/C	12937
		G/A	11042
		C/T	2834
		A/G	5869
		A/G	11962
		C/G	4439
		G/A	7824
		G/A	13569
		G/A	9489
		G/A	2325
		G/A	10259
		C/G	14
MTIHR (SEQ ID NOS.: 33, 34)	NM_005957	G/A	5442
		A/G	5113
		A/G	5113
		A/G	5110
		A/G	5102
		A/C/T	5097
		A/C/T	5097
		C/T	5079
		C/T	5079
		T/C	5071
		T/C	5071
		T/C	5051
		G/A	5012
		C/A	5000
		A/G	4998
		A/G	4994
		A/G	4994
		A/G	4994
		C/T	4991
		C/T	4991
		C/T	4991
		A/C	4986
		A/G	4986
		A/G	4986
		C/T	4985
		T/A	4982
		T/G	4981
		T/C	4981
		T/C	4981
		G/C/A	4967
		G/A	4963
		A/G	4962
		G/C/T	4962
		A/C/G/T	4961
		A/C/T	4961
		A/C	4961
		A/C	4961
		A/C/T	4960
		T/C	4938
		T/C	4937
		T/C	4933
		G/C/T	4933
		C/T	4929
		C/T	4929
		T/A/G	4929
		A/G	4928
		G/C	4928
		C/G	4927
		G/A	4923
		C/T	4919
		A/T/G	4913
		C/T	4912
		A/T	4903
		C/T	4902
		A/G	4900
		G/A	4898
		G/T	4898
		C/T	4897
		G/T	4894
		T/C/G	4836
		C/T	3862

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
E-Selectin (SEQ ID NOS.: 35, 36)	NM_000450	C/T	4922
		C/T	4959
		T/C	4981
		A/G	4994
		A/G	5044
		T/C	5051
		G/C	5066
		C/T	5079
		C/A/G	5085
		C/T	5092
		A/G	5103
		A/G	5113
		C/T	1021
		G/A	3484
		G/A	3093
		T/G	2939
		T/C	2902
		C/T	1937
		C/T	1916
		C/T	1839
		C/T	1805
		C/T	1518
		G/C	1377
		C/T	1376
		G/A	999
		T/C	857
		A/C	561
		C/G	506
		A/G	392
		G/T	98

TABLE 3-continued

Gene	GenBank Accession No.	SNP	SNP Location
G protein β 3 subunit (SEQ ID NOS.: 37, 38)	NM_002075	C/T	1828
		C/T	1546
		G/T	1431
		G/A	1231
Angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene (SEQ ID NOS.: 39, 40)	NM_00686	C/T	1230
		G/A	1453
		C/G	968
		G/C	966
		T/C	941
		G/A	894
		T/C	659

[0079] Assays to identify the nucleotide present at the polymorphic site include those described herein and all others known to those who practice the art.

[0080] For some of the SNPs described above, there are provided a description of the MassEXTEND™ reaction components that can be utilized to determine the allelic variant that is present. Included are the forward and reverse primers used for amplification. Also included are the MassEXTEND™ primer used in the primer extension reaction and the extended MassEXTEND™ primers for each allele. MassEXTEND™ reactions are carried out and the products analyzed as described in Examples 2 and 3.

CETP

Position 991 (C/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: ACTGCCTGATAACCATGCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 41)

Reverse: ATACTTACACACCAGGAGGG (SEQ ID NO.: 42)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: ATGCCTGCTCCAAAGGCAC (SEQ ID NO.: 43)

Primer Mass: 5757.8

Extended Primer-Allele C: ATGCCTGCTCCAAAGGCACC (SEQ ID NO.: 44)

Extended Primer Mass: 6030.9

Extended Primer-Allele A: ATGCCTGCTCCAAAGGCACAT (SEQ ID NO.: 45)

Extended Primer Mass: 6359.2

Position 196 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: TACTTCTGGTTCTCTGAGCG (SEQ ID NO.: 46)

Reverse: ACTCACCTTGAACCTCGTCTC (SEQ ID NO.: 47)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: TGGTTCTCTGAGCGAGTCTT (SEQ ID NO.: 48)

Primer Mass: 6130

Extended Primer-Allele C: TGGTTCTCTGAGCGAGTCTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 49)

Extended Primer Mass: 6707.4

-continued

Extended Primer-Allele T: TGGTTCTCTGAGCGAGTCTTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 50)

Extended Primer Mass: 6333.1

Position 1586 (A/G)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGCAGATGGACTTTGGCTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 51)

Reverse: TGCTTGCCCTTCTGCTACAAG (SEQ ID NO.: 52)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: CTTCCCTGAGCACCTGCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 53)

Primer Mass: 5715.7

Extended Primer-Allele G: CTTCCCTGAGCACCTGCTGGT (SEQ ID NO.: 54)

Extended Primer Mass: 6333.1

Extended Primer-Allele A: CTTCCCTGAGCACCTGCTGA (SEQ ID NO.: 55)

Extended Primer Mass: 6012.9

APOA4**Position 1122 (G/T)**

PCR primers:

Forward: AACAGCTCAGGACGAAACTG (SEQ ID NO.: 56)

Reverse: AGAAGGAGTTGACCTTGTC (SEQ ID NO.: 57)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: GGAAGCTCAAGTGGCCTTC (SEQ ID NO.: 58)

Primer Mass: 5828.8

Extended Primer-Allele G: GGAAGCTCAAGTGGCCTTCC (SEQ ID NO.: 59)

Extended Primer Mass: 6102.0

Extended Primer-Allele T: GGAAGCTCAAGTGGCCTTCAAC (SEQ ID NO.: 60)

Extended Primer Mass: 6728.4

Position 1033 (G/C)

PCR primers:

Forward: AAGTCACTGGCAGAGCTGG (SEQ ID NO.: 61)

Reverse: GCACCAGGGCTTTGTTGAAG (SEQ ID NO.: 62)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: TTTTCCCCGTAGGGCTCCA (SEQ ID NO.: 63)

Primer Mass: 5730.7

Extended Primer-Allele G: TTTTCCCCGTAGGGCTCCAC (SEQ ID NO.: 64)

Extended Primer Mass: 6003.9

Extended Primer-Allele C: TTTTCCCCGTAGGGCTCCAGC (SEQ ID NO.: 65)

Extended Primer Mass: 6333.1

Position 1002 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGCAGAAGTCACTGGCAGAG (SEQ ID NO.: 66)

Reverse: GTTGAAGTTTCCCCGTAGG (SEQ ID NO.: 67)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: ACTCCTCCACCTGCTGGTC (SEQ ID NO.: 68)

-continued

Primer Mass: 5675.7

Extended Primer-Allele G: ACTCCTCCACCTGCTGGTCC (SEQ ID NO.: 69)

Extended Primer Mass: 5948.9

Extended Primer-Allele A: ACTCCTCCACCTGCTGGTCTA (SEQ ID NO.: 70)

Extended Primer Mass: 6277.1

Position 960 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: AGGACGTGCGTGGCAACCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 71)

Reverse: AGCTCTGCCAGTGACTTCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 72)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: GTGACTTCTGCAGCCCCCTC (SEQ ID NO.: 73)

Primer Mass: 5715.7

Extended Primer-Allele T: GTGACTTCTGCAGCCCCCTCA (SEQ ID NO.: 74)

Extended Primer Mass: 6012.9

Extended Primer-Allele C: GTGACTTCTGCAGCCCCCTCGGT (SEQ ID NO.: 75)

Extended Primer Mass: 6662.3

Position 894 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: CCTGACCTTCCAGATGAAG (SEQ ID NO.: 76)

Reverse: TCAGGTTGCCACGCACGTC (SEQ ID NO.: 77)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: CAGGATCTCGGCCAGTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 78)

Primer Mass: 5500.6

Extended Primer-Allele C: CAGGATCTCGGCCAGTGCC (SEQ ID NO.: 79)

Extended Primer Mass: 5773.8

Extended Primer-Allele T: CAGGATCTCGGCCAGTGCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 80)

Extended Primer Mass: 6118.0

Position 554 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: ACCTGCGAGAGCTTCAGCAG (SEQ ID NO.: 81)

Reverse: TCTCCATGCGCTGTGCGTAG (SEQ ID NO.: 82)

MassEXTEND™ Primer: AGCTGCGCACCCAGGTCA (SEQ ID NO.: 83)

Primer Mass: 5469.6

Extended Primer-Allele A: AGCTGCGCACCCAGGTCAA (SEQ ID NO.: 84)

Extended Primer Mass: 5766.8

Extended Primer-Allele G: AGCTGCGCACCCAGGTCAGC (SEQ ID NO.: 85)

Extended Primer Mass: 6072.0

APOE

Position 448 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGTCCAAGGAGCTGCAGGC (SEQ ID NO.: 86)

-continued

Reverse: CTTACGCAGCTTGCGCAGGT (SEQ ID NO.: 87)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GCGGACATGGAGGACGTG (SEQ ID NO.: 88)
Primer Mass: 5629.7
Extended Primer-Allele C: GCGGACATGGAGGACGTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 89)
Extended Primer Mass: 5902.8
Extended Primer-Allele T: GCGGACATGGAGGACGTGTG (SEQ ID NO.: 90)
Extended Primer Mass: 6247.1

LPL**Position 1127 (A/G)**

PCR primers:

Forward: GTTGTTAGAAAGAACCGCTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 91)
Reverse: GAGAACGAGTCTTCAGGTAC (SEQ ID NO.: 92)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: ACAATCTGGGCTATGAGATCA (SEQ ID NO.: 93)
Primer Mass: 6454.2
Extended Primer-Allele A: ACAATCTGGGCTATGAGATCAA (SEQ ID NO.: 94)
Extended Primer Mass: 6751.4
Extended Primer-Allele G: ACAATCTGGGCTATGAGATCAGT (SEQ ID NO.: 95)
Extended Primer Mass: 7071.6

Position 3447 (A/C)

PCR primers:

Forward: CACTCTACACTGCATGTCTC (SEQ ID NO.: 96)
Reverse: ACCCTTCTGAAAAGGAGAGG (SEQ ID NO.: 97)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GAGGAGAGACAAGGCAGATA (SEQ ID NO.: 98)
Primer Mass: 6273.1
Extended Primer-Allele A: GAGGAGAGACAAGGCAGATAT (SEQ ID NO.: 99)
Extended Primer Mass: 6561.3
Extended Primer-Allele C: GAGGAGAGACAAGGCAGATAGT (SEQ ID NO.: 100)
Extended Primer Mass: 6890.5

Position 1973 (C/T)

PCR primers:

Forward: AAAGGTTTCAGTTGCTGCTGC (SEQ ID NO.: 101)
Reverse: GCTGGGGAAGGTCTAATAAC (SEQ ID NO.: 102)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GTTGCTGCTGCCTCGAATC (SEQ ID NO.: 103)
Primer Mass: 5770.7
Extended Primer-Allele C: GTTGCTGCTGCCTCGAATCC (SEQ ID NO.: 104)
Extended Primer Mass: 6043.9
Extended Primer-Allele T: GTTGCTGCTGCCTCGAATCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 105)
Extended Primer Mass: 6388.2

-continued

LIPC**Position 680 (C/G)**

PCR primers:

Forward: CGTCTTTCTCCAGATGATGC (SEQ ID NO.: 106)
Reverse: AGTGTCTCTATGGGCTGTTTG (SEQ ID NO.: 107)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GGATGCCATTCATACCTTTAC (SEQ ID NO.: 108)
Primer Mass: 6556.1
Extended Primer-Allele C: GGATGCCATTCATACCTTTACC (SEQ ID NO.: 109)
Extended Primer Mass: 6629.3
Extended Primer-Allele G: GGATGCCATTCATACCTTTACGC (SEQ ID NO.: 110)
Extended Primer Mass: 6958.5

Position 1374 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: TGGGAAAACAGTGCAGTGTG (SEQ ID NO.: 111)
Reverse: TGATCGTCTTCAGAACGAGG (SEQ ID NO.: 112)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: CCAGACCATCATCCCATGGA (SEQ ID NO.: 113)
Primer Mass: 6030.9
Extended Primer-Allele A: CCAGACCATCATCCCATGGAA (SEQ ID NO.: 114)
Extended Primer Mass: 6328.1
Extended Primer-Allele G: CCAGACCATCATCCCATGGAGC (SEQ ID NO.: 115)
Extended Primer Mass: 6633.3

Position 701 (G/A)

PCR primers:

Forward: CAGCAATCGTCTTTCTCCAG (SEQ ID NO.: 116)
Reverse: TCCTATGGGCTGTTTGATGC (SEQ ID NO.: 117)
MassEXTEND™ Primer: GTCTTTCTCCAGATGATGCCA (SEQ ID NO.: 118)
Primer Mass: 6372.2
Extended Primer-Allele A: GTCTTTCTCCAGATGATGCCAA (SEQ ID NO.: 119)
Extended Primer Mass: 6669.4
Extended Primer-Allele G: GTCTTTCTCCAGATGATGCCAGT (SEQ ID NO.: 120)
Extended Primer Mass: 6989.6

[0081] E. Databases

[0082] Databases for determining an association between polymorphic regions of genes and intermediate and clinical phenotypes, comprise biological samples (e.g., blood) which provide a source of nucleic acid and clinical data covering diseases (e.g., age, sex, ethnicity medical history and family medical history) from both individuals exhibiting the phenotype (intermediate phenotype (risk factor) or clinical phenotype (disease)) and those who do not. These databases include human population groups such as twins, diverse affected families, isolated founder populations and drug trial

subjects. The quality and consistency of the clinical resources are of primary importance.

[0083] F. Association Studies

[0084] The examples set forth below utilized an extreme trait analysis to discover an association between an allelic variant of the COX6B gene and high cholesterol and an association between an allelic variant of the GPI-1 gene and low HDL. This analysis is based on comparing a pair of pools of DNA from individuals who exhibit respectively hypo or hypernormal levels of a biochemical trait (e.g., cholesterol or HDL) and individually examining SNPs for a

difference in allelic frequency between the pools. An association is considered to be positive if a statistically significant value of at least 3.841 using a 1-degree-of-freedom chi-squared test of association, $p=0.05$, is obtained. Standard multiple testing corrections are applied if more than one SNP is considered at a time, i.e., multiple SNPs are tested during the same study. Although not always required, it may be necessary to further examine the frequency of allelic variants in other populations, including those exhibiting normal levels of the given trait.

[0085] For a qualitative trait (e.g., hypertension) association studies are based on determining the occurrence of certain alleles in a given population of diseased vs. healthy individuals.

[0086] Allelic variants of COX6B, GPI-1 and other genes found to associate with high cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease can represent useful markers for indicating a predisposition for developing a risk factor for cardiovascular disease. These allelic variants may not necessarily represent functional variants affecting the expression, stability, or activity of the encoded protein product. Those of skill in the art would be able to determine which allelic variants are to be used, alone or in conjunction with other variants, only for indicating a predisposition for cardiovascular disease or for profiling of drug reactivity and for determining those which may be also useful for screening for potential therapeutics.

[0087] Any method used to determine association can be utilized to discover or confirm the association of other polymorphic regions in the COX6B gene, the GPI-1 gene or any other gene that may be associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0088] G. Detection of Polymorphisms

[0089] 1. Nucleic Acid Detection Methods

[0090] Generally, these methods are based in sequence-specific polynucleotides, oligonucleotides, probes and primers. Any method known to those of skill in the art for detecting a specific nucleotide within a nucleic acid sequence or for determining the identity of a specific nucleotide in a nucleic acid sequence is applicable to the methods of determining the presence or absence of an allelic variant of a COX6B gene or GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease. Such methods include, but are not limited to, techniques utilizing nucleic acid hybridization of sequence-specific probes, nucleic acid sequencing, selective amplification, analysis of restriction enzyme digests of the nucleic acid, cleavage of mismatched heteroduplexes of nucleic acid and probe, alterations of electrophoretic mobility, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis. In particular, primer extension reactions that specifically terminate by incorporating a dideoxynucleotide are useful for detection. Several such general nucleic acid detection assays are described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,030,778.

[0091] a. Primer Extension-Based Methods

[0092] Several primer extension-based methods for determining the identity of a particular nucleotide in a nucleic acid sequence have been reported (see, e.g., PCT Application No. PCT/US96/03651 (WO96/29431), PCT Application No. PCT/US97/20444 (WO 98/20019), PCT Applica-

tion No. PCT/US91/00046 (WO91/13075), and U.S. Pat. No. 5,856,092). In general, a primer is prepared that specifically hybridizes adjacent to a polymorphic site in a particular nucleic acid sequence. The primer is then extended in the presence of one or more dideoxynucleotides, typically with at least one of the dideoxynucleotides being the complement of the nucleotide that is polymorphic at the site. The primer and/or the dideoxynucleotides may be labeled to facilitate a determination of primer extension and identity of the extended nucleotide.

[0093] In a preferred method, primer extension and/or the identity of the extended nucleotide(s) are determined by mass spectrometry (see, e.g., PCT Application Nos. PCT/US96/03651 (WO96/29431) and PCT/US97/20444 (WO 98/20019)).

[0094] b. Polymorphism-Specific Probe Hybridization

[0095] A preferred detection method is allele specific hybridization using probes overlapping the polymorphic site and having about 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, or 30 nucleotides around the polymorphic region. The probes can contain naturally occurring or modified nucleotides (see U.S. Pat. No. 6,156,501). For example, oligonucleotide probes may be prepared in which the known polymorphic nucleotide is placed centrally (allele-specific probes) and then hybridized to target DNA under conditions which permit hybridization only if a perfect match is found (Saiki et al. (1986) *Nature* 324:163; Saiki et al. (1989) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:6230; and Wallace et al. (1979) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 6:3543). Such allele specific oligonucleotide hybridization techniques may be used for the simultaneous detection of several nucleotide changes in different polymorphic regions. For example, oligonucleotides having nucleotide sequences of specific allelic variants are attached to a hybridizing membrane and this membrane is then hybridized with labeled sample nucleic acid. Analysis of the hybridization signal will then reveal the identity of the nucleotides of the sample nucleic acid. In a preferred embodiment, several probes capable of hybridizing specifically to allelic variants are attached to a solid phase support, e.g., a "chip". Oligonucleotides can be bound to a solid support by a variety of processes, including lithography. For example a chip can hold up to 250,000 oligonucleotides (GeneChip, Affymetrix, Santa Clara, Calif.). Mutation detection analysis using these chips comprising oligonucleotides, also termed "DNA probe arrays" is described e.g., in Cronin et al. (1996) *Human Mutation* 7:244 and in Kozal et al. (1996) *Nature Medicine* 2:753. In one embodiment, a chip includes all the allelic variants of at least one polymorphic region of a gene. The solid phase support is then contacted with a test nucleic acid and hybridization to the specific probes is detected. Accordingly, the identity of numerous allelic variants of one or more genes can be identified in a simple hybridization experiment.

[0096] C. Nucleic Acid Amplification-Based Methods

[0097] In other detection methods, it is necessary to first amplify at least a portion of a COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease prior to identifying the allelic variant. Amplification can be performed, e.g., by PCR and/or LCR, according to methods known in the art. In one embodiment, genomic DNA of a cell is exposed to two PCR primers and amplification is performed for a number of cycles sufficient to produce the

required amount of amplified DNA. In preferred embodiments, the primers are located between 150 and 350 base pairs apart.

[0098] Alternative amplification methods include: self sustained sequence replication (Guatelli, J. C. et al., 1990, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 87:1874-1878), transcriptional amplification system (Kwoh, D. Y. et al., 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:1173-1177), Q-Beta Replicase (Lizardi, P. M. et al., 1988, Bio/Technology 6:1197), or any other nucleic acid amplification method, followed by the detection of the amplified molecules using techniques well known to those of skill in the art. These detection schemes are especially useful for the detection of nucleic acid molecules if such molecules are present in very low numbers.

[0099] Alternatively, allele specific amplification technology, which depends on selective PCR amplification may be used in conjunction with the alleles provided herein. Oligonucleotides used as primers for specific amplification may carry the allelic variant of interest in the center of the molecule (so that amplification depends on differential hybridization) (Gibbs et al. (1989) Nucleic Acids Res. 17:2437-2448) or at the extreme 3' end of one primer where, under appropriate conditions, mismatch can prevent, or reduce polymerase extension (Prossner (1993) Tibtech 11:238; Newton et al. (1989) Nucl. Acids Res. 17:2503). In addition it may be desirable to introduce a restriction site in the region of the mutation to create cleavage-based detection (Gasparini et al. (1992) Mol. Cell Probes 6:1).

[0100] d. Nucleic Acid Sequencing-Based Methods

[0101] In one embodiment, any of a variety of sequencing reactions known in the art can be used to directly sequence at least a portion of the COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or other gene associated with cardiovascular disease and to detect allelic variants, e.g., mutations, by comparing the sequence of the sample sequence with the corresponding wild-type (control) sequence. Exemplary sequencing reactions include those based on techniques developed by Maxam and Gilbert (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1977) 74:560) or Sanger (Sanger et al. (1977) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 74:5463). It is also contemplated that any of a variety of automated sequencing procedures may be used when performing the subject assays (Biotechniques (1995) 19:448), including sequencing by mass spectrometry (see, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 5,547,835 and International PCT Application No. WO 94/16101, entitled DNA Sequencing by Mass Spectrometry by H. Koster; U.S. Pat. No. 5,547,835 and International PCT Application No. WO 94/21822, entitled "DNA Sequencing by Mass Spectrometry Via Exonuclease Degradation" by H. Koster), and U.S. Pat. No. 5,605,798 and International Patent Application No. PCT/US96/03651 entitled DNA Diagnostics Based on Mass Spectrometry by H. Koster; Cohen et al. (1996) Adv Chromatogr 36:127-162; and Griffin et al. (1993) Appl Biochem Biotechnol 38:147-159). It will be evident to one skilled in the art that, for certain embodiments, the occurrence of only one, two or three of the nucleic acid bases need be determined in the sequencing reaction. For instance, A-track sequencing or an equivalent, e.g., where only one nucleotide is detected, can be carried out. Other sequencing methods are disclosed, e.g., in U.S. Pat. No. 5,580,732 entitled "Method of DNA sequencing employing a mixed DNA-polymer chain probe" and U.S. Patent No. 5,571,676 entitled "Method for mismatch-directed in vitro DNA sequencing".

[0102] e. Restriction Enzyme Digest Analysis

[0103] In some cases, the presence of a specific allele in nucleic acid, particularly DNA, from a subject can be shown by restriction enzyme analysis. For example, a specific nucleotide polymorphism can result in a nucleotide sequence containing a restriction site which is absent from the nucleotide sequence of another allelic variant.

[0104] f. Mismatch Cleavage

[0105] Protection from cleavage agents, such as, but not limited to, a nuclease, hydroxylamine or osmium tetroxide and with piperidine, can be used to detect mismatched bases in RNA/RNA DNA/DNA, or RNA/DNA heteroduplexes (Myers, et al. (1985) Science 230:1242). In general, the technique of "mismatch cleavage" starts by providing heteroduplexes formed by hybridizing a control nucleic acid, which is optionally labeled, e.g., RNA or DNA, comprising a nucleotide sequence of an allelic variant with a sample nucleic acid, e.g., RNA or DNA, obtained from a tissue sample. The double-stranded duplexes are treated with an agent, which cleaves single-stranded regions of the duplex such as duplexes formed based on basepair mismatches between the control and sample strands. For instance, RNA/DNA duplexes can be treated with RNase and DNA/DNA hybrids treated with S1 nuclease to enzymatically digest the mismatched regions.

[0106] In other embodiments, either DNA/DNA or RNA/DNA duplexes can be treated with hydroxylamine or osmium tetroxide and with piperidine in order to digest mismatched regions. After digestion of the mismatched regions, the resulting material is then separated by size on denaturing polyacrylamide gels to determine whether the control and sample nucleic acids have an identical nucleotide sequence or in which nucleotides they differ (see, for example, Cotton et al. (1988) Proc. Natl Acad Sci USA 85:4397; Saleeba et al. (1992) Methods Enzymol. 217:286-295). The control or sample nucleic acid is labeled for detection.

[0107] g. Electrophoretic Mobility Alterations

[0108] In other embodiments, alteration in electrophoretic mobility is used to identify the type of allelic variant in the COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or other gene associated with cardiovascular disease. For example, single-strand conformation polymorphism (SSCP) may be used to detect differences in electrophoretic mobility between mutant and wild type nucleic acids (Orita et al. (1989) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:2766, see also Cotton (1993) Mutat Res 285:125-144; and Hayashi (1992) Genet Anal Tech Appl 9:73-79). Single-stranded DNA fragments of sample and control nucleic acids are denatured and allowed to renature. The secondary structure of single-stranded nucleic acids varies according to sequence, the resulting alteration in electrophoretic mobility enables the detection of even a single base change. The DNA fragments may be labeled or detected with labeled probes. The sensitivity of the assay may be enhanced by using RNA (rather than DNA), in which the secondary structure is more sensitive to a change in sequence. In another preferred embodiment, the subject method utilizes heteroduplex analysis to separate double stranded heteroduplex molecules on the basis of changes in electrophoretic mobility (Keen et al. (1991) Trends Genet 7:5).

[0109] h. Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis

[0110] In yet another embodiment, the identity of an allelic variant of a polymorphic region in the COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene or other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is obtained by analyzing the movement of a nucleic acid comprising the polymorphic region in polyacrylamide gels containing a gradient of denaturant is assayed using denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis (DGGE) (Myers et al. (1985) *Nature* 313:495). When DGGE is used as the method of analysis, DNA will be modified to ensure that it does not completely denature, for example by adding a GC clamp of approximately 40 bp of high-melting GC-rich DNA by PCR. In a further embodiment, a temperature gradient is used in place of a denaturing agent gradient to identify differences in the mobility of control and sample DNA (Rosenbaum and Reissner (1987) *Biophys Chem* 265:1275).

[0111] i. Oligonucleotide Ligation Assay (OLA)

[0112] In another embodiment, identification of the allelic variant is carried out using an oligonucleotide ligation assay (OLA), as described, e.g., in U.S. Pat. No. 4,998,617 and in Landegren, U. et al., *Science* 241:1077-1080 (1988). The OLA protocol uses two oligonucleotides which are designed to be capable of hybridizing to abutting sequences of a single strand of a target. One of the oligonucleotides is linked to a separation marker, e.g., biotinylated, and the other is detectably labeled. If the precise complementary sequence is found in a target molecule, the oligonucleotides will hybridize such that their termini abut, and create a ligation substrate. Ligation then permits the labeled oligonucleotide to be recovered using avidin, or another biotin ligand. Nickerson, D. A. et al. have described a nucleic acid detection assay that combines attributes of PCR and OLA (Nickerson, D. A. et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (U.S.A.)* 87:8923-8927 (1990). In this method, PCR is used to achieve the exponential amplification of target DNA, which is then detected using OLA.

[0113] Several techniques based on this OLA method have been developed and can be used to detect specific allelic variants of a polymorphic region of a gene. For example, U.S. Pat. No. 5,593,826 discloses an OLA using an oligonucleotide having 3'-amino group and a 5'-phosphorylated oligonucleotide to form a conjugate having a phosphoramidate linkage. In another variation of OLA described in Tobe et al. (1996) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 24: 3728, OLA combined with PCR permits typing of two alleles in a single microtiter well. By marking each of the allele-specific primers with a unique hapten, i.e. digoxigenin and fluorescein, each OLA reaction can be detected by using hapten specific antibodies that are labeled with different enzyme reporters, alkaline phosphatase or horseradish peroxidase. This system permits the detection of the two alleles using a high throughput format that leads to the production of two different colors.

[0114] j. SNP Detection Methods

[0115] Also provided are methods for detecting single nucleotide polymorphisms. Because single nucleotide polymorphisms constitute sites of variation flanked by regions of invariant sequence, their analysis requires no more than the determination of the identity of the single nucleotide present at the site of variation and it is unnecessary to determine a complete gene sequence for each patient. Several methods have been developed to facilitate the analysis of such single nucleotide polymorphisms.

[0116] In one embodiment, the single base polymorphism can be detected by using a specialized exonuclease-resistant nucleotide, as disclosed, e.g., in Mundy, C. R. (U.S. Pat. No. 4,656,127). According to the method, a primer complementary to the allelic sequence immediately 3' to the polymorphic site is permitted to hybridize to a target molecule obtained from a particular animal or human. If the polymorphic site on the target molecule contains a nucleotide that is complementary to the particular exonuclease-resistant nucleotide derivative present, then that derivative will be incorporated onto the end of the hybridized primer. Such incorporation renders the primer resistant to exonuclease, and thereby permits its detection. Since the identity of the exonuclease-resistant derivative of the sample is known, a finding that the primer has become resistant to exonucleases reveals that the nucleotide present in the polymorphic site of the target molecule was complementary to that of the nucleotide derivative used in the reaction. This method has the advantage that it does not require the determination of large amounts of extraneous sequence data.

[0117] In another embodiment, a solution-based method for determining the identity of the nucleotide of a polymorphic site is employed (Cohen, D. et al. (French Patent 2,650,840; PCT Application No. WO91/02087)). As in the Mundy method of U.S. Pat. No. 4,656,127, a primer is employed that is complementary to allelic sequences immediately 3' to a polymorphic site. The method determines the identity of the nucleotide of that site using labeled dideoxynucleotide derivatives, which, if complementary to the nucleotide of the polymorphic site will become incorporated onto the terminus of the primer.

[0118] k. Genetic Bit Analysis

[0119] An alternative method, known as Genetic Bit Analysis or GBA™ is described by Goelet, et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6,004,744, PCT Application No. 92/15712). The method of Goelet, et al. uses mixtures of labeled terminators and a primer that is complementary to the sequence 3' to a polymorphic site. The labeled terminator that is incorporated is thus determined by, and complementary to, the nucleotide present in the polymorphic site of the target molecule being evaluated. In contrast to the method of Cohen et al. (French Patent 2,650,840; PCT Application No. WO91/02087), the method of Goelet, et al. is preferably a heterogeneous phase assay, in which the primer or the target molecule is immobilized to a solid phase.

[0120] l. Other Primer-Guided Nucleotide Incorporation Procedures

[0121] Other primer-guided nucleotide incorporation procedures for assaying polymorphic sites in DNA have been described (Komher, J. S. et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 17:7779-7784 (1989); Sokolov, B. P., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 18:3671 (1990); Syvanen, A. C., et al., *Genomics* 8:684-692 (1990); Kuppuswamy, M. N. et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (U.S.A.)* 88:1143-1147 (1991); Prezant, T. R. et al., *Hum. Mutat.* 1:159-164 (1992); Ugozzoli, L. et al., *GATA* 9:107-112 (1992); Nyren, P. et al., *Anal. Biochem.* 208:171-175 (1993)). These methods differ from GBA T in that they all rely on the incorporation of labeled deoxynucleotides to discriminate between bases at a polymorphic site. In such a format, since the signal is proportional to the number of deoxynucleotides incorporated, polymorphisms that occur in runs of the same nucleotide can result in signals that are

proportional to the length of the run (Syvanen, A. C., et al., *Amer. J. Hum. Genet.* 52:46-59 (1993)).

[0122] For determining the identity of the allelic variant of a polymorphic region located in the coding region of a gene, yet other methods than those described above can be used. For example, identification of an allelic variant which encodes a mutated protein can be performed by using an antibody specifically recognizing the mutant protein in, e.g., immunohistochemistry or immunoprecipitation. Binding assays are known in the art and involve, e.g., obtaining cells from a subject, and performing binding experiments with a labeled lipid, to determine whether binding to the mutated form of the protein differs from binding to the wild-type protein.

[0123] m. Molecular Structure Determination

[0124] If a polymorphic region is located in an exon, either in a coding or non-coding region of the gene, the identity of the allelic variant can be determined by determining the molecular structure of the mRNA, pre-mRNA, or cDNA. The molecular structure can be determined using any of the above described methods for determining the molecular structure of the genomic DNA, e.g., sequencing and SSCP.

[0125] n. Mass Spectrometric Methods

[0126] Nucleic acids can also be analyzed by detection methods and protocols, particularly those that rely on mass spectrometry (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,605,798, allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/617,256, allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/744,481, U.S. application Ser. No. 08/990,851, International PCT Application No. WO 98/20019). These methods can be automated (see, e.g., co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 09/285,481, which describes an automated process line). Preferred among the methods of analysis herein are those involving the primer oligo base extension (PROBE) reaction with mass spectrometry for detection (described herein and elsewhere, see e.g., U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/617,256, 09/287,681, 09/287,682, 09/287,141 and 09/287,679, allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/744,481, International PCT Application No. PCT/US97/20444, published as International PCT Application No. WO 98/20019, and based upon U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/744,481, 08/744,590, 08/746,036, 08/746,055, 08/786,988, 08/787,639, 08/933,792, 08/746,055, 08/786,988 and 08/787,639; see, also U.S. application Ser. No. 09/074,936, allowed U.S. application Ser. No. 08/787,639, and U.S. application Ser. Nos. 08/746,055 and 08/786,988, and published International PCT Application No. WO 98/20020).

[0127] A preferred format for performing the analyses is a chip based format in which the biopolymer is linked to a solid support, such as a silicon or silicon-coated substrate, preferably in the form of an array. More preferably, when analyses are performed using mass spectrometry, particularly MALDI, nanoliter volumes of sample are loaded on, such that the resulting spot is about, or smaller than, the size of the laser spot. It has been found that when this is achieved, the results from the mass spectrometric analysis are quantitative. The area under the peaks in the resulting mass spectra are proportional to concentration (when normalized and corrected for background). Methods for preparing and using such chips are described in allowed co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/787,639, co-pending U.S. applica-

tion Ser. Nos. 08/786,988, 09/364,774, 09/371,150 and 09/297,575; see, also U.S. Application Serial No. PCT/US97/20195, which published as International PCT Application No. WO 98/20020. Chips and kits for performing these analyses are commercially available from SEQUENOM under the trademark MassARRAY™. MassARRAY™ relies on the fidelity of the enzymatic primer extension reactions combined with the miniaturized array and MALDI-TOF (Matrix-Assisted Laser Desorption Ionization-Time of Flight) mass spectrometry to deliver results rapidly. It accurately distinguishes single base changes in the size of DNA fragments relating to genetic variants without tags.

[0128] Multiplex methods allow for the simultaneous detection of more than one polymorphic region in a particular gene or polymorphic regions in several genes. This is the preferred method for carrying out haplotype analysis of allelic variants of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes separately, or along with allelic variants of one or more other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0129] Multiplexing can be achieved by several different methodologies. For example, several mutations can be simultaneously detected on one target sequence by employing corresponding detector (probe) molecules (e.g., oligonucleotides or oligonucleotide mimetics). The molecular weight differences between the detector oligonucleotides must be large enough so that simultaneous detection (multiplexing) is possible. This can be achieved either by the sequence itself (composition or length) or by the introduction of mass-modifying functionalities into the detector oligonucleotides (see below).

[0130] Mass modifying moieties can be attached, for instance, to either the 5'-end of the oligonucleotide, to the nucleobase (or bases), to the phosphate backbone, and to the 2'-position of the nucleoside (nucleosides) and/or to the terminal 3'-position. Examples of mass modifying moieties include, for example, a halogen, an azido, or of the type, XR, wherein X is a linking group and R is a mass-modifying functionality. The mass-modifying functionality can thus be used to introduce defined mass increments into the oligonucleotide molecule.

[0131] The mass-modifying functionality can be located at different positions within the nucleotide moiety (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,547,835 and International PCT Application No. WO 94/21822). For example, the mass-modifying moiety, M, can be attached either to the nucleobase, (in case of the C⁷-deazanucleosides also to C-7), to the triphosphate group at the alpha phosphate or to the 2'-position of the sugar ring of the nucleoside triphosphate. Modifications introduced at the phosphodiester bond, such as with alpha-thio nucleoside triphosphates, have the advantage that these modifications do not interfere with accurate Watson-Crick base-pairing and additionally allow for the one-step post-synthetic site-specific modification of the complete nucleic acid molecule e.g., via alkylation reactions (see, e.g., Nakamaye et al. (1988) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:9947-59). Particularly preferred mass-modifying functionalities are boron-modified nucleic acids since they are better incorporated into nucleic acids by polymerases (see, e.g., Porter et al. (1995) *Biochemistry* 34:11963-11969; Hasan et al. (1996) *Nucleic Acids Res.* 24:2150-2157; Li et al. (1995) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 23:4495-4501).

[0132] Furthermore, the mass-modifying functionality can be added so as to affect chain termination, such as by attaching it to the 3'-position of the sugar ring in the nucleoside triphosphate. For those skilled in the art, it is clear that many combinations can be used in the methods provided herein. In the same way, those skilled in the art will recognize that chain-elongating nucleoside triphosphates can also be mass-modified in a similar fashion with numerous variations and combinations in functionality and attachment positions.

[0133] For example, without being bound to any particular theory, the mass-modification can be introduced for X in XR as well as using oligo-/polyethylene glycol derivatives for R. The mass-modifying increment (m) in this case is 44, i.e. five different mass-modified species can be generated by just changing m from 0 to 4 thus adding mass units of 45 (m=0), 89 (m=1), 133 (m=2), 177 (m=3) and 221 (m=4) to the nucleic acid molecule (e.g., detector oligonucleotide (D) or the nucleoside triphosphates, respectively). The oligo/polyethylene glycols can also be monoalkylated by a lower alkyl such as, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl and t-butyl. Other chemistries can be used in the mass-modified compounds (see, e.g., those described in *Oligonucleotides and Analogues, A Practical Approach*, F. Eckstein, editor, IRL Press, Oxford, 1991).

[0134] In yet another embodiment, various mass-modifying functionalities, R, other than oligo/polyethylene glycols, can be selected and attached via appropriate linking chemistries, X. A simple mass-modification can be achieved by substituting H for halogens, such as F, Cl, Br and/or I, or pseudohalogens such as CN, SCN, NCS, or by using different alkyl, aryl or aralkyl moieties such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, hexyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl, benzyl, or functional groups such as CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_2(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)$, $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2$, $\text{Si}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3$. Yet another mass-modification can be obtained by attaching homo- or heteropeptides through the nucleic acid molecule (e.g., detector (D)) or nucleoside triphosphates). One example, useful in generating mass-modified species with a mass increment of 57, is the attachment of oligoglycines (m) to nucleic acid molecules (r), e.g., mass-modifications of 74 (r=1, m=0), 131 (r=1, m=1), 188 (r=1, m=2), 245 (r=1, m=3) are achieved. Simple oligoamides also can be used, e.g., mass-modifications of 74 (r=1, m=0), 88 (r=2, m=0), 102 (r=3, m=0), 116 (r=4, m=0), etc. are obtainable. Variations in additions to those set forth herein will be apparent to the skilled artisan.

[0135] Different mass-modified detector oligonucleotides can be used to simultaneously detect all possible variants/mutants simultaneously. Alternatively, all four base permutations at the site of a mutation can be detected by designing and positioning a detector oligonucleotide, so that it serves as a primer for a DNA/RNA polymerase with varying combinations of elongating and terminating nucleoside triphosphates. For example, mass modifications also can be incorporated during the amplification process.

[0136] A different multiplex detection format is one in which differentiation is accomplished by employing different specific capture sequences which are position-specifically immobilized on a flat surface (e.g., a 'chip array'). If different target sequences T1-Tn are present, their target capture sites TCS1-TCSn will specifically interact with

complementary immobilized capture sequences C1-Cn. Detection is achieved by employing appropriately mass differentiated detector oligonucleotides D1-Dn, which are mass modifying functionalities M1-Mn.

[0137] o. Other Methods

[0138] Additional methods of analyzing nucleic acids include amplification-based methods including polymerase chain reaction (PCR), ligase chain reaction (LCR), mini-PCR, rolling circle amplification, autocatalytic methods, such as those using QJ replicase, TAS, 3SR, and any other suitable method known to those of skill in the art.

[0139] Other methods for analysis and identification and detection of polymorphisms, include but are not limited to, allele specific probes, Southern analyses, and other such analyses.

[0140] 2. Primers and Probes

[0141] Primers refer to nucleic acids which are capable of specifically hybridizing to a nucleic acid sequence which is adjacent to a polymorphic region of interest or to a polymorphic region and are extended. A primer can be used alone in a detection method, or a primer can be used together with at least one other primer or probe in a detection method. Primers can also be used to amplify at least a portion of a nucleic acid. For amplifying at least a portion of a nucleic acid, a forward primer (i.e., 5' primer) and a reverse primer (i.e., 3' primer) will preferably be used. Forward and reverse primers hybridize to complementary strands of a double stranded nucleic acid, such that upon extension from each primer, a double stranded nucleic acid is amplified.

[0142] Probes refer to nucleic acids which hybridize to the region of interest and which are not further extended. For example, a probe is a nucleic acid which hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a COX6B gene, a GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease and which by hybridization or absence of hybridization to the DNA of a subject will be indicative of the identity of the allelic variant of the polymorphic region of the gene. Preferred probes have a number of nucleotides sufficient to allow specific hybridization to the target nucleotide sequence. Where the target nucleotide sequence is present in a large fragment of DNA, such as a genomic DNA fragment of several tens or hundreds of kilobases, the size of a probe may have to be longer to provide sufficiently specific hybridization, as compared to a probe which is used to detect a target sequence which is present in a shorter fragment of DNA. For example, in some diagnostic methods, a portion of a COX6B gene, a GPI-1 gene or another gene associated with cardiovascular disease may first be amplified and thus isolated from the rest of the chromosomal DNA and then hybridized to a probe. In such a situation, a shorter probe will likely provide sufficient specificity of hybridization. For example, a probe having a nucleotide sequence of about 10 nucleotides may be sufficient.

[0143] Preferred primers and probes hybridize adjacent to or at the polymorphic sites described in TABLES 1-3. In addition, preferred primers include SEQ ID NOS.: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118.

[0144] Primers and probes (RNA, DNA (single-stranded or double-stranded), PNA and their analogs) described

herein may be labeled with any detectable reporter or signal moiety including, but not limited to radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent and any other light producing chemicals. Additionally, these probes may be modified without changing the substance of their purpose by terminal addition of nucleotides designed to incorporate restriction sites or other useful sequences, proteins, signal generating ligands such as acridinium esters, and/or paramagnetic particles.

[0145] These probes may also be modified by the addition of a capture moiety (including, but not limited to paramagnetic particles, biotin, fluorescein, dioxigenin, antigens, antibodies) or attached to the walls of microtiter trays to assist in the solid phase capture and purification of these probes and any DNA or RNA hybridized to these probes. Fluorescein may be used as a signal moiety as well as a capture moiety, the latter by interacting with an anti-fluorescein antibody.

[0146] Any probe or primer can be prepared according to methods well known in the art and described, e.g., in Sambrook, J. Fritsch, E. F., and Maniatis, T. (1989) (*Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. For example, discrete fragments of the DNA can be prepared and cloned using restriction enzymes. Alternatively, probes and primers can be prepared using the Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) using primers having an appropriate sequence.

[0147] Oligonucleotides may be synthesized by standard methods known in the art, e.g. by use of an automated DNA synthesizer (such as are commercially available from Bioscience (Novato, Calif.); Applied Biosystems (Foster City, Calif.), etc.). As examples, phosphorothioate oligonucleotides may be synthesized by the method of Stein et al. (1988, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:3209), methylphosphonate oligonucleotides can be prepared by use of controlled pore glass polymer supports (Sarin et al., 1988, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 85:7448-7451), etc.

[0148] H. Transgenic Animals

[0149] Methods for making transgenic animals using a variety of transgenes have been described in Wagner et al., *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, Vol. 78, p. 5016, 1981; Stewart et al., *Science*, Vol. 217, p. 1046, 1982; Constantini et al., *Nature*, Vol. 294, p. 92, 1981; Lacy et al., *Cell*, Vol. 34, p. 343, 1983; McKnight et al., *Cell*, Vol. 34, p. 335, 1983; Brinster et al., *Nature*, Vol. 306, p. 332, 1983; Palmiter et al., *Nature*, Vol. 300, p. 611, 1982; Palmiter et al., *Cell*, Vol. 29, p. 701, 1982 and Palmiter et al., *Science*, Vol. 222, p. 809, 1983. Such methods are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,175,057; 6,180,849 and 6,133,502.

[0150] The term "transgene" is used herein to describe genetic material that has been or is about to be artificially inserted into the genome of a mammalian cell, particularly a mammalian cell of a living animal. The transgene is used to transform a cell, meaning that a permanent or transient genetic change, preferably a permanent genetic change, is induced in a cell following incorporation of exogenous DNA. A permanent genetic change is generally achieved by introduction of the DNA into the genome of the cell. Vectors for stable integration include, but are not limited to, plasmids, retroviruses and other animal viruses and YACS. Of

interest are transgenic mammals, including, but are not limited to, cows, pigs, goats, horses and others, and particularly rodents, including rats and mice. Preferably, the transgenic-animals are mice.

[0151] Transgenic animals contain an exogenous nucleic acid sequence present as an extrachromosomal element or stably integrated in all or a portion of its cells, especially germ cells. Unless otherwise indicated, it will be assumed that a transgenic animal comprises stable changes to the germline sequence. During the initial construction of the animal, "chimeras" or "chimeric animals" are generated, in which only a subset of cells have the altered genome. Chimeras are primarily used for breeding purposes in order to generate the desired transgenic animal. Animals having a heterozygous alteration are generated by breeding of chimeras. Male and female heterozygotes are typically bred to generate homozygous animals.

[0152] The exogenous gene is usually either from a different species than the animal host, or is otherwise altered in its coding or non-coding sequence. The introduced gene may be a wild-type gene, naturally occurring polymorphism (e.g., as described for COX6B, GPI-1 and other genes associated with cardiovascular disease) or a genetically manipulated sequence, for example having deletions, substitutions or insertions in the coding or non-coding regions. When the introduced gene is a coding sequence, it is usually operably linked to a promoter, which may be constitutive or inducible, and other regulatory sequences required for expression in the host animal.

[0153] Transgenic animals can comprise other genetic alterations in addition to the presence of alleles of COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes. For example, the genome can be altered to affect the function of the endogenous genes, contain marker genes, or contain other genetic alterations (e.g., alleles of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease).

[0154] A "knock-out" of a gene means an alteration in the sequence of the gene that results in a decrease of function of the target gene, preferably such that target gene expression is undetectable or insignificant. A knock-out of an endogenous COX6B or GPI-1 gene means that function of the gene has been substantially decreased so that expression is not detectable or only present at insignificant levels. "Knock-out" transgenics can be transgenic animals having a heterozygous knock-out of the COX6B or GPI-1 gene or a homozygous knock-out of one or both of these genes. "Knock-outs" also include conditional knock-outs, where alteration of the target gene can occur upon, for example, exposure of the animal to a substance that promotes target gene alteration, introduction of an enzyme that promotes recombination at the target gene site (e.g., Cre in the Cre-lox system), or other method for directing the target gene alteration postnatally.

[0155] A "knock-in" of a target gene means an alteration in a host cell genome that results in altered expression (e.g., increased (including ectopic)) of the target gene, e.g., by introduction of an additional copy of the target gene, or by operatively inserting a regulatory sequence that provides for enhanced expression of an endogenous copy of the target gene. "Knock-in" transgenics of interest can be transgenic animals having a knock-in of the COX6B or GPI-1. Such

transgenics can be heterozygous or homozygous for the knock-in gene. "Knock-ins" also encompass conditional knock-ins.

[0156] A construct is suitable for use in the generation of transgenic animals if it allows the desired level of expression of a COX6B or GPI-1 encoding sequence or the encoding sequence of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease. Methods of isolating and cloning a desired sequence, as well as suitable constructs for expression of a selected sequence in a host animal, are well known in the art and are described below.

[0157] For the introduction of a gene into the subject animal, it is generally advantageous to use the gene as a gene construct wherein the gene is ligated downstream of a promoter capable of and operably linked to expressing the gene in the subject animal cells. Specifically, a transgenic non-human mammal showing high expression of the desired gene can be created by microinjecting a vector ligated with said gene into a fertilized egg of the subject non-human mammal (e.g., rat fertilized egg) downstream of various promoters capable of expressing the protein and/or the corresponding protein derived from various mammals (rabbits, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, hamsters, rats, mice etc., preferably rats etc.)

[0158] Useful vectors include *Escherichia coli*-derived plasmids, *Bacillus subtilis*-derived plasmids, yeast-derived plasmids, bacteriophages such as lambda, phage, retroviruses such as Moloney leukemia virus, and animal viruses such as vaccinia virus or baculovirus.

[0159] Useful promoters for such gene expression regulation include, for example, promoters for genes derived from viruses (cytomegalovirus, Moloney leukemia virus, JC virus, breast cancer virus etc.), and promoters for genes derived from various mammals (humans, rabbits, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, hamsters, rats, mice etc.) and birds (chickens etc.) (e.g., genes for albumin, insulin II, erythropoietin, endothelin, osteocalcin, muscular creatine kinase, platelet-derived growth factor beta, keratins K1, K10 and K14, collagen types I and II, atrial natriuretic factor, dopamine beta-hydroxylase, endothelial receptor tyrosine kinase (generally abbreviated Tie2), sodium-potassium adenosine triphosphorylase (generally abbreviated Na, K-ATPase), neurofilament light chain, met allothioneins I and IIA, met alloproteinase I tissue inhibitor, MHC class I antigen (generally abbreviated H-2L), smooth muscle alpha actin, polypeptide chain elongation factor 1 alpha (EF-1 alpha), beta actin, alpha and beta myosin heavy chains, myosin light chains 1 and 2, myelin base protein, serum amyloid component, myoglobin, renin etc.).

[0160] It is preferable that the above-mentioned vectors have a sequence for terminating the transcription of the desired messenger RNA in the transgenic animal (generally referred to as terminator); for example, gene expression can be manipulated using a sequence with such function contained in various genes derived from viruses, mammals and birds. Preferably, the simian virus SV40 terminator etc. are commonly used. Additionally, for the purpose of increasing the expression of the desired gene, the splicing signal and enhancer region of each gene, a portion of the intron of a eukaryotic organism gene may be ligated 5' upstream of the promoter region, or between the promoter region and the translational region, or 3' downstream of the translational region as desired.

[0161] A translational region for a protein of interest can be obtained using the entire or portion of genomic DNA of blood, kidney or fibroblast origin from various mammals (humans, rabbits, dogs, cats, guinea pigs, hamsters, rats, mice etc.) or of various commercially available genomic DNA libraries, as a starting material, or using complementary DNA prepared by a known method from RNA of blood, kidney or fibroblast origin as a starting material. Also, an exogenous gene can be obtained using complementary DNA prepared by a known method from RNA of human fibroblast origin as a starting material. All these translational regions can be utilized in transgenic animals.

[0162] To obtain the translational region, it is possible to prepare DNA incorporating an exogenous gene encoding the protein of interest in which the gene is ligated downstream of the above-mentioned promoter (preferably upstream of the translation termination site) as a gene construct capable of being expressed in the transgenic animal.

[0163] DNA constructs for random integration need not include regions of homology to mediate recombination. Where homologous recombination is desired, the DNA constructs will comprise at least a portion of the target gene with the desired genetic modification, and will include regions of homology to the target locus. Conveniently, markers for positive and negative selection are included. Methods for generating cells having targeted gene modifications through homologous recombination are known in the art. For various techniques for transfecting mammalian cells, see Keown et al. (1990) *Methods in Enzymology* 185:527-537.

[0164] The transgenic animal can be created by introducing a COX6B or GPI-1 gene construct into, for example, an unfertilized egg, a fertilized egg, a spermatozoon or a germinal cell containing a primordial germinal cell thereof, preferably in the embryonic stage in the development of a non-human mammal (more preferably in the single-cell or fertilized cell stage and generally before the 8-cell phase), by standard means, such as the calcium phosphate method, the electric pulse method, the lipofection method, the agglutination method, the microinjection method, the particle gun method, the DEAE-dextran method and other such method. Also, it is possible to introduce a desired COX6B or GPI-1 gene into a somatic cell, a living organ, a tissue cell, or the like, by gene transformation methods, and utilize it for cell culture, tissue culture etc. Furthermore, these cells may be fused with the above-described germinal cell by a commonly known cell fusion method to create a transgenic animal.

[0165] For embryonic stem (ES) cells, an ES cell line may be employed, or embryonic cells may be obtained freshly from a host, e.g. mouse, rat, guinea pig, etc. Such cells are grown on an appropriate fibroblast-feeder layer or grown in the presence of appropriate growth factors, such as leukemia inhibiting factor (LIF). When ES cells have been transformed, they may be used to produce transgenic animals. After transformation, the cells are plated onto a feeder layer in an appropriate medium. Cells containing the construct may be detected by employing a selective medium. After sufficient time for colonies to grow, they are picked and analyzed for the occurrence of homologous recombination or integration of the construct. Those colonies that are positive may then be used for embryo manipulation and

blastocyst injection. Blastocysts are obtained from 4 to 6 week old superovulated females. The ES cells are trypsinized, and the modified cells are injected into the blastocoel of the blastocyst. After injection, the blastocysts are returned to each uterine horn of pseudopregnant females. Females are then allowed to go to term and the resulting litters screened for mutant cells having the construct. By providing for a different phenotype of the blastocyst and the ES cells, chimeric progeny can be readily detected. The chimeric animals are screened for the presence of the modified gene and males and females having the modification are mated to produce homozygous progeny. If the gene alterations cause lethality at some point in development, tissues or organs can be maintained as allogeneic or congenic grafts or transplants, or in in vitro culture.

[0166] Animals containing more than one transgene, such as allelic variants of COX6B and/or GPI-1 and/or other genes associated with cardiovascular disease can be made by sequentially introducing individual alleles into an animal in order to produce the desired phenotype (manifestation or predisposition to cardiovascular disease).

[0167] I. Effect of Allelic Variants on the Encoded Protein and Disease Related Phenotype

[0168] The effect of an allelic variant on a COX6B or GPI-1 protein (altered amount, stability, location and/or activity) can be determined according to methods known in the art. Allelic variants of the COX6B and GPI-1 genes can be assayed individually or in combination with other variants known to be associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0169] If the mutation is located in an intron, the effect of the mutation can be determined, e.g., by producing transgenic animals in which the allelic variant linked to lipid metabolism and/or cardiovascular disease has been introduced and in which the wild-type gene or predominant allele may have been knocked out. Comparison of the level of expression of the protein in the mice transgenic for the allelic variant with mice transgenic for the predominant allele will reveal whether the mutation results in increased or decreased synthesis of the associated protein and/or aberrant tissue distribution of the associated protein. Such analysis could also be performed in cultured cells, in which the human variant allele gene is introduced and, e.g., replaces the endogenous gene in the cell. Thus, depending on the effect of the alteration a specific treatment can be administered to a subject having such a mutation. Accordingly, if the mutation results in decreased production of a COX6B or GPI-1 protein, the subject can be treated by administration of a compound which increases synthesis, such as by increasing COX6B or GPI-1 gene expression, and wherein the compound acts at a regulatory element different from the one which is mutated. Alternatively, if the mutation results in increased COX6B or GPI-1 protein levels, the subject can be treated by administration of a compound which reduces protein production, e.g., by reducing COX6B or GPI-1 gene expression or a compound which inhibits or reduces the activity of COX6B or GPI-1 protein.

[0170] J. Diagnostic and Prognostic Assays

[0171] Typically, an individual allelic variant that associates with a risk factor for cardiovascular disease will not be used in isolation as a prognosticator for a subject developing high cholesterol, low HDL or cardiovascular disease. An

allelic variant typically will be one of a plurality of indicators that are utilized. The other indicators may be the manifestation of other risk factors for cardiovascular disease, e.g., family history, high blood pressure, weight, activity level, etc., or additional allelic variants in the same or other genes associated with altered lipid metabolism and/or cardiovascular disease.

[0172] Useful combinations of allelic variants of the COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene can be determined by examining combinations of variants of these genes, which are assayed individually or assayed simultaneously using multiplexing methods as described above or any other labelling method that allows different variants to be identified. In particular, variants of COX6B gene and/or the GPI-1 gene may be assayed using kits (see below) or any of a variety microarrays known to those in the art. For example, oligonucleotide probes comprising the polymorphic regions surrounding any polymorphism in the COX6B or GPI-1 gene may be designed and fabricated using methods such as those described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,492,806; 5,525,464; 5,695,940; 6,018,041; 6,025,136; WO 98/30883; WO 98/56954; WO99/09218; WO 00/58516; WO 00/58519, or references cited therein. Similarly one of skill in the art can determine useful combinations of allelic variants of the COX6B and/or GPI-1 genes along with variants of other genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0173] K. Pharmacogenomics

[0174] It is likely that subjects having one or more different allelic variants of the COX6B or GPI-1 polymorphic regions will respond differently to therapeutic drugs to treat cardiovascular disease or conditions. For example, there are numerous drugs available for lowering cholesterol levels: including lovastatin (MEVACOR; Merck & Co.), simvastatin (XOCOR; Merck & Co.), dextrothyroxine (CHOLEXIN; Knoll Pharmaceutical Co.), pamaquesside (Pfizer), cholestyramine (QUESTRAN; Bristol-Myers Squibb), colestipol (COLESTID; Pharmacia & Upjohn), acipomox (Pharmacia & Upjohn), fenofibrate (LIPIDIL), gemfibrozil (LOPID; Warner-Lambert), cerivastatin (LIPOBAY; Bayer), fluvastatin (LESCOL; Novartis), atorvastatin (LIPITOR, Warner-Lambert), etofylline clofibrate (DUOLIP; Merckle (Germany)), probucol (LORELCO; Hoechst Marion Roussel), omacor (Pronova (Norway)), etofibrate (Merz (Germany)), clofibrate (ATROMID-S; Wyeth-Ayerst (AHP)), and niacin (numerous manufacturers). All patients do not respond identically to these drugs. Alleles of the COX6B or the GPI-1 gene which associate with altered lipid metabolism will be useful alone or in conjunction with markers in other genes associated with the development of cardiovascular disease to predict a subject's response to a therapeutic drug. For example, multiplex primer extension assays or microarrays comprising probes for alleles are useful formats for determining drug response. A correlation between drug responses and specific alleles or combinations of alleles of the COX6B or GPI-1 genes and other genes associated with cardiovascular disease can be shown, for example, by clinical studies wherein the response to specific drugs of subjects having different allelic variants of polymorphic regions of the COX6B or GPI-1 genes alone or in combination with allelic variants of other genes are compared. Such studies can also be performed using animal models, such as mice having various alleles and in which, e.g., the endogenous COX6B or GPI-1 genes have been

inactivated such as by a knock-out mutation. Test drugs are then administered to the mice having different alleles and the response of the different mice to a specific compound is compared. Accordingly, assays, microarrays and kits are provided for determining the drug which will be best suited for treating a specific disease or condition in a subject based on the individual's genotype. For example, it will be possible to select drugs which will be devoid of toxicity, or have the lowest level of toxicity possible for treating a subject having a disease or condition, e.g., cardiovascular disease or high cholesterol or low HDL.

[0175] L. Kits

[0176] Kits can be used to indicate whether a subject is at risk of developing high cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease. The kits can also be used to determine if a subject who has high cholesterol or low HDL carries associated variants in the COX6B or GPI-1 genes or other cardiovascular disease-related genes. This information could be used, e.g., to optimize treatment of such individuals as a particular genotype may be associated with drug response.

[0177] In preferred embodiments, the kits comprise a probe or primer which is capable of hybridizing adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a COX6B or GPI-1 gene and thereby identifying whether the COX6B or GPI-1 gene contains an allelic variant which is associated with cardiovascular disease. Primers or probes that specifically hybridize at or adjacent to the SNPs described in Tables 1-3 could be included. In particular, primers or probes which comprise the sequences of SEQ ID NOs.: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118 could be included in the kits. The kits preferably further comprise instructions for use in carrying out assays, interpreting results and diagnosing a subject as having a predisposition toward developing high cholesterol, low HDL and/or cardiovascular disease.

[0178] Preferred kits for amplifying a region of a COX6B gene, GPI-1 gene, or other genes associated with cardiovascular disease (such as those listed in Table 3) comprise two primers which flank a polymorphic region of the gene of interest. For example primers can comprise the sequences of SEQ ID NOs.: 3, 4, 8, 9, 41, 42, 46, 47, 51, 52, 56, 57, 61, 62, 66, 67, 71, 72, 76, 77, 81, 82, 86, 87, 91, 92, 96, 97, 101, 102, 106, 107, 111, 112, 116, and 117. For other assays, primers or probes hybridize to a polymorphic region or 5' or 3' to a polymorphic region depending on which strand of the target nucleic acid is used. For example, specific probes and primers comprise sequences designated as SEQ ID NOs.: 5, 10, 43, 48, 53, 58, 63, 68, 73, 78, 83, 88, 93, 98, 103, 108, 113, and 118. Those of skill in the art can synthesize primers and probes which hybridize adjacent to or at the polymorphic regions described in TABLES 1-3 and other SNPs in genes associated with cardiovascular disease.

[0179] Yet other kits comprise at least one reagent necessary to perform an assay. For example, the kit can comprise an enzyme, such as a nucleic acid polymerase. Alternatively the kit can comprise a buffer or any other necessary reagent.

[0180] Yet other kits comprise microarrays of probes to detect allelic variants of COX6B, GPI-1, and other genes associated with cardiovascular disease. The kits further comprise instructions for their use and interpreting the results.

[0181] The following examples are included for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention. The practice of methods and development of the products provided herein employ, unless otherwise indicated, conventional techniques of cell biology, cell culture, molecular biology, transgenic biology, microbiology, recombinant DNA, and immunology, which are within the skill of the art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. See, for example, *Molecular Cloning A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed., ed. by Sambrook, Fritsch and Maniatis (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press: 1989); *DNA Cloning*, Volumes I and II (D. N. Glover ed., 1985); *Oligonucleotide Synthesis* (M. J. Gait ed., 1984); Mullis et al. U.S. Pat. No. 4,683,195; *Nucleic Acid Hybridization* (B. D. Hames & S. J. Higgins eds. 1984); *Transcription and Translation* (B. D. Hames & S. J. Higgins eds. 1984); *Culture of Animal Cells* (R. I. Freshney, Alan R. Liss, Inc., 1987); *Immobilized Cells and Enzymes* (IRL Press, 1986); B. Perbal, *A Practical Guide To Molecular Cloning* (1984); the treatise, *Methods In Enzymology* (Academic Press, Inc., New York); *Gene Transfer Vectors For Mammalian Cells* (J. H. Miller and M. P. Calos eds., 1987, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory); *Methods In Enzymology*, Vols. 154 and 155 (Wu et al. eds., Immunochemical Methods In Cell and Molecular Biology (Mayer and Walker, eds., Academic Press, London, 1987); *Handbook of Experimental Immunology*, Volumes I-IV (D. M. Weir and C. C. Blackwell, eds., 1986); *Manipulating the Mouse Embryo*, (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1986).

EXAMPLE 1

[0182] Isolation of DNA from Blood Samples of a Stratified Population

[0183] Blood samples were obtained from a population of unrelated Caucasian women between the ages of 18-79 (average age =48). The women had, no response to media campaigns, attended the Twin Research Unit at the St. Thomas Hospital in London, England. For current purposes, only one member of a twin pair was used to insure that all observations were independent. Blood samples from 1400 unrelated individuals were measured for levels of cholesterol and HDL. Cholesterol and HDL level in blood samples were quantitated using standard assay methods.

[0184] The population was stratified into pools of 200 people, which represented the lower extreme and the upper extreme for serum levels of cholesterol and HDL.

Cholesterol	
Pool 1:	Individuals were considered to have low cholesterol (0.12-3.6 mmols/L).
Pool 2:	Individuals were considered to have high cholesterol (5.25-11.57 mmols/L).
HDL	
Pool 3:	Individuals were considered to have low levels of HDL (0.240-1.11 mmols/L)
Pool 4:	Individuals were considered to have high levels of HDL (2.10-3.76 mmols/L).

[0185] DNA Extraction Protocol

[0186] DNA was extracted from blood samples of each of the pools by utilizing the following protocol.

[0187] Section 1

- [0188]** 1. Blood was extracted into EDTA tubes.
- [0189]** 2. Blood sample was spun at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes in a clinical centrifuge.
- [0190]** 3. The buffy coat (the leucocytes, a yellowish layer of cells on top of the red blood cells) was removed and pooled into a 1 ml conical tube.
- [0191]** 4. 0.9% saline was added to fill the tube and resuspend the leucocytes. Sample were immediately further processed or stored at 4° C. for 24 hrs.
- [0192]** 5. The sample was spun at 2,500 rpm for 10 minutes.
- [0193]** 6. The buffy coat was again removed as cleanly as possible leaving behind any red cells, the sample was suspended in red cell lysis buffer and left for 20 minutes at 4° C.
- [0194]** 7. The sample was spun again at 2,500 rpm for 10 minutes. If a pellet of unlysed red cells remained lying above the leucocytes the treatment with red cell lysis buffer was repeated.
- [0195]** 8. The leucocyte pellet was resuspended in 2 ml 0.9% saline.
- [0196]** 9. The DNA was liberated by the addition of leucocyte lysis buffer—the tube was capped and gently inverted several times, until the liquid became viscous with DNA. The samples were handled with care to avoid shearing and damage to the DNA.
- [0197]** 10. Samples were frozen for storage prior to full extraction.

[0198] Section 2

- [0199]** 11. 2 ml of 5 M sodium perchlorate was added to the thawed sample and mixed by inversion. The sample was heated to 60° C. for 30-40 minutes to fully denature proteins.
- [0200]** 12. An equal volume of chloroform/isoamyl alcohol (24:1) was added at room temperature and the sample mixed for 10 minutes.
- [0201]** 13. The sample was spun without a break at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.
- [0202]** 14. The top aqueous phase was removed into a clean tube and two volumes of cold 100% ethanol added and mixed by inversion to precipitate DNA.
- [0203]** 15. The DNA was removed using a sterile loop and resuspended in 1-5 ml TE buffer depending on the DNA yield.
- [0204]** 16. The optical density was measured at 260 and 280 nm to check yield and purity of the DNA sample. For use in Examples 2 and 3, all DNA had an absorbance ratio of 1.6 at 260/280, a total yield of 32 µg and a concentration of 10 ng/µl. If initial purity levels were unacceptable a re-extraction was carried out (sections 12-15 above).

EXAMPLE 2

[0205] Detection of an Association between an SNP at Position 86 of the Human COX6B Gene and High Cholesterol

[0206] DNA samples (as prepared in Example 1), representing 200 women, from the lower extreme, pool 1 (low levels of cholesterol) and the upper extreme, pool 2 (high levels of cholesterol) were amplified and analyzed for genetic differences using a MassEXTEND™ assay detection method. For each pool, single nucleotide polymorphisms were examined throughout the entire genome to detect differences in allelic frequency of a variant allele between the pools. PCR Amplification of Samples from Pools 1 and 2 PCR primers were synthesized by Operon (Alameda, Calif.) using phosphoramidite chemistry. Amplification of the COX6B target sequence was carried out in two 50 µl PCR reactions with 100 ng of pooled human genomic DNA, obtained as described in Example 1, taken from samples in pool 1 or pool 2, although amounts ranging from 100 ng to 1 µg could be used. Individual DNA concentrations within the pooled samples were present in equal concentration with a final concentration of 0.5 ng. Each reaction contained 1× PCR buffer (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 200µM dNTPs, 1 U Hotstar Taq polymerase (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 4 mM MgCl₂, and 25 pmols of the long primer containing both the universal primer sequence and the target specific sequence 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTCACACAGG-TAGTCTGGTTCTGGTTGGGG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 4), 2 pmoles of the short primer 5'-AGGATTCAGCAC-CATGGC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 3) and 10 pmoles of a biotinylated universal primer complementary to the 5' end of the PCR amplicon 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTCACACAGG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 121). Alternatively, the biotinylated universal primer could be 5'-GGCGCACGCCTCCACG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 122). After an initial round of amplification with the target with the specific forward (long) and reverse primer (short), the 5' biotinylated universal primer then hybridized and acted as a reverse primer thereby introducing a 3' biotin capture moiety into the molecule. The amplification protocol results in a 5'-biotinylated double stranded DNA amplicon and dramatically reduces the cost of high throughput genotyping by eliminating the need to 5' biotin label each forward primer used in a genotyping. Thermal cycling was performed in 0.2 mL tubes or 96 well plate using an MJ Research Thermal Cycler (Waltham, Mass.) (calculated temperature) with the following cycling parameters: 94° C. for 5 min; 45 cycles: 94° C. for 20 sec, 56° C. for 30 sec, 72° C. for 60 sec; 72° C. 3 min.

[0207] Immobilization of DNA

[0208] The 50 µl PCR reaction was added to 25 µl of streptavidin coated magnetic bead (Dyna, Lake Success, N.Y.) prewashed three times and resuspended in 1 M NH₄Cl, 0.06 M NH₄OH. The PCR amplicons were allowed to bind to the beads for 15 minutes at room temperature. The beads were then collected with a magnet and the supernatant containing unbound DNA was removed. The unbound strand was released from the double stranded amplicons by incubation in 100 mM NaOH and washing of the beads three times with 10 mM Tris pH 8.0. Genotyping The frequency of the alleles at position 86 in the COX6B gene was measured using the MassEXTEND™ assay and MALDI-TOF. The SNP identified at position 86 of COX6B in the

GenBank sequence is represented as a C to T transversion. The MassEXTEND™ assay used detected the sequence of the complementary strand, thus the SNP was represented as G to A in the primer extension products. The DNA coated magnetic beads were resuspended in 26 mM Tris-HCL pH 9.5, 6.5 mM MgCl₂ and 50 mM each of dTTPs and 50 mM each of ddCTP, ddATP, ddGTP, 2.5 U of a thermostable DNA polymerase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway, N.J.) and 20 pmoles of a template specific oligonucleotide primer 5'-AATCAAGAACTACAAGAC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 5) (Operon, Alameda, Calif.). Primer extension occurred with three cycles of oligonucleotide primer hybridization and extension. The extension products were analyzed after denaturation from the template with 50 mM NH₄Cl and transfer of 150 nl of each sample to a silicon chip preloaded with 150 nl of H3PA (3-hydroxy picolinic acid) (Sigma Aldrich, St Louis, Mo.) matrix material. The sample material was allowed to crystallize and analyzed by MALDI-TOF (Bruker Daltonics, Billerica, Mass.; PerSeptive, Foster City, Calif.). The mass of the primer used in the MassEXTEND™ reaction was 5493.70 daltons. The predominant allele is extended by the addition of ddC, which has a mass of 5766.90 daltons. The allelic variant results in the addition of dT and ddG to the primer to produce an extension product having a mass of 6111.10 daltons.

[0209] In addition to being analyzed as part of a pool, each individual sample (0.5 ng) was amplified as described above and analyzed individually using a MassEXTEND™ reaction as described above.

[0210] Pooled populations of women (200 women per pool) with high cholesterol (pool 2) showed an increase in the frequency of the A allele at nucleotide position 86 of COX6B as compared with those with low levels of cholesterol (pool 1) (see FIG. 1). The association of this allelic variant of the COX6B gene with high cholesterol gave a statistically significant value of 14.30 using a 1-degree-of-freedom chi-squared test of association. In other words, the increase of 2.75% to 9.05% is significant, with a p value of 0.000156 (see FIG. 1). The genotype of each of the individuals in the pooled population was also determined by carrying out MassEXTEND™ reactions on each DNA samples individually. These analysis confirmed the pooling data showing that there was an increase in the frequency of the A allele of 2.27% to 9.93%, (p=0.0000061). The genotypes in pool 2 showed a decrease in the homozygous GG genotype from 95.4% to 82.35% and an increase in the heterozygous GA genotype from 4.55% to 15.44%. None of the individuals with low levels of serum cholesterol exhibited the homozygous AA genotype.

EXAMPLE 3

[0211] Detection of an Association between an SNP at Position 2577 of the Human GPI-1 Gene and Low HDL

[0212] DNA samples (as prepared in Example 1), representing 200 women, from pool 3 (low level of HDL) and pool 4 (high levels of HDL) were amplified and analyzed for genetic differences using a MassEXTEND™ detection method. For each pool, SNPs were examined throughout the genome to detect differences in allelic frequency of variant alleles between the pools.

[0213] PCR Amplification of Samples from Pools 3 and 4

[0214] PCR primers were synthesized by Operon (Alameda, Calif.) using phosphoramidite chemistry. Amplification of the GPI-1 target sequence was carried out in single 50 µl PCR reaction with 100 ng of pooled human genomic DNA (200 samples), obtained as described in Example 1, taken from samples in pool 3 or pool 4, although amounts ranging from 100 ng to 1 µg could be used. Individual DNA concentrations within the pooled samples were present in equal concentration with the final concentration of 0.5 ng. Each reaction contained 1× PCR buffer (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 200 µM dNTPs, 1 U Hotstar Taq polymerase (Qiagen, Valencia, Calif.), 4 mM MgCl₂, and 25 pmoles of the forward primer containing both the universal primer sequence and the target specific short sequence 5'-AGCAGGGCTTCCTCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 8) 2 pmoles of the long primer 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTCACACAGGTGACCCAGCCGTACCTATTC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 9) and 10 pmoles of a biotinylated universal primer complementary to the 5' end of the PCR amplicon 5'-AGCGGATAACAATTTCACACAGG-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 121). After an initial round of amplification with the target with the specific forward (long) and reverse primer (short), the 5' biotinylated universal primer then hybridized and acted as a reverse primer thereby introducing a 3' biotin capture moiety into the molecule. The amplification protocol results in a 5'-biotinylated double stranded DNA amplicon and dramatically reduces the cost of high throughput genotyping by eliminating the need to 5' biotin label each forward primer used in a genotyping. Thermal cycling was performed in 0.2 mL tubes or 96 well plate using an MJ Research Thermal Cycler (Waltham, Mass.) (calculated temperature) with the following cycling parameters: 94° C. for 5 min; 45 cycles: 94° C. for 20 sec, 56° C. for 30 sec, 72° C. for 60 sec; 72° C. 3 min.

[0215] Immobilization of DNA

[0216] The 50 µl PCR reaction was added to 25 µl of streptavidin coated magnetic bead (DynaL, Lake Success, N.Y.) prewashed three times and resuspended in 1 M NH₄Cl, 0.06 M NH₄OH. The PCR amplicons were allowed to bind to the beads for 15 minutes at room temperature. The beads were then collected with a magnet and the supernatant containing unbound DNA was removed. The unbound strand was released from the double stranded amplicons by incubation in 100 mM NaOH and washing of the beads three times with 10 mM Tris pH 8.0.

[0217] Genotyping

[0218] The frequency of the alleles at position 2577 in the GPI-1 gene was measured using the MassEXTEND™ assay and MALDI-TOF. The SNP identified at position 2577 of GPI-1 in the GenBank sequence is represented as a G to A transversion. The MassEXTEND™ assay used detected this sequence, thus the SNP was represented as C to T in the primer extension products. The DNA coated magnetic beads were resuspended in 26 mM Tris-HCL pH 9.5, 6.5 mM MgCl₂ and 50 mM each of dTTPs and 50 mM each of ddCTP, ddATP, ddGTP, 2.5 U of a thermostable DNA polymerase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway, N.J.) and 20 pmoles of a template specific oligonucleotide primer 5'-AAGGGAGACAGATTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO.: 10) (Operon, Alameda, Calif.). Primer extension occurred with three cycles of oligonucleotide primer hybridization

and extension. The extension products were analyzed after denaturation from the template with 50 mM NH₄Cl and transfer of 150 nl each sample to a silicon chip preloaded with 150 nl of H3PA matrix material. The sample material was allowed to crystallize and analyzed by MALDI-TOF (Bruker Daltonics, Billerica, Mass.; PerSeptive, Foster City, Calif.). The mass of the primer used in the MassEXTEND™ reaction was 5612.70 daltons. The predominant allele is extended by the addition of ddC, which has a mass of 5885.90 daltons. The allelic variant results in the addition of dT and ddG to the primer to produce an extension product having a mass of 6230.10 daltons.

[0219] In addition to being analyzed as a pool, each individual sample (0.5 ng) was amplified as described above and analyzed individually using the MassEXTEND™ reaction as described above.

[0220] Pooled populations of women (200 women per pool) with low HDL (pool 3) showed an increase in the T allele of 11.33% at nucleotide position 2577 as compared

with those with high levels of HDL (pool 4). The association of this allelic variant of the GPI-1 gene with low HDL gave a statistically significant value of 15.04 using a 1-degree-of-freedom chi-squared test of association. In other words, the increase of 16.23% to 27.57% is significant, with a p value of 0.0001064 (see FIG. 2). The genotype of each of the individuals in the pooled population was also determined by carrying out individual MassEXTEND™ reactions on individual DNA samples. These analysis confirmed the pooling data showing that there was an increase in the frequency of the T allele of 19.49% to 26.1%, (p=0.024). The measured genotypes in pool 3 showed a decrease in the homozygous CC genotype from 65.24% to 54.21% and an increase in the heterozygous CT genotype from 30.51% to 39.25%. The homozygous TT genotypes increased 2.3%.

[0221] Since modifications will be apparent to those of skill in this art, it is intended that this invention be limited only by the scope of the appended claims.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 122

<210> SEQ ID NO 1

<211> LENGTH: 439

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (45)...(305)

<400> SEQUENCE: 1

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ttgagctgca ggttgaatcc ggggtgcctt taggattcag cacc atg gcg gaa gac      56
                                     Met Ala Glu Asp
                                     1

atg gag acc aaa atc aag aac tac aag acc gcc cct ttt gac agc cgc      104
Met Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Asn Tyr Lys Thr Ala Pro Phe Asp Ser Arg
 5          10          15          20

ttc ccc aac cag aac cag act aga aac tgc tgg cag aac tac ctg gac      152
Phe Pro Asn Gln Asn Gln Thr Arg Asn Cys Trp Gln Asn Tyr Leu Asp
          25          30          35

ttc cac cgc tgt cag aag gca atg acc gct aaa gga ggc gat atc tct      200
Phe His Arg Cys Gln Lys Ala Met Thr Ala Lys Gly Gly Asp Ile Ser
          40          45          50

gtg tgc gaa tgg tac cag cgt gtg tac cag tcc ctc tgc ccc aca tcc      248
Val Cys Glu Trp Tyr Gln Arg Val Tyr Gln Ser Leu Cys Pro Thr Ser
          55          60          65

tgg gtc aca gac tgg gat gag caa cgg gct gaa ggc acg ttt ccc ggg      296
Trp Val Thr Asp Trp Asp Gln Arg Ala Glu Gly Thr Phe Pro Gly
          70          75          80

aag atc tga actggctgca tctcccttct ctctgtctct cctccttctc      345
Lys Ile *
          85

ccaggatggt gaagggggac ctggtaccca gtgatcccca cccagagatc ctaaactcatg      405

acttacctgc taataaaaaac tcattggaaa agtg      439

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<210> SEQ ID NO 2

<211> LENGTH: 86

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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 2

Met Ala Glu Asp Met Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Asn Tyr Lys Thr Ala Pro
 1           5           10           15

Phe Asp Ser Arg Phe Pro Asn Gln Asn Gln Thr Arg Asn Cys Trp Gln
 20           25           30

Asn Tyr Leu Asp Phe His Arg Cys Gln Lys Ala Met Thr Ala Lys Gly
 35           40           45

Gly Asp Ile Ser Val Cys Glu Trp Tyr Gln Arg Val Tyr Gln Ser Leu
 50           55           60

Cys Pro Thr Ser Trp Val Thr Asp Trp Asp Glu Gln Arg Ala Glu Gly
 65           70           75           80

Thr Phe Pro Gly Lys Ile
          85

<210> SEQ ID NO 3
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 3

aggattcagc accatggc                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 4
<211> LENGTH: 43
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

agcggataac aatttcacac aggtagtctg gttctggttg ggg                                     43

<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: MassExtend primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

aatcaagaac tacaagac                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 6
<211> LENGTH: 2921
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (103)...(1848)

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

cagcgagcgc cgctgtctgc ccgggcccgc ccatgggggt ccccaacccc atccggaccc                                     60

cgccgcccca ggcgcgggcc ccggaagcac ccgcctcccg gc atg gtg ctc aag                                     114
          Met Val Leu Lys
          1

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gcc ttc ttc ccc acg tgc tgc gtc tcg gcg gac agc ggg ctg ctg gtg	162
Ala Phe Phe Pro Thr Cys Cys Val Ser Ala Asp Ser Gly Leu Leu Val	
5 10 15 20	
gga cgg tgg gtg ccg gag cag agc agc gcc gtg gtc ctg gcg gtc ctg	210
Gly Arg Trp Val Pro Glu Gln Ser Ser Ala Val Val Leu Ala Val Leu	
25 30 35	
cac ttt ccc ttc atc ccc atc cag gtc aag cag ctc ctg gcc cag gtg	258
His Phe Pro Phe Ile Pro Ile Gln Val Lys Gln Leu Leu Ala Gln Val	
40 45 50	
cgg cag gcc agc cag gtg ggc gtg gcc gtg ctg ggc acc tgg tgc cac	306
Arg Gln Ala Ser Gln Val Gly Val Ala Val Leu Gly Thr Trp Cys His	
55 60 65	
tgc cgg cag gag ccc gag gag agc ctg ggc cgc ttc ctg gag agc ctg	354
Cys Arg Gln Glu Pro Glu Glu Ser Leu Gly Arg Phe Leu Glu Ser Leu	
70 75 80	
ggt gct gtc ttc ccc cat gag ccc tgg ctg cgg ctg tgc cgg gag aga	402
Gly Ala Val Phe Pro His Glu Pro Trp Leu Arg Leu Cys Arg Glu Arg	
85 90 95 100	
ggc gcc acg ttc tgg agc tgc gag gcc acc cac cgg caa gcg ccc act	450
Gly Gly Thr Phe Trp Ser Cys Glu Ala Thr His Arg Gln Ala Pro Thr	
105 110 115	
gcc ccc ggt gcc cct ggt gag gac cag gtc atg ctc atc ttc tat gac	498
Ala Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Glu Asp Gln Val Met Leu Ile Phe Tyr Asp	
120 125 130	
cag cgc cag gtg ttg ctg tca cag cta cac ctg ccc acc gtc ctg ccc	546
Gln Arg Gln Val Leu Leu Ser Gln Leu His Leu Pro Thr Val Leu Pro	
135 140 145	
gac cgc cag gct gga gcc acc act gcc agc acg ggg gcc ctg gct gcc	594
Asp Arg Gln Ala Gly Ala Thr Thr Ala Ser Thr Gly Gly Leu Ala Ala	
150 155 160	
gtc ttc gac acg gta gca cgc agt gag gtg ctc ttc cgc agt gac cgc	642
Val Phe Asp Thr Val Ala Arg Ser Glu Val Leu Phe Arg Ser Asp Arg	
165 170 175 180	
ttt gat gag ggc ccc gtg cgg ctg agc cac tgg cag tcg gag ggc gtg	690
Phe Asp Glu Gly Pro Val Arg Leu Ser His Trp Gln Ser Glu Gly Val	
185 190 195	
gag gcc agc atc ctc gcg gag ctg gcc agg cga gcc tcg gga ccc att	738
Glu Ala Ser Ile Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Ala Ser Gly Pro Ile	
200 205 210	
tgt ctg ctg ttg gcc agc ctg ctg tcg ctg gtc tca gct gtc agt gcc	786
Cys Leu Leu Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu Ser Leu Val Ser Ala Val Ser Ala	
215 220 225	
tgc cga gtg ttc aag ctc tgg ccc ctg tcc ttc ctc ggg agc aaa ctc	834
Cys Arg Val Phe Lys Leu Trp Pro Leu Ser Phe Leu Gly Ser Lys Leu	
230 235 240	
tcc acg tgc gaa cag ctc cgg cac cgg ctg gag cac ctc acg cta atc	882
Ser Thr Cys Glu Gln Leu Arg His Arg Leu Glu His Leu Thr Leu Ile	
245 250 255 260	
ttc agt aca cgg aag gcg gag aac cct gcc cag ctg atg agg aag gcc	930
Phe Ser Thr Arg Lys Ala Glu Asn Pro Ala Gln Leu Met Arg Lys Ala	
265 270 275	
aac acg gtg gcc tct gtg ctg ctg gac gtg gcc ctg ggc ctc atg ctg	978
Asn Thr Val Ala Ser Val Leu Leu Asp Val Ala Leu Gly Leu Met Leu	
280 285 290	
ctg tcc tgg ctc cac ggg aga agc cgc atc ggg cat ctg gcc gac gcc	1026
Leu Ser Trp Leu His Gly Arg Ser Arg Ile Gly His Leu Ala Asp Ala	
295 300 305	

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ctc gtt cct gtg gct gac cac gtg gcc gag gag ctc cag cat ctg ctg	1074
Leu Val Pro Val Ala Asp His Val Ala Glu Glu Leu Gln His Leu Leu	
310 315 320	
cag tgg ctg atg ggt gct ccc gcc ggg ctc aag atg aac cgt gca ctg	1122
Gln Trp Leu Met Gly Ala Pro Ala Gly Leu Lys Met Asn Arg Ala Leu	
325 330 335 340	
gac cag gtg ctg ggc cgc ttc ttc ctc tac cac atc cac ctg tgg atc	1170
Asp Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Phe Phe Leu Tyr His Ile His Leu Trp Ile	
345 350 355	
agc tac atc cac ctc atg tcc ccc ttc gtg gag cac atc ctt tgg cac	1218
Ser Tyr Ile His Leu Met Ser Pro Phe Val Glu His Ile Leu Trp His	
360 365 370	
gtg ggc ctc tgc gcc tgc ctg ggc ctg acg gtg gcc ctg tcc ctc ctc	1266
Val Gly Leu Ser Ala Cys Leu Gly Leu Thr Val Ala Leu Ser Leu Leu	
375 380 385	
tgc gac att atc gcc ctc ctc acc ttc cac atc tac tgc ttt tac gtc	1314
Ser Asp Ile Ile Ala Leu Leu Thr Phe His Ile Tyr Cys Phe Tyr Val	
390 395 400	
tat gga gcc agg ctg tac tgc ctg aag atc cat gcc ctg tcc tca ctg	1362
Tyr Gly Ala Arg Leu Tyr Cys Leu Lys Ile His Gly Leu Ser Ser Leu	
405 410 415 420	
tgg cgt ctg ttc cgg ggg aag aag tgg aac gtt ctg cgc cag cgc gtg	1410
Trp Arg Leu Phe Arg Gly Lys Lys Trp Asn Val Leu Arg Gln Arg Val	
425 430 435	
gac tcc tgt tcc tat gac ctg gac cag ctg ttc atc ggg act ctg ctc	1458
Asp Ser Cys Ser Tyr Asp Leu Asp Gln Leu Phe Ile Gly Thr Leu Leu	
440 445 450	
ttc acc atc ctg ctc ttc ctc ctg cct acc aca gcc ctg tac tac ctg	1506
Phe Thr Ile Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Pro Thr Thr Ala Leu Tyr Tyr Leu	
455 460 465	
gtg ttc acc ctg ctc cgg ctc ctg gtg gtc gcc gtg cag ggc ctg atc	1554
Val Phe Thr Leu Leu Arg Leu Leu Val Val Ala Val Gln Gly Leu Ile	
470 475 480	
cat ctg ctg gtg gac ctc atc aac tcc ctg ccg ctg tac tca ctg ggt	1602
His Leu Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Asn Ser Leu Pro Leu Tyr Ser Leu Gly	
485 490 495 500	
ctt cgg ctc tgc cgg ccc tac agg ctg gcc gct gcc gtg aag ttc cgt	1650
Leu Arg Leu Cys Arg Pro Tyr Arg Leu Ala Ala Gly Val Lys Phe Arg	
505 510 515	
gtc ctc cgg cac gag gcc agc agg ccc ctc cgc ctc ctg atg cag ata	1698
Val Leu Arg His Glu Ala Ser Arg Pro Leu Arg Leu Leu Met Gln Ile	
520 525 530	
aac cca ctg ccc tac agc cgc gtg gtg cac acc tac cgc ctc ccc agc	1746
Asn Pro Leu Ser Pro Tyr Ser Arg Val Val His Thr Tyr Arg Leu Pro Ser	
535 540 545	
tgt gcc tgc cac ccc aag cac tcc tgg gcc gcc ctg tgc cgc aag ctg	1794
Cys Gly Cys His Pro Lys His Ser Trp Gly Ala Leu Cys Arg Lys Leu	
550 555 560	
ttc ctt ggg gag ctc atc tac ccc tgg agg cag aga ggg gac aag cag	1842
Phe Leu Gly Glu Leu Ile Tyr Pro Trp Arg Gln Arg Gly Asp Lys Gln	
565 570 575 580	
gac tga gggaactgct ggctcgctg gcaccaccac acggccacag ccagccatct	1898
Asp *	
gctctgccag ggtggcacca gctcagctgg cgcattgtccc gtgctttgtg gacgctgctg	1958
tgtgctcctg aacacggcag gccctgctat cacaccttgg gcttggaggt cattgggagt	2018
gagcagatgt ggggggtggcc agccaggctg gccgcactcc atcactggca ctgcctgcct	2078

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tgggacccgc ttcccacctg ctgcgggtcac catggtggcg agcacagcaa ccccaggtgt 2138
ccagagcaact gcccacatgcc caccctgcat acccaggtcc agagggtccg tccaccacag 2198
cagccccagg tggagggtgt gtctccctgg gggctcccca gtggtctctgc cctgggtgtg 2258
ggggtggagg gaccttgcca ggatgaaccc tccagtccca ggcacctct agtccctca 2318
gccgaacagc accctgcacg tgggggattg aagcagtcgc tgacccccgt ccccagcggg 2378
cccgggccct cactccctga accacacggg gtttatttgc ggatgttccc tggagaggtc 2438
gctttgtgaa gaaaccatca gcaggctgtg agcatcgcca ggctgctgtg ggggcgggag 2498
cagcctcagt gtcaagggcc tgcccactga cccagccgta cctattcgtc caccgtgccc 2558
cgtagcagca ggtcctgccc ccaaactctgt ctcccttcat gggcctccca ggggaaggag 2618
aagccctgct gtgcagacac ctctgtggcc cccaggggt gtgagcggcc tggggagggg 2678
gccgtggcac tgaggccgaa agtgccctgcc agacggcacg gtctgggtgc ggggtgtccc 2738
tgtgagcccc agtccgcttc aggaggggag cctgcaggtg ccggctggtg aggggatgac 2798
gcgctgtggg tgggaggagg cagcgcccat ctcagcagca ccaggactgc ctgggaactcc 2858
ctggcaaccc agcaccgggg aagccgtcag ctgctgtgac aataaacct gcccgtgtc 2918
tgg 2921

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<210> SEQ ID NO 7

<211> LENGTH: 581

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo Sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

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Met Val Leu Lys Ala Phe Phe Pro Thr Cys Cys Val Ser Ala Asp Ser
 1             5             10            15
Gly Leu Leu Val Gly Arg Trp Val Pro Glu Gln Ser Ser Ala Val Val
 20            25            30
Leu Ala Val Leu His Phe Pro Phe Ile Pro Ile Gln Val Lys Gln Leu
 35            40            45
Leu Ala Gln Val Arg Gln Ala Ser Gln Val Gly Val Ala Val Leu Gly
 50            55            60
Thr Trp Cys His Cys Arg Gln Glu Pro Glu Glu Ser Leu Gly Arg Phe
 65            70            75            80
Leu Glu Ser Leu Gly Ala Val Phe Pro His Glu Pro Trp Leu Arg Leu
 85            90            95
Cys Arg Glu Arg Gly Gly Thr Phe Trp Ser Cys Glu Ala Thr His Arg
100           105           110
Gln Ala Pro Thr Ala Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Glu Asp Gln Val Met Leu
115           120           125
Ile Phe Tyr Asp Gln Arg Gln Val Leu Leu Ser Gln Leu His Leu Pro
130           135           140
Thr Val Leu Pro Asp Arg Gln Ala Gly Ala Thr Thr Ala Ser Thr Gly
145           150           155           160
Gly Leu Ala Ala Val Phe Asp Thr Val Ala Arg Ser Glu Val Leu Phe
165           170           175
Arg Ser Asp Arg Phe Asp Glu Gly Pro Val Arg Leu Ser His Trp Gln
180           185           190

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Ser	Glu	Gly	Val	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Arg	Ala
	195						200					205			
Ser	Gly	Pro	Ile	Cys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Val	Ser
	210					215					220				
Ala	Val	Ser	Ala	Cys	Arg	Val	Phe	Lys	Leu	Trp	Pro	Leu	Ser	Phe	Leu
225					230					235					240
Gly	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ser	Thr	Cys	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	His	Arg	Leu	Glu	His
				245					250					255	
Leu	Thr	Leu	Ile	Phe	Ser	Thr	Arg	Lys	Ala	Glu	Asn	Pro	Ala	Gln	Leu
			260					265					270		
Met	Arg	Lys	Ala	Asn	Thr	Val	Ala	Ser	Val	Leu	Leu	Asp	Val	Ala	Leu
		275					280					285			
Gly	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu	Ser	Trp	Leu	His	Gly	Arg	Ser	Arg	Ile	Gly	His
	290					295					300				
Leu	Ala	Asp	Ala	Leu	Val	Pro	Val	Ala	Asp	His	Val	Ala	Glu	Glu	Leu
305					310					315					320
Gln	His	Leu	Leu	Gln	Trp	Leu	Met	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Lys	Met
				325					330					335	
Asn	Arg	Ala	Leu	Asp	Gln	Val	Leu	Gly	Arg	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	His	Ile
			340					345					350		
His	Leu	Trp	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Ile	His	Leu	Met	Ser	Pro	Phe	Val	Glu	His
	355					360						365			
Ile	Leu	Trp	His	Val	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ala	Cys	Leu	Gly	Leu	Thr	Val	Ala
	370				375						380				
Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ile	Ala	Leu	Leu	Thr	Phe	His	Ile	Tyr
385					390					395					400
Cys	Phe	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Arg	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Leu	Lys	Ile	His	Gly
				405					410					415	
Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Trp	Arg	Leu	Phe	Arg	Gly	Lys	Lys	Trp	Asn	Val	Leu
			420					425					430		
Arg	Gln	Arg	Val	Asp	Ser	Cys	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Asp	Gln	Leu	Phe	Ile
		435					440					445			
Gly	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Thr	Ile	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Leu	Pro	Thr	Thr	Ala
	450					455					460				
Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Val	Phe	Thr	Leu	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Val
465					470					475					480
Gln	Gly	Leu	Ile	His	Leu	Leu	Val	Asp	Leu	Ile	Asn	Ser	Leu	Pro	Leu
				485					490					495	
Tyr	Ser	Leu	Gly	Leu	Arg	Leu	Cys	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly
			500					505					510		
Val	Lys	Phe	Arg	Val	Leu	Arg	His	Glu	Ala	Ser	Arg	Pro	Leu	Arg	Leu
							520					525			
Leu	Met	Gln	Ile	Asn	Pro	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Val	Val	His	Thr	Tyr
	530				535						540			</	

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<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

agcagggttt cctccttc                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 43
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PCR primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

agcggataac aatttcacac aggtgaccca gcgtaccta ttc         43

<210> SEQ ID NO 10
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: MassExtend primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

aagggagaca gatttggc                                     18

<210> SEQ ID NO 11
<211> LENGTH: 1790
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (131)...(1612)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding Cholesterol
        estertransfer protein (CETP)

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

gtgaatctct ggggccagga agaccctgct gcccggaaga gcctcatgtt ccgtgggggc   60
tgggcggaca tacatatacg ggtccaggc tgaacggctc gggccactta cacaccactg   120
cctgataaac atg ctg gct gcc aca gtc ctg acc ctg gcc ctg ctg ggc       169
      Met Leu Ala Ala Thr Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly
        1             5             10

aat gcc cat gcc tgc tcc aaa ggc acc tog cac gag gca ggc atc gtg     217
Asn Ala His Ala Cys Ser Lys Gly Thr Ser His Glu Ala Gly Ile Val
      15             20             25

tgc cgc atc acc aag cct gcc ctc ctg gtg ttg aac cac gag act gcc     265
Cys Arg Ile Thr Lys Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Asn His Glu Thr Ala
      30             35             40             45

aag gtg atc cag acc gcc ttc cag cga gcc agc tac cca gat atc acg     313
Lys Val Ile Gln Thr Ala Phe Gln Arg Ala Ser Tyr Pro Asp Ile Thr
              50             55             60

ggc gag aag gcc atg atg ctc ott ggc caa gtc aag tat ggg ttg cac     361
Gly Glu Lys Ala Met Met Leu Leu Gly Gln Val Lys Tyr Gly Leu His
      65             70             75

aac atc cag atc agc cac ttg tcc atc gcc agc agc cag gtg gag ctg     409
Asn Ile Gln Ile Ser His Leu Ser Ile Ala Ser Ser Gln Val Glu Leu
      80             85             90

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gtg gaa gcc aag tcc att gat gtc tcc att cag aac gtg tct gtg gtc	457
Val Glu Ala Lys Ser Ile Asp Val Ser Ile Gln Asn Val Ser Val Val	
95 100 105	
ttc aag ggg acc ctg aag tat ggc tac acc act gcc tgg tgg ctg ggt	505
Phe Lys Gly Thr Leu Lys Tyr Gly Tyr Thr Thr Ala Trp Trp Leu Gly	
110 115 120 125	
att gat cag tcc att gac ttc gag atc gac tct gcc att gac ctg cag	553
Ile Asp Gln Ser Ile Asp Phe Glu Ile Asp Ser Ala Ile Asp Leu Gln	
130 135 140	
atc aac aca cag ctg acc tgt gac tct ggt aga gtg cgg acc gat gcc	601
Ile Asn Thr Gln Leu Thr Cys Asp Ser Gly Arg Val Arg Thr Asp Ala	
145 150 155	
cct gac tgc tac ctg tct ttc cat aag ctg ctg ctg cat ctg caa ggg	649
Pro Asp Cys Tyr Leu Ser Phe His Lys Leu Leu Leu His Leu Gln Gly	
160 165 170	
gag cga gag cct ggg tgg atc aag cag ctg ttc aca aat ttc atc tcc	697
Glu Arg Glu Pro Gly Trp Ile Lys Gln Leu Phe Thr Asn Phe Ile Ser	
175 180 185	
ttc acc ctg aag ctg gtc ctg aag gga cag atc tgc aaa gag atc aac	745
Phe Thr Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Gly Gln Ile Cys Lys Glu Ile Asn	
190 195 200 205	
gtc atc tct aac atc atg gcc gat ttt gtc cag aca agg gct gcc agc	793
Val Ile Ser Asn Ile Met Ala Asp Phe Val Gln Thr Arg Ala Ala Ser	
210 215 220	
atc ctt tca gat gga gac att ggg gtg gac att tcc ctg aca ggt gat	841
Ile Leu Ser Asp Gly Asp Ile Gly Val Asp Ile Ser Leu Thr Gly Asp	
225 230 235	
ccc gtc atc aca gcc tcc tac ctg gag tcc cat cac aag ggt cat ttc	889
Pro Val Ile Thr Ala Ser Tyr Leu Glu Ser His His Lys Gly His Phe	
240 245 250	
atc tac aag aat gtc tca gag gac ctg ccc ctg ccc acc ttc tgg ccc	937
Ile Tyr Lys Asn Val Ser Glu Asp Leu Pro Leu Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro	
255 260 265	
aca ctg ctg ggg gac tcc cgc atg ctg tac ttc tgg ttc tct gag cga	985
Thr Leu Leu Gly Asp Ser Arg Met Leu Tyr Phe Trp Phe Ser Glu Arg	
270 275 280 285	
gtc ttc cac tgg ctg gcc aag gta gct ttc cag gat ggc cgc ctg atg	1033
Val Phe His Ser Leu Ala Lys Val Ala Phe Gln Asp Gly Arg Leu Met	
290 295 300	
ctc agc ctg atg gga gac gag ttc aag gca gtg ctg gag acc tgg ggc	1081
Leu Ser Leu Met Gly Asp Glu Phe Lys Ala Val Leu Glu Thr Trp Gly	
305 310 315	
ttc aac acc aac cag gaa atc ttc caa gag gtt gtc ggc ggc ttc ccc	1129
Phe Asn Thr Asn Gln Glu Ile Phe Gln Glu Val Val Gly Gly Phe Pro	
320 325 330	
agc cag gcc caa gtc acc gtc cac tgc ctg aag atg ccc aag atc tcc	1177
Ser Gln Ala Gln Val Thr Val His Cys Leu Lys Met Pro Lys Ile Ser	
335 340 345	
tgc caa aac aag gga gtc gtg gtc aat tct tca gtg atg gtg aaa ttc	1225
Cys Gln Asn Lys Gly Val Val Val Asn Ser Ser Val Met Val Lys Phe	
350 355 360 365	
ctc ttt cca cgc cca gac cag caa cat tct gta gct tac aca ttt gaa	1273
Leu Phe Pro Arg Pro Asp Gln Gln His Ser Val Ala Tyr Thr Phe Glu	
370 375 380	
gag gat atc gtg act acc gtc cag gcc tcc tat tct aag aaa aag ctg	1321
Glu Asp Ile Val Thr Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Tyr Ser Lys Lys Lys Leu	
385 390 395	

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ttc tta agc ctc ttg gat ttc cag att aca cca aag act gtt tcc aac      1369
Phe Leu Ser Leu Leu Asp Phe Gln Ile Thr Pro Lys Thr Val Ser Asn
    400                                405                                410

ttg act gag agc agc tcc gag tcc atc cag agc ttc ctg cag tca atg      1417
Leu Thr Glu Ser Ser Ser Glu Ser Ile Gln Ser Phe Leu Gln Ser Met
    415                                420                                425

atc acc got gtg ggc atc cct gag gtc atg tot cgg ctc gag gta gtg      1465
Ile Thr Ala Val Gly Ile Pro Glu Val Met Ser Arg Leu Glu Val Val
    430                                435                                440                                445

ttt aca gcc ctc atg aac agc aaa ggc gtg agc ctc ttc gac atc atc      1513
Phe Thr Ala Leu Met Asn Ser Lys Gly Val Ser Leu Phe Asp Ile Ile
    450                                455                                460

aac cct gag att atc act cga gat ggc ttc ctg ctg ctg cag atg gac      1561
Asn Pro Glu Ile Ile Thr Arg Asp Gly Phe Leu Leu Leu Gln Met Asp
    465                                470                                475

ttt ggc ttc cct gag cac ctg ctg gtg gat ttc ctc cag agc ttg agc      1609
Phe Gly Phe Pro Glu His Leu Leu Val Asp Phe Leu Gln Ser Leu Ser
    480                                485                                490

tag aagtctccaa ggaggtcggg atggggcttg tagcagaagg caagcaccag      1662
*
gtccacagct ggaacctcgg tgtctcctcc agcgtggtgg aagttgggtt aggagtacgg      1722

agatggagat tggtcccaa ctctcccta tcctaaaggc ccactggcat taaagtgcgt      1782

tatccaag      1790

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<210> SEQ ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 493
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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Met Leu Ala Ala Thr Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Asn Ala His
  1          5          10          15

Ala Cys Ser Lys Gly Thr Ser His Glu Ala Gly Ile Val Cys Arg Ile
  20          25          30

Thr Lys Pro Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Asn His Glu Thr Ala Lys Val Ile
  35          40          45

Gln Thr Ala Phe Gln Arg Ala Ser Tyr Pro Asp Ile Thr Gly Glu Lys
  50          55          60

Ala Met Met Leu Leu Gly Gln Val Lys Tyr Gly Leu His Asn Ile Gln
  65          70          75          80

Ile Ser His Leu Ser Ile Ala Ser Ser Gln Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ala
  85          90          95

Lys Ser Ile Asp Val Ser Ile Gln Asn Val Ser Val Val Phe Lys Gly
  100         105         110

Thr Leu Lys Tyr Gly Tyr Thr Thr Ala Trp Trp Leu Gly Ile Asp Gln
  115         120         125

Ser Ile Asp Phe Glu Ile Asp Ser Ala Ile Asp Leu Gln Ile Asn Thr
  130         135         140

Gln Leu Thr Cys Asp Ser Gly Arg Val Arg Thr Asp Ala Pro Asp Cys
  145         150         155         160

Tyr Leu Ser Phe His Lys Leu Leu Leu His Leu Gln Gly Glu Arg Glu
  165         170         175

Pro Gly Trp Ile Lys Gln Leu Phe Thr Asn Phe Ile Ser Phe Thr Leu
  180         185         190

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Lys Leu Val Leu Lys Gly Gln Ile Cys Lys Glu Ile Asn Val Ile Ser
 195 200 205
 Asn Ile Met Ala Asp Phe Val Gln Thr Arg Ala Ala Ser Ile Leu Ser
 210 215 220
 Asp Gly Asp Ile Gly Val Asp Ile Ser Leu Thr Gly Asp Pro Val Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Ala Ser Tyr Leu Glu Ser His His Lys Gly His Phe Ile Tyr Lys
 245 250 255
 Asn Val Ser Glu Asp Leu Pro Leu Pro Thr Phe Ser Pro Thr Leu Leu
 260 265 270
 Gly Asp Ser Arg Met Leu Tyr Phe Trp Phe Ser Glu Arg Val Phe His
 275 280 285
 Ser Leu Ala Lys Val Ala Phe Gln Asp Gly Arg Leu Met Leu Ser Leu
 290 295 300
 Met Gly Asp Glu Phe Lys Ala Val Leu Glu Thr Trp Gly Phe Asn Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Gln Glu Ile Phe Gln Glu Val Val Gly Gly Phe Pro Ser Gln Ala
 325 330 335
 Gln Val Thr Val His Cys Leu Lys Met Pro Lys Ile Ser Cys Gln Asn
 340 345 350
 Lys Gly Val Val Val Asn Ser Ser Val Met Val Lys Phe Leu Phe Pro
 355 360 365
 Arg Pro Asp Gln Gln His Ser Val Ala Tyr Thr Phe Glu Glu Asp Ile
 370 375 380
 Val Thr Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Tyr Ser Lys Lys Lys Leu Phe Leu Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Leu Asp Phe Gln Ile Thr Pro Lys Thr Val Ser Asn Leu Thr Glu
 405 410 415
 Ser Ser Ser Glu Ser Ile Gln Ser Phe Leu Gln Ser Met Ile Thr Ala
 420 425 430
 Val Gly Ile Pro Glu Val Met Ser Arg Leu Glu Val Val Phe Thr Ala
 435 440 445
 Leu Met Asn Ser Lys Gly Val Ser Leu Phe Asp Ile Ile Asn Pro Glu
 450 455 460
 Ile Ile Thr Arg Asp Gly Phe Leu Leu Leu Gln Met Asp Phe Gly Phe
 465 470 475 480
 Pro Glu His Leu Leu Val Asp Phe Leu Gln Ser Leu Ser
 485 490

<210> SEQ ID NO 13

<211> LENGTH: 3549

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (175)...(1602)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL)

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

ccccctcttcc tctctctctcaa gggaaagctg cccacttcta gctgccctgc catccccctt 60

aaagggcgac ttgctcagcg ccaaaccgcg gctccagccc tctccagcct ccggctcagc 120

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cggtcatca gtcggtccgc gcottgcagc tctccagag ggacgcgcc cgag atg	177
Met	
1	
gag agc aaa gcc ctg ctc gtg ctg act ctg gcc gtg tgg ctc cag agt	225
Glu Ser Lys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Val Trp Leu Gln Ser	
5 10 15	
ctg acc gcc tcc cgc gga ggg gtg gcc gcc gcc gac caa aga aga gat	273
Leu Thr Ala Ser Arg Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Ala Asp Gln Arg Arg Asp	
20 25 30	
ttt atc gac atc gaa agt aaa ttt gcc cta agg acc cct gaa gac aca	321
Phe Ile Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Phe Ala Leu Arg Thr Pro Glu Asp Thr	
35 40 45	
gct gag gac act tgc cac ctc att ccc gga gta gca gag tcc gtg gct	369
Ala Glu Asp Thr Cys His Leu Ile Pro Gly Val Ala Glu Ser Val Ala	
50 55 60 65	
acc tgt cat ttc aat cac agc agc aaa acc ttc atg gtg atc cat gcc	417
Thr Cys His Phe Asn His Ser Ser Lys Thr Phe Met Val Ile His Gly	
70 75 80	
tgg acg gta aca gga atg tat gag agt tgg gtg cca aaa ctt gtg gcc	465
Trp Thr Val Thr Gly Met Tyr Glu Ser Trp Val Pro Lys Leu Val Ala	
85 90 95	
gcc ctg tac aag aga gaa cca gac tcc aat gtc att gtg gtg gac tgg	513
Ala Leu Tyr Lys Arg Glu Pro Asp Ser Asn Val Ile Val Val Asp Trp	
100 105 110	
ctg tca cgg gct cag gag cat tac cca gtg tcc gcg gcc tac acc aaa	561
Leu Ser Arg Ala Gln Glu His Tyr Pro Val Ser Ala Gly Tyr Thr Lys	
115 120 125	
ctg gtg gga cag gat gtg gcc cgg ttt atc aac tgg atg gag gag gag	609
Leu Val Gly Gln Asp Val Ala Arg Phe Ile Asn Trp Met Glu Glu Glu	
130 135 140 145	
ttt aac tac cct ctg gac aat gtc cat ctc ttg gga tac agc ctt gga	657
Phe Asn Tyr Pro Leu Asp Asn Val His Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ser Leu Gly	
150 155 160	
gcc cat gct gct gcc att gca gga agt ctg acc aat aag aaa gtc aac	705
Ala His Ala Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Ser Leu Thr Asn Lys Lys Val Asn	
165 170 175	
aga att act gcc ctc gat cca gct gga cct aac ttt gag tat gca gaa	753
Arg Ile Thr Gly Leu Asp Pro Ala Gly Pro Asn Phe Glu Tyr Ala Glu	
180 185 190	
gcc ccg agt cgt ctt tct cct gat gat gca gat ttt gta gac gtc tta	801
Ala Pro Ser Arg Leu Ser Pro Asp Asp Ala Asp Phe Val Asp Val Leu	
195 200 205	
cac aca ttc acc aga ggg tcc cct ggt cga agc att gga atc cag aaa	849
His Thr Phe Thr Arg Gly Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Ile Gly Ile Gln Lys	
210 215 220 225	
coa gtt ggg cat gtt gac att tac ccg aat gga ggt act ttt cag coa	897
Pro Val Gly His Val Asp Ile Tyr Pro Asn Gly Gly Thr Phe Gln Pro	
230 235 240	
gga tgt aac att gga gaa gct atc cgc gtg att gca gag aga gga ctt	945
Gly Cys Asn Ile Gly Glu Ala Ile Arg Val Ile Ala Glu Arg Gly Leu	
245 250 255	
gga gat gtg gac cag cta gtg aag tgc tcc cac gag cgc tcc att cat	993
Gly Asp Val Asp Gln Leu Val Lys Cys Ser His Glu Arg Ser Ile His	
260 265 270	
ctc ttc atc gac tct ctg ttg aat gaa gaa aat cca agt aag gcc tac	1041
Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser Leu Leu Asn Glu Glu Asn Pro Ser Lys Ala Tyr	
275 280 285	

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agg tgc agt tcc aag gaa gcc ttt gag aaa ggg ctc tgc ttg agt tgt	1089
Arg Cys Ser Ser Lys Glu Ala Phe Glu Lys Gly Leu Cys Leu Ser Cys	
290 295 300 305	
aga aag aac cgc tgc aac aat ctg ggc tat gag atc aat aaa gtc aga	1137
Arg Lys Asn Arg Cys Asn Asn Leu Gly Tyr Glu Ile Asn Lys Val Arg	
310 315 320	
gcc aaa aga agc agc aaa atg tac ctg aag act cgt tct cag atg ccc	1185
Ala Lys Arg Ser Ser Lys Met Tyr Leu Lys Thr Arg Ser Gln Met Pro	
325 330 335	
tac aaa gtc ttc cat tac caa gta aag att cat ttt tct ggg act gag	1233
Tyr Lys Val Phe His Tyr Gln Val Lys Ile His Phe Ser Gly Thr Glu	
340 345 350	
agt gaa acc cat acc aat cag gcc ttt gag att tct ctg tat ggc acc	1281
Ser Glu Thr His Thr Asn Gln Ala Phe Glu Ile Ser Leu Tyr Gly Thr	
355 360 365	
gtg gcc gag agt gag aac atc cca ttc act ctg cct gaa gtt tcc aca	1329
Val Ala Glu Ser Glu Asn Ile Pro Phe Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Ser Thr	
370 375 380 385	
aat aag acc tac tcc ttc cta att tac aca gag gta gat att gga gaa	1377
Asn Lys Thr Tyr Ser Phe Leu Ile Tyr Thr Glu Val Asp Ile Gly Glu	
390 395 400	
cta ctc atg ttg aag ctc aaa tgg aag agt gat tca tac ttt agc tgg	1425
Leu Leu Met Leu Lys Leu Lys Trp Lys Ser Asp Ser Tyr Phe Ser Trp	
405 410 415	
tca gac tgg tgg agc agt ccc ggc ttc gcc att cag aag atc aga gta	1473
Ser Asp Trp Trp Ser Ser Pro Gly Phe Ala Ile Gln Lys Ile Arg Val	
420 425 430	
aaa gca gga gag act cag aaa aag gtg atc ttc tgt tct agg gag aaa	1521
Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Lys Lys Val Ile Phe Cys Ser Arg Glu Lys	
435 440 445	
gtg tct cat ttg cag aaa gga aag gca cct gcg gta ttt gtg aaa tgc	1569
Val Ser His Leu Gln Lys Gly Lys Ala Pro Ala Val Phe Val Lys Cys	
450 455 460 465	
cat gac aag tct ctg aat aag aag tca ggc tga aactgggcga atctacagaa	1622
His Asp Lys Ser Leu Asn Lys Lys Ser Gly *	
470 475	
caaagaacgg catgtgaatt ctgtgaagaa tgaagtggag gaagtaactt ttacaaaaca	1682
taccacagtgt ttgggggtgt tcaaaagtgg attttctctga atattaatcc cagccctacc	1742
cttgtaggtt attttaggag acagtctcaa gcactaaaaa gtggctaatt caatttatgg	1802
ggtatagtgg ccaaatagca catcctccaa cgttaaaaga cagtggatca tgaaaagtgc	1862
tgttttgtcc ttgagaaaag aaataattgt ttgagcgag agtaaaataa ggctccttca	1922
tgtggcgat ttggccatag cctataattg gttagaacct cctattttta ttggaattct	1982
ggatctttog gactgaggcc ttotcaaaact ttaoctotaag totccaagaa tacagaaaat	2042
gcttttcgcg ggacagaaac agactcatct acacagcagt atgaatgatg ttttagaatg	2102
attccctctt gctattggaa tgtggtccag acgtcaacca ggaacatgta acttggagag	2162
ggacgaagaa agggctgat aaacacagag gttttaaaca gtccctaaca ttggcctgca	2222
tcatgacaaa gttacaaatt caaggagata taaaatctag atcaattaat tottaatagg	2282
ctttatcggt tattgcttaa tccctctctc cccctctttt ttgtctctaa gattatatta	2342
taataatggt ctctgggtag gtgttgaaaa tgagcctgta atcctcagct gacacataat	2402
ttgaatggtg cagaaaaaaa aaagataccg taattttatt attagattct ccaaatgatt	2462

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ttcatcaatt taaaatcatt caatatctga cagttactct tcagtttttag gcttaccttg 2522
gtcatgtctc agttgtactt ccagtgcgtc tcttttggtc ctggctttga catgaaaaga 2582
taggtttgag ttcaaatctt gcattgtgtg agcttctaca gatttttagac aaggacogtt 2642
tttactaagt aaaaggggtg agaggttcct ggggtggatt cctaagcagt gcttgtaaac 2702
catcgogtgc aatgagccag atggagtacc atgaggggtg ttatttggtg tttttaacaa 2762
ctaataaaga gtgagtgaac aactatttat aaactagatc tctattttt cagaatgctc 2822
ttctacgtat aaatatgaaa tgataaagat gtcaaatac tcagaggcta tagctgggaa 2882
cccgactgtg aaagtatgtg atatctgaac acatactaga aagctctgca tgtgtgtgtg 2942
ccttcagcat aattcggaag ggaaaacagt cgatcaaggg atgtattgga acatgtcgga 3002
gtagaaattg ttcctgatgt gccagaactt cgacccttc tctgagagag atgatcgtgc 3062
ctataaatag taggaccaat gttgtgatta acatcatcag gcttggaatg aattctctct 3122
aaaaataaaa tgatgtatga tttgtgtgtg gcatccctt tattaattca ttaaatttct 3182
ggatttgggt tgtgacccag ggtgcattaa cttaaaagat tcaactaaagc agcacatagc 3242
actgggaact ctggctccga aaaactttgt tatatatata aaggatgttc tggctttaca 3302
ttttatttat tagctgtaaa tacatgtgtg gatgtgtaaa tggagcttgt acatattgga 3362
aaggtcattg tggctatctg catttataaa tgtgtgggtg taactgtatg tgtctttatc 3422
agtgatggtc tcacagagcc aactcactct tatgaaatgg gctttaacaa aacaagaaag 3482
aaacgtactt aactgtgtga agaaatggaa tcagctttta ataaattga caacatttta 3542
ttaccac 3549

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<210> SEQ ID NO 14

<211> LENGTH: 475

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

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Met Glu Ser Lys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Val Trp Leu Gln
 1             5             10             15
Ser Leu Thr Ala Ser Arg Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Ala Asp Gln Arg Arg
 20             25             30
Asp Phe Ile Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Phe Ala Leu Arg Thr Pro Glu Asp
 35             40             45
Thr Ala Glu Asp Thr Cys His Leu Ile Pro Gly Val Ala Glu Ser Val
 50             55             60
Ala Thr Cys His Phe Asn His Ser Ser Lys Thr Phe Met Val Ile His
 65             70             75             80
Gly Trp Thr Val Thr Gly Met Tyr Glu Ser Trp Val Pro Lys Leu Val
 85             90             95
Ala Ala Leu Tyr Lys Arg Glu Pro Asp Ser Asn Val Ile Val Val Asp
100            105            110
Trp Leu Ser Arg Ala Gln Glu His Tyr Pro Val Ser Ala Gly Tyr Thr
115            120            125
Lys Leu Val Gly Gln Asp Val Ala Arg Phe Ile Asn Trp Met Glu Glu
130            135            140
Glu Phe Asn Tyr Pro Leu Asp Asn Val His Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ser Leu
145            150            155            160

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Gly Ala His Ala Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Ser Leu Thr Asn Lys Lys Val
 165 170 175
 Asn Arg Ile Thr Gly Leu Asp Pro Ala Gly Pro Asn Phe Glu Tyr Ala
 180 185 190
 Glu Ala Pro Ser Arg Leu Ser Pro Asp Asp Ala Asp Phe Val Asp Val
 195 200 205
 Leu His Thr Phe Thr Arg Gly Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Ile Gly Ile Gln
 210 215 220
 Lys Pro Val Gly His Val Asp Ile Tyr Pro Asn Gly Gly Thr Phe Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Pro Gly Cys Asn Ile Gly Glu Ala Ile Arg Val Ile Ala Glu Arg Gly
 245 250 255
 Leu Gly Asp Val Asp Gln Leu Val Lys Cys Ser His Glu Arg Ser Ile
 260 265 270
 His Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser Leu Leu Asn Glu Glu Asn Pro Ser Lys Ala
 275 280 285
 Tyr Arg Cys Ser Ser Lys Glu Ala Phe Glu Lys Gly Leu Cys Leu Ser
 290 295 300
 Cys Arg Lys Asn Arg Cys Asn Asn Leu Gly Tyr Glu Ile Asn Lys Val
 305 310 315 320
 Arg Ala Lys Arg Ser Ser Lys Met Tyr Leu Lys Thr Arg Ser Gln Met
 325 330 335
 Pro Tyr Lys Val Phe His Tyr Gln Val Lys Ile His Phe Ser Gly Thr
 340 345 350
 Glu Ser Glu Thr His Thr Asn Gln Ala Phe Glu Ile Ser Leu Tyr Gly
 355 360 365
 Thr Val Ala Glu Ser Glu Asn Ile Pro Phe Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Ser
 370 375 380
 Thr Asn Lys Thr Tyr Ser Phe Leu Ile Tyr Thr Glu Val Asp Ile Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Glu Leu Leu Met Leu Lys Leu Lys Trp Lys Ser Asp Ser Tyr Phe Ser
 405 410 415
 Trp Ser Asp Trp Trp Ser Ser Pro Gly Phe Ala Ile Gln Lys Ile Arg
 420 425 430
 Val Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Lys Lys Val Ile Phe Cys Ser Arg Glu
 435 440 445
 Lys Val Ser His Leu Gln Lys Gly Lys Ala Pro Ala Val Phe Val Lys
 450 455 460
 Cys His Asp Lys Ser Leu Asn Lys Lys Ser Gly
 465 470 475

<210> SEQ ID NO 15

<211> LENGTH: 1466

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (115)...(1305)

 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein
 A-IV (APOA4)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 15

agttcccaact gcagcgcagg tgagctctcc tgaggacctc totgtcagct cccctgattg	60
tagggaggca tccagtgtgg caagaaactc ctccagccca gcaagcagct cagg atg	117
	Met
	1
ttc ctg aag gcc gtg gtc ctg acc ctg gcc ctg gtg gct gtc gcc gga	165
Phe Leu Lys Ala Val Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Val Ala Val Ala Gly	
	5 10 15
gcc agg gct gag gtc agt gct gac cag gtg gcc aca gtg atg tgg gac	213
Ala Arg Ala Glu Val Ser Ala Asp Gln Val Ala Thr Val Met Trp Asp	
	20 25 30
tac ttc agc cag ctg agc aac aat gcc aag gag gcc gtg gaa cat ctc	261
Tyr Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ala Val Glu His Leu	
	35 40 45
cag aaa tct gaa ctc acc cag caa ctc aat gcc ctc ttc cag gac aaa	309
Gln Lys Ser Glu Leu Thr Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Leu Phe Gln Asp Lys	
	50 55 60 65
ctt gga gaa gtg aac act tac gca ggt gac ctg cag aag aag ctg gtg	357
Leu Gly Glu Val Asn Thr Tyr Ala Gly Asp Leu Gln Lys Lys Leu Val	
	70 75 80
ccc ttt gcc acc gag ctg cat gaa cgc ctg gcc aag gac tcg gag aaa	405
Pro Phe Ala Thr Glu Leu His Glu Arg Leu Ala Lys Asp Ser Glu Lys	
	85 90 95
ctg aag gag gag att ggg aag gag ctg gag gag ctg agg gcc cgg ctg	453
Leu Lys Glu Glu Ile Gly Lys Glu Leu Glu Glu Leu Arg Ala Arg Leu	
	100 105 110
ctg ccc cat gcc aat gag gtg agc cag aag atc ggg gac aac ctg cga	501
Leu Pro His Ala Asn Glu Val Ser Gln Lys Ile Gly Asp Asn Leu Arg	
	115 120 125
gag ctt cag cag cgc ctg gag ccc tac gcg gac cag ctg cgc acc cag	549
Glu Leu Gln Gln Arg Leu Glu Pro Tyr Ala Asp Gln Leu Arg Thr Gln	
	130 135 140 145
gtc aac acg cag gcc gag cag ctg cgg cgc cag ctg acc ccc tac gca	597
Val Asn Thr Gln Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Arg Gln Leu Thr Pro Tyr Ala	
	150 155 160
cag cgc atg gag aga gtg ctg cgg gag aac gcc gac agc ctg cag gcc	645
Gln Arg Met Glu Arg Val Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Asp Ser Leu Gln Ala	
	165 170 175
tcg ctg agg ccc cac gcc gac gag ctc aag gcc aag atc gac cag aac	693
Ser Leu Arg Pro His Ala Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Ile Asp Gln Asn	
	180 185 190
gtg gag gag ctc aag gga cgc ctt acg ccc tac gct gac gaa ttc aaa	741
Val Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Arg Leu Thr Pro Tyr Ala Asp Glu Phe Lys	
	195 200 205
gtc aag att gac cag acc gtg gag gag ctg cgc cgc agc ctg gct ccc	789
Val Lys Ile Asp Gln Thr Val Glu Glu Leu Arg Arg Ser Leu Ala Pro	
	210 215 220 225
tat gct cag gac acg cag gag aag ctc aac cac cag ctt gag ggc ctg	837
Tyr Ala Gln Asp Thr Gln Glu Lys Leu Asn His Gln Leu Glu Gly Leu	
	230 235 240
acc ttc cag atg aag aag aac gcc gag gag ctc aag gcc agg atc tcg	885
Thr Phe Gln Met Lys Lys Asn Ala Glu Glu Leu Lys Ala Arg Ile Ser	
	245 250 255
gcc agt gcc gag gag ctg cgg cag agg ctg gcg ccc ttg gcc gag gac	933
Ala Ser Ala Glu Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Pro Leu Ala Glu Asp	
	260 265 270

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gtg cgt ggc aac ctg agg ggc aac acc gag ggg ctg cag aag tca ctg      981
Val Arg Gly Asn Leu Arg Gly Asn Thr Glu Gly Leu Gln Lys Ser Leu
    275                      280                      285

gca gag ctg ggt ggg cac ctg gac cag cag gtg gag gag ttc cga cgc      1029
Ala Glu Leu Gly Gly His Leu Asp Gln Gln Val Glu Glu Phe Arg Arg
    290                      295                      300                      305

cgg gtg gag ccc tac ggg gaa aac ttc aac aaa gcc ctg gtg cag cag      1077
Arg Val Glu Pro Tyr Gly Glu Asn Phe Asn Lys Ala Leu Val Gln Gln
    310                      315                      320

atg gaa cag ctc agg acg aaa ctg ggc ccc cat gcg ggg gac gtg gaa      1125
Met Glu Gln Leu Arg Thr Lys Leu Gly Pro His Ala Gly Asp Val Glu
    325                      330                      335

ggc cac ttg agc ttc ctg gag aag gac ctg agg gac aag gtc aac tcc      1173
Gly His Leu Ser Phe Leu Glu Lys Asp Leu Arg Asp Lys Val Asn Ser
    340                      345                      350

ttc ttc agc acc ttc aag gag aaa gag agc cag gac aag act ctc tcc      1221
Phe Phe Ser Thr Phe Lys Glu Lys Glu Ser Gln Asp Lys Thr Leu Ser
    355                      360                      365

ctc cct gag ctg gag caa cag cag gaa cag cat cag gag cag cag cag      1269
Leu Pro Glu Leu Glu Gln Gln Gln Glu Gln His Gln Glu Gln Gln Gln
    370                      375                      380                      385

gag cag gtg cag atg ctg gcc cct ttg gag agc tga gctgccctg      1315
Glu Gln Val Gln Met Leu Ala Pro Leu Glu Ser *
    390                      395

gtgcactggc cccaccctcg tggacacctg cctgcccctg ccacctgtct gtctgtccca      1375

aagaagttct ggtatgaact tgaggacaca tgtccagtgg gaggtgagac cacctctcaa      1435

tattcaataa agctgctgag aatctagcct c      1466

<210> SEQ ID NO 16
<211> LENGTH: 396
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

Met Phe Leu Lys Ala Val Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Leu Val Ala Val Ala
  1                      5                      10                      15

Gly Ala Arg Ala Glu Val Ser Ala Asp Gln Val Ala Thr Val Met Trp
  20                      25                      30

Asp Tyr Phe Ser Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ala Val Glu His
  35                      40                      45

Leu Gln Lys Ser Glu Leu Thr Gln Gln Leu Asn Ala Leu Phe Gln Asp
  50                      55                      60

Lys Leu Gly Glu Val Asn Thr Tyr Ala Gly Asp Leu Gln Lys Lys Leu
  65                      70                      75                      80

Val Pro Phe Ala Thr Glu Leu His Glu Arg Leu Ala Lys Asp Ser Glu
  85                      90                      95

Lys Leu Lys Glu Glu Ile Gly Lys Glu Leu Glu Glu Leu Arg Ala Arg
  100                     105                     110

Leu Leu Pro His Ala Asn Glu Val Ser Gln Lys Ile Gly Asp Asn Leu
  115                     120                     125

Arg Glu Leu Gln Gln Arg Leu Glu Pro Tyr Ala Asp Gln Leu Arg Thr
  130                     135                     140

Gln Val Asn Thr Gln Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Arg Gln Leu Thr Pro Tyr
  145                     150                     155                     160

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Ala Gln Arg Met Glu Arg Val Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Asp Ser Leu Gln
165 170 175

Ala Ser Leu Arg Pro His Ala Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala Lys Ile Asp Gln
180 185 190

Asn Val Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Arg Leu Thr Pro Tyr Ala Asp Glu Phe
195 200 205

Lys Val Lys Ile Asp Gln Thr Val Glu Glu Leu Arg Arg Ser Leu Ala
210 215 220

Pro Tyr Ala Gln Asp Thr Gln Glu Lys Leu Asn His Gln Leu Glu Gly
225 230 235 240

Leu Thr Phe Gln Met Lys Lys Asn Ala Glu Glu Leu Lys Ala Arg Ile
245 250 255

Ser Ala Ser Ala Glu Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Pro Leu Ala Glu
260 265 270

Asp Val Arg Gly Asn Leu Arg Gly Asn Thr Glu Gly Leu Gln Lys Ser
275 280 285

Leu Ala Glu Leu Gly Gly His Leu Asp Gln Gln Val Glu Glu Phe Arg
290 295 300

Arg Arg Val Glu Pro Tyr Gly Glu Asn Phe Asn Lys Ala Leu Val Gln
305 310 315 320

Gln Met Glu Gln Leu Arg Thr Lys Leu Gly Pro His Ala Gly Asp Val
325 330 335

Glu Gly His Leu Ser Phe Leu Glu Lys Asp Leu Arg Asp Lys Val Asn
340 345 350

Ser Phe Phe Ser Thr Phe Lys Glu Lys Glu Ser Gln Asp Lys Thr Leu
355 360 365

Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Glu Gln Gln Gln Glu Gln His Gln Glu Gln Gln
370 375 380

Gln Glu Gln Val Gln Met Leu Ala Pro Leu Glu Ser
385 390 395

<210> SEQ ID NO 17

<211> LENGTH: 1156

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (61)...(1014)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide Sequence encoding apolipoprotein E (APOE)

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

```

cgcagcggag gtgaaggacg tccttcccca ggagccgact ggccaatcac aggcaggaag      60
atg aag gtt ctg tgg gct gcg ttg ctg gtc aca ttc ctg gca gga tgc      108
Met Lys Val Leu Trp Ala Ala Leu Leu Val Thr Phe Leu Ala Gly Cys
  1           5           10           15

cag gcc aag gtg gag caa gcg gtg gag aca gag ccg gag ccc gag ctg      156
Gln Ala Lys Val Glu Gln Ala Val Thr Glu Pro Glu Pro Glu Leu
      20           25           30

cgc cag cag acc gag tgg cag agc ggc cag cgc tgg gaa ctg gca ctg      204
Arg Gln Gln Thr Glu Trp Gln Ser Gly Gln Arg Trp Glu Leu Ala Leu
      35           40           45

ggt cgc ttt tgg gat tac ctg cgc tgg gtg cag aca ctg tat gag cag      252
Gly Arg Phe Trp Asp Tyr Leu Arg Trp Val Gln Thr Leu Ser Glu Gln
      50           55           60

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-continued

gtg cag gag gag ctg ctc agc tcc cag gtc acc cag gaa ctg agg gcg Val Gln Glu Glu Leu Leu Ser Ser Gln Val Thr Gln Glu Leu Arg Ala 65 70 75 80	300
ctg atg gac gag acc atg aag gag ttg aag gcc tac aaa tcg gaa ctg Leu Met Asp Glu Thr Met Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Tyr Lys Ser Glu Leu 85 90 95	348
gag gaa caa ctg acc ccg gtg gcg gag gag acg cgg gca cgg ctg tcc Glu Glu Gln Leu Thr Pro Val Ala Glu Glu Thr Arg Ala Arg Leu Ser 100 105 110	396
aag gag ctg cag gcg gcg cag gcc cgg ctg ggc gcg gac atg gag gac Lys Glu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gln Ala Arg Leu Gly Ala Asp Met Glu Asp 115 120 125	444
gtg tgc gcc cgc ctg gtg cag tac cgc gcc gag gtg cag gcc atg ctc Val Cys Gly Arg Leu Val Gln Tyr Arg Gly Glu Val Gln Ala Met Leu 130 135 140	492
ggc cag agc acc gag gag ctg cgg gtg cgc ctc gcc tcc cac ctg cgc Gly Gln Ser Thr Glu Glu Leu Arg Val Arg Leu Ala Ser His Leu Arg 145 150 155 160	540
aag ctg cgt aag cgg ctc ctc cgc gat gcc gat gac ctg cag aag cgc Lys Leu Arg Lys Arg Leu Leu Arg Asp Ala Asp Asp Leu Gln Lys Arg 165 170 175	588
ctg gca gtg tac cag gcc ggg gcc cgc gag gcc gcc gag cgc gcc ctc Leu Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Gly Ala Arg Glu Gly Ala Glu Arg Gly Leu 180 185 190	636
agc gcc atc cgc gag cgc ctg ggg ccc ctg gtg gaa cag gcc cgc gtg Ser Ala Ile Arg Glu Arg Leu Gly Pro Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Arg Val 195 200 205	684
cgg gcc gcc act gtg gcc tcc ctg gcc gcc cag ccg cta cag gag cgg Arg Ala Ala Thr Val Gly Ser Leu Ala Gly Gln Pro Leu Gln Glu Arg 210 215 220	732
gcc cag gcc tgg ggc gag cgg ctg cgc gcc cgg atg gag gag atg gcc Ala Gln Ala Trp Gly Glu Arg Leu Arg Ala Arg Met Glu Glu Met Gly 225 230 235 240	780
agc cgg acc cgc gac cgc ctg gac gag gtg aag gag cag gtg gcg gag Ser Arg Thr Arg Asp Arg Leu Asp Glu Val Lys Glu Gln Val Ala Glu 245 250 255	828
gtg cgc gcc aag ctg gag gag cag gcc cag cag ata cgc ctg cag gcc Val Arg Ala Lys Leu Glu Glu Gln Ala Gln Gln Ile Arg Leu Gln Ala 260 265 270	876
gag gcc ttc cag gcc cgc ctc aag agc tgg ttc gag ccc ctg gtg gaa Glu Ala Phe Gln Ala Arg Leu Lys Ser Trp Phe Glu Pro Leu Val Glu 275 280 285	924
gac atg cag cgc cag tgg gcc ggg ctg gtg gag aag gtg cag gct gcc Asp Met Gln Arg Gln Trp Ala Gly Leu Val Glu Lys Val Gln Ala Ala 290 295 300	972
gtg gcc acc agc gcc gcc cct gtg ccc agc gac aat cac tga Val Gly Thr Ser Ala Ala Pro Val Pro Ser Asp Asn His * 305 310 315	1014
acgccgaagc ctgcagccat gcgaccccac gccaccccgct gcctcctgcc tcgcgcagc	1074
ctgcagcggg agaccctgtc ccgcgccag cgtctcctcct ggggtggacc ctagttaa	1134
aaagattcac caagtttcac gc	1156

<210> SEQ ID NO 18

<211> LENGTH: 317

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

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Met Lys Val Leu Trp Ala Ala Leu Leu Val Thr Phe Leu Ala Gly Cys
 1           5           10           15
Gln Ala Lys Val Glu Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Glu Pro Glu Pro Glu Leu
 20           25           30
Arg Gln Gln Thr Glu Trp Gln Ser Gly Gln Arg Trp Glu Leu Ala Leu
 35           40           45
Gly Arg Phe Trp Asp Tyr Leu Arg Trp Val Gln Thr Leu Ser Glu Gln
 50           55           60
Val Gln Glu Glu Leu Leu Ser Ser Gln Val Thr Gln Glu Leu Arg Ala
 65           70           75           80
Leu Met Asp Glu Thr Met Lys Glu Leu Lys Ala Tyr Lys Ser Glu Leu
 85           90           95
Glu Glu Gln Leu Thr Pro Val Ala Glu Glu Thr Arg Ala Arg Leu Ser
100           105           110
Lys Glu Leu Gln Ala Ala Gln Ala Arg Leu Gly Ala Asp Met Glu Asp
115           120           125
Val Cys Gly Arg Leu Val Gln Tyr Arg Gly Glu Val Gln Ala Met Leu
130           135           140
Gly Gln Ser Thr Glu Glu Leu Arg Val Arg Leu Ala Ser His Leu Arg
145           150           155           160
Lys Leu Arg Lys Arg Leu Leu Arg Asp Ala Asp Asp Leu Gln Lys Arg
165           170           175
Leu Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Gly Ala Arg Glu Gly Ala Glu Arg Gly Leu
180           185           190
Ser Ala Ile Arg Glu Arg Leu Gly Pro Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Arg Val
195           200           205
Arg Ala Ala Thr Val Gly Ser Leu Ala Gly Gln Pro Leu Gln Glu Arg
210           215           220
Ala Gln Ala Trp Gly Glu Arg Leu Arg Ala Arg Met Glu Glu Met Gly
225           230           235           240
Ser Arg Thr Arg Asp Arg Leu Asp Glu Val Lys Glu Gln Val Ala Glu
245           250           255
Val Arg Ala Lys Leu Glu Glu Gln Ala Gln Gln Ile Arg Leu Gln Ala
260           265           270
Glu Ala Phe Gln Ala Arg Leu Lys Ser Trp Phe Glu Pro Leu Val Glu
275           280           285
Asp Met Gln Arg Gln Trp Ala Gly Leu Val Glu Lys Val Gln Ala Ala
290           295           300
Val Gly Thr Ser Ala Ala Pro Val Pro Ser Asp Asn His
305           310           315

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<210> SEQ ID NO 19

<211> LENGTH: 1603

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (58)...(1557)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding hepatic lipase
(LIPC)

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

ggtctcttttg gcttcagaaa ttaccaagaa agcctggacc ccgggtgaaa cggagaa atg	60
	Met
	1
gac aca agt ccc ctg tgt ttc tcc att ctg ttg gtt tta tgc atc ttt	108
Asp Thr Ser Pro Leu Cys Phe Ser Ile Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ile Phe	
	5 10 15
atc caa tca agt gcc ctt gga caa agc ctg aaa cca gag cca ttt gga	156
Ile Gln Ser Ser Ala Leu Gly Gln Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Pro Phe Gly	
	20 25 30
aga aga gct caa gct gtt gaa aca aac aaa acg ctg cat gag atg aag	204
Arg Arg Ala Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Asn Lys Thr Leu His Glu Met Lys	
	35 40 45
acc aga ttc ctg ctc ttt gga gaa acc aat cag gcc tgt cag att cga	252
Thr Arg Phe Leu Leu Phe Gly Glu Thr Asn Gln Gly Cys Gln Ile Arg	
	50 55 60 65
atc aat cat ccg gac acg tta cag gag tgc gcc ttc aac tcc tcc ctg	300
Ile Asn His Pro Asp Thr Leu Gln Glu Cys Gly Phe Asn Ser Ser Leu	
	70 75 80
cct ctg gtg atg ata atc cac ggg tgg tgg gtg gac gcc gtg cta gaa	348
Pro Leu Val Met Ile Ile His Gly Trp Ser Val Asp Gly Val Leu Glu	
	85 90 95
aac tgg atc tgg cag atg gtg gcc gcg ctg aag tot cag ccg gcc cag	396
Asn Trp Ile Trp Gln Met Val Ala Ala Leu Lys Ser Gln Pro Ala Gln	
	100 105 110
cca gtg aac gtg ggg ctg gtg gac tgg atc acc ctg gcc cac gac cac	444
Pro Val Asn Val Gly Leu Val Asp Trp Ile Thr Leu Ala His Asp His	
	115 120 125
tac acc atc gcc gtc cgc aac acc cgc ctt gtg gcc aag gag gtc gcg	492
Tyr Thr Ile Ala Val Arg Asn Thr Arg Leu Val Gly Lys Glu Val Ala	
	130 135 140 145
gct ctt ctc cgg tgg ctg gag gaa tct gtt caa ctc tct cga agc cat	540
Ala Leu Leu Arg Trp Leu Glu Glu Ser Val Gln Leu Ser Arg Ser His	
	150 155 160
gtt cac cta att ggg tac agc ctg ggt gca cac gtg tca gga ttt gcc	588
Val His Leu Ile Gly Tyr Ser Leu Gly Ala His Val Ser Gly Phe Ala	
	165 170 175
ggc agt tcc atc ggt gga acg cac aag att ggg aga atc aca ggg ctg	636
Gly Ser Ser Ile Gly Gly Thr His Lys Ile Gly Arg Ile Thr Gly Leu	
	180 185 190
gat gcc gcg gga cct ttg ttt gag gga agt gcc ccc agc aat cgt ctt	684
Asp Ala Ala Gly Pro Leu Phe Glu Gly Ser Ala Pro Ser Asn Arg Leu	
	195 200 205
tct cca gat gat gcc aat ttt gtg gat gcc att cat acc ttt acg cgg	732
Ser Pro Asp Asp Ala Asn Phe Val Asp Ala Ile His Thr Phe Thr Arg	
	210 215 220 225
gag cac atg gcc ctg agc gtg gcc atc aaa cag ccc ata gga cac tat	780
Glu His Met Gly Leu Ser Val Gly Ile Lys Gln Pro Ile Gly His Tyr	
	230 235 240
gac ttc tat ccc aac ggg gcc tcc ttc cag cct gcc tgc cac ttc cta	828
Asp Phe Tyr Pro Asn Gly Gly Ser Phe Gln Pro Gly Cys His Phe Leu	
	245 250 255
gag ctc tac aga cat att gcc cag cac gcc ttc aat gcc atc acc cag	876
Glu Leu Tyr Arg His Ile Ala Gln His Gly Phe Asn Ala Ile Thr Gln	
	260 265 270

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acc ata aaa tgc tcc cac gag cga tgg gtg cac ctt ttc atc gac tcc      924
Thr Ile Lys Cys Ser His Glu Arg Ser Val His Leu Phe Ile Asp Ser
275                               280                               285

ttg ctg cac gcc ggc acg cag agc atg gcc tac cgg tgt ggt gac atg      972
Leu Leu His Ala Gly Thr Gln Ser Met Ala Tyr Pro Cys Gly Asp Met
290                               295                               300                               305

aac agc ttc agc cag ggc ctg tgc ctg agc tgc aag aag ggc cgc tgc      1020
Asn Ser Phe Ser Gln Gly Leu Cys Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Gly Arg Cys
310                               315                               320

aac acg ctg ggc tac cac gtc cgc cag gag ccg cgg agc aag agc aag      1068
Asn Thr Leu Gly Tyr His Val Arg Gln Glu Pro Arg Ser Lys Ser Lys
325                               330                               335

agg ctc ttc ctc gta acg cga gcc cag tcc ccc ttc aaa gtt tat cat      1116
Arg Leu Phe Leu Val Thr Arg Ala Gln Ser Pro Phe Lys Val Tyr His
340                               345                               350

tac cag tta aag atc cag ttc atc aac caa act gag acg cca ata caa      1164
Tyr Gln Leu Lys Ile Gln Phe Ile Asn Gln Thr Glu Thr Pro Ile Gln
355                               360                               365

aca act ttt acc atg tca cta ctc gga aca aaa gag aaa atg cag aaa      1212
Thr Thr Phe Thr Met Ser Leu Leu Gly Thr Lys Glu Lys Met Gln Lys
370                               375                               380                               385

att ccc atc act ctg ggc aaa gga att gct agt aat aaa acg tat tcc      1260
Ile Pro Ile Thr Leu Gly Lys Gly Ile Ala Ser Asn Lys Thr Tyr Ser
390                               395                               400

ttt ctt atc acg ctg gat gtg gat atc ggc gag ctg atc atg atc aag      1308
Phe Leu Ile Thr Leu Asp Val Asp Ile Gly Glu Leu Ile Met Ile Lys
405                               410                               415

ttc aag tgg gaa aac agt gca gtg tgg gcc aat gtc tgg gac acg gtc      1356
Phe Lys Trp Glu Asn Ser Ala Val Trp Ala Asn Val Trp Asp Thr Val
420                               425                               430

cag acc atc atc cca tgg agc aca ggg ccg cgc cac tca ggc ctc gtt      1404
Gln Thr Ile Ile Pro Trp Ser Thr Gly Pro Arg His Ser Gly Leu Val
435                               440                               445

ctg aag acg atc aga gtc aaa gca gga gaa acc cag caa aga atg aca      1452
Leu Lys Thr Ile Arg Val Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Gln Arg Met Thr
450                               455                               460                               465

ttt tgt tca gaa aac aca gat gac cta cta ctt cgc cca acc cag gaa      1500
Phe Cys Ser Glu Asn Thr Asp Asp Leu Leu Leu Arg Pro Thr Gln Glu
470                               475                               480

aaa atc ttc gtg aaa tgt gaa ata aag tot aaa aca tca aag cga aag      1548
Lys Ile Phe Val Lys Cys Glu Ile Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser Lys Arg Lys
485                               490                               495

atc aga tga gatttaatga agaccagtg taaagaataa atgaatctta      1597
Ile Arg *

ctcctt                                                                    1603

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<210> SEQ ID NO 20

<211> LENGTH: 499

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

```

Met Asp Thr Ser Pro Leu Cys Phe Ser Ile Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ile
1           5           10           15

Phe Ile Gln Ser Ser Ala Leu Gly Gln Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Pro Phe
20           25           30

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Gly	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Val	Glu	Thr	Asn	Lys	Thr	Leu	His	Glu	Met
	35						40					45			
Lys	Thr	Arg	Phe	Leu	Leu	Phe	Gly	Glu	Thr	Asn	Gln	Gly	Cys	Gln	Ile
	50					55					60				
Arg	Ile	Asn	His	Pro	Asp	Thr	Leu	Gln	Glu	Cys	Gly	Phe	Asn	Ser	Ser
65					70					75					80
Leu	Pro	Leu	Val	Met	Ile	Ile	His	Gly	Trp	Ser	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Leu
			85						90					95	
Glu	Asn	Trp	Ile	Trp	Gln	Met	Val	Ala	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Pro	Ala
			100					105					110		
Gln	Pro	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Val	Asp	Trp	Ile	Thr	Leu	Ala	His	Asp
		115					120					125			
His	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Ala	Val	Arg	Asn	Thr	Arg	Leu	Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Val
	130					135					140				
Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Arg	Trp	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Val	Gln	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ser
145					150					155					160
His	Val	His	Leu	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	His	Val	Ser	Gly	Phe
			165						170					175	
Ala	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ile	Gly	Gly	Thr	His	Lys	Ile	Gly	Arg	Ile	Thr	Gly
			180					185					190		
Leu	Asp	Ala	Ala	Gly	Pro	Leu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ser	Asn	Arg
	195						200					205			
Leu	Ser	Pro	Asp	Asp	Ala	Asn	Phe	Val	Asp	Ala	Ile	His	Thr	Phe	Thr
	210					215					220				
Arg	Glu	His	Met	Gly	Leu	Ser	Val	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gln	Pro	Ile	Gly	His
225					230					235					240
Tyr	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ser	Phe	Gln	Pro	Gly	Cys	His	Phe
				245					250					255	
Leu	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Arg	His	Ile	Ala	Gln	His	Gly	Phe	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr
			260					265					270		
Gln	Thr	Ile	Lys	Cys	Ser	His	Glu	Arg	Ser	Val	His	Leu	Phe	Ile	Asp
		275					280					285			
Ser	Leu	Leu	His	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gln	Ser	Met	Ala	Tyr	Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp
	290					295					300				
Met	Asn	Ser	Phe	Ser	Gln	Gly	Leu	Cys	Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Gly	Arg
305					310					315					320
Cys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Gly	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gln	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ser	Lys	Ser
				325					330					335	
Lys	Arg	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Thr	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ser	Pro	Phe	Lys	Val	Tyr
			340					345					350		
His	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Gln	Phe	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ile
		355				360						365			
Gln	Thr	Thr	Phe	Thr	Met	Ser	Leu	Leu	Gly	Thr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Met	Gln
		370				375					380				
Lys	Ile	Pro	Ile	Thr	Leu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ala	Ser	Asn	Lys	Thr	Tyr
385					390					395					400
Ser	Phe	Leu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Asp	Val	Asp	Ile	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ile	Met	Ile
				405					410					415	
Lys	Phe	Lys	Trp	Glu	Asn	Ser	Ala	Val	Trp	Ala	Asn	Val	Trp	Asp	Thr
			420					425					430		

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Val Gln Thr Ile Ile Pro Trp Ser Thr Gly Pro Arg His Ser Gly Leu
435 440 445

Val Leu Lys Thr Ile Arg Val Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Gln Gln Arg Met
450 455 460

Thr Phe Cys Ser Glu Asn Thr Asp Asp Leu Leu Leu Arg Pro Thr Gln
465 470 475 480

Glu Lys Ile Phe Val Lys Cys Glu Ile Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser Lys Arg
485 490 495

Lys Ile Arg

<210> SEQ ID NO 21
<211> LENGTH: 1346
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (10)...(1077)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding paraoxonase 1
(PON1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

cccccgacc atg gcg aag ctg att gcg ctc acc ctc ttg ggg atg gga ctg 51
Met Ala Lys Leu Ile Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Gly Met Gly Leu
1 5 10

gca ctc ttc agg aac cac cag tct tct tac caa aca cga ctt aat gct 99
Ala Leu Phe Arg Asn His Gln Ser Ser Tyr Gln Thr Arg Leu Asn Ala
15 20 25 30

ctc cga gag gta caa ccc gta gaa ctt cct aac tgt aat tta gtt aaa 147
Leu Arg Glu Val Gln Pro Val Glu Leu Pro Asn Cys Asn Leu Val Lys
35 40 45

gga atc gaa act ggc tct gaa gac atg gag ata ctg cct aat gga ctg 195
Gly Ile Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Met Glu Ile Leu Pro Asn Gly Leu
50 55 60

gct ttc att agc tct gga tta aag tat cct gga ata aag agc ttc aac 243
Ala Phe Ile Ser Ser Gly Leu Lys Tyr Pro Gly Ile Lys Ser Phe Asn
65 70 75

ccc aac agt cct gga aaa ata ctt ctg atg gac ctg aat gaa gaa gat 291
Pro Asn Ser Pro Gly Lys Ile Leu Leu Met Asp Leu Asn Glu Glu Asp
80 85 90

cca aca gtg ttg gaa ttg ggg atc act gga agt aaa ttt gat gta tct 339
Pro Thr Val Leu Glu Leu Gly Ile Thr Gly Ser Lys Phe Asp Val Ser
95 100 105 110

tca ttt aac cct cat ggg att agc aca ttc aca gat gaa gat aat gcc 387
Ser Phe Asn Pro His Gly Ile Ser Thr Phe Thr Asp Glu Asp Asn Ala
115 120 125

atg tac ctc ctg gtg gtg aac cat cca gat gcc aag tcc aca gtg gag 435
Met Tyr Leu Leu Val Val Asn His Pro Asp Ala Lys Ser Thr Val Glu
130 135 140

ttg ttt aaa ttt caa gaa gaa gaa aaa tog ctt ttg cat cta aaa acc 483
Leu Phe Lys Phe Gln Glu Glu Lys Ser Leu Leu His Leu Lys Thr
145 150 155

atc aga cat aaa ctt ctg cct aat ttg aat gat att gtt gct gtg gga 531
Ile Arg His Lys Leu Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Asp Ile Val Ala Val Gly
160 165 170

cct gag cac ttt tat ggc aca aat gat cac tat ttt ctt gac ccc tac 579
Pro Glu His Phe Tyr Gly Thr Asn Asp His Tyr Phe Leu Asp Pro Tyr
175 180 185 190

-continued

tta caa tcc tgg gag atg tat ttg ggt tta gcg tgg tcg tat gtt gtc	627
Leu Gln Ser Trp Glu Met Tyr Leu Gly Leu Ala Trp Ser Tyr Val Val	
195 200 205	
tac tat agt cca agt gaa gtt cga gtg gtg gca gaa gga ttt gat ttt	675
Tyr Tyr Ser Pro Ser Glu Val Arg Val Val Ala Glu Gly Phe Asp Phe	
210 215 220	
gct aat gga atc aac att tca ccc gat ggc aag tat gtc tat ata gct	723
Ala Asn Gly Ile Asn Ile Ser Pro Asp Gly Lys Tyr Val Tyr Ile Ala	
225 230 235	
gag ttg ctg gct cat aag att cat gtg tat gaa aag cat gct aat tgg	771
Glu Leu Leu Ala His Lys Ile His Val Tyr Glu Lys His Ala Asn Trp	
240 245 250	
act tta act cca ttg aag tcc ctt gac ttt aat acc ctc gtg gat aac	819
Thr Leu Thr Pro Leu Lys Ser Leu Asp Phe Asn Thr Leu Val Asp Asn	
255 260 265 270	
ata tct gtg gat cct gag aca gga gac ctt tgg gtt gga tgc cat ccc	867
Ile Ser Val Asp Pro Glu Thr Gly Asp Leu Trp Val Gly Cys His Pro	
275 280 285	
aat ggc atg aaa atc ttc ttc tat gac tca gag aat cct cct gca tca	915
Asn Gly Met Lys Ile Phe Phe Tyr Asp Ser Glu Asn Pro Pro Ala Ser	
290 295 300	
gag gtg ctt cga atc cag aac att cta aca gaa gaa cct aaa gtg aca	963
Glu Val Leu Arg Ile Gln Asn Ile Leu Thr Glu Glu Pro Lys Val Thr	
305 310 315	
cag gtt tat gca gaa aat ggc aca gtg ttg caa ggc agt aca gtt gcc	1011
Gln Val Tyr Ala Glu Asn Gly Thr Val Leu Gln Gly Ser Thr Val Ala	
320 325 330	
tct gtg tac aaa ggg aaa ctg ctg att ggc aca gtg ttt cac aaa gct	1059
Ser Val Tyr Lys Gly Lys Leu Leu Ile Gly Thr Val Phe His Lys Ala	
335 340 345 350	
ctt tac tgt gag ctc taa cagaccgatt tgcacccatg ccatagaaac	1107
Leu Tyr Cys Glu Leu *	
355	
tgaggccatt atttcaaccg cttgccatat tccgaggacc cagtgttctt agctgaacaa	1167
tgaatgctga ccctaaatgt ggacatcatg aagcatcaaa gcactgttta actgggagtg	1227
atatgatgtg tagggctttt ttttgagaat acactatcaa atcagtcttg gaatacttga	1287
aaacctcatt taccataaaa atocttctca ctaaaatgga taaatcagtt aaaaaaaaa	1346

<210> SEQ ID NO 22

<211> LENGTH: 355

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

Met Ala Lys Leu Ile Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Gly Met Gly Leu Ala Leu	
1 5 10 15	
Phe Arg Asn His Gln Ser Ser Tyr Gln Thr Arg Leu Asn Ala Leu Arg	
20 25 30	
Glu Val Gln Pro Val Glu Leu Pro Asn Cys Asn Leu Val Lys Gly Ile	
35 40 45	
Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Met Glu Ile Leu Pro Asn Gly Leu Ala Phe	
50 55 60	
Ile Ser Ser Gly Leu Lys Tyr Pro Gly Ile Lys Ser Phe Asn Pro Asn	
65 70 75 80	

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<210> SEQ ID NO 23
<211> LENGTH: 1570
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (1)...(1097)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding paraoxonase 2
(PON2)

<400> SEQUENCE: 23
```

cgg	agc	gag	gca	gcg	cgc	ccg	gct	ccc	gcg	cca	tgg	ggc	ggc	tgg	tgg	48
Arg	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ala	Pro	Trp	Gly	Gly	Trp	Trp	
1				5					10					15		
ctg	tgg	gct	tgc	tgg	gga	tcg	cgc	tgg	cgc	tcc	tgg	gcg	aga	ggc	ttc	96
Leu	Trp	Ala	Cys	Trp	Gly	Ser	Arg	Trp	Arg	Ser	Trp	Ala	Arg	Gly	Phe	
			20					25					30			

-continued

tgg	cac	tca	gaa	atc	gac	tta	aag	cct	cca	gag	aag	tag	aat	ctg	tag	144
Trp	His	Ser	Glu	Ile	Asp	Leu	Lys	Pro	Pro	Glu	Lys	*	Asn	Leu	*	
		35					40						45			
acc	ttc	cac	act	gcc	acc	tga	tta	aag	gaa	ttg	aag	ctg	gct	ctg	aag	192
Thr	Phe	His	Thr	Ala	Thr	*	Leu	Lys	Glu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Lys	
		50							55				60			
ata	ttg	aca	tac	ttc	cca	atg	gtc	tgg	ctt	ttt	tta	gtg	tgg	gtc	taa	240
Ile	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Met	Val	Trp	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Trp	Val	*	
		65					70					75				
aat	tcc	cag	gac	tcc	aca	gct	ttg	cac	cag	ata	agc	ctg	gag	gaa	tac	288
Asn	Ser	Gln	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Gln	Ile	Ser	Leu	Glu	Glu	Tyr	
		80					85					90				
taa	tga	tgg	atc	taa	aag	aag	aaa	aac	caa	ggg	cac	ggg	aat	taa	gaa	336
*	*	Trp	Ile	*	Lys	Lys	Lys	Asn	Gln	Gly	His	Gly	Asn	*	Glu	
					95				100							
tca	gtc	gtg	ggc	ttg	att	tgg	cct	cat	tca	atc	cac	atg	gca	tca	gca	384
Ser	Val	Val	Gly	Leu	Ile	Trp	Pro	His	Ser	Ile	His	Met	Ala	Ser	Ala	
105					110				115				120			
ctt	tca	tag	aca	acg	atg	aca	cag	ttt	atc	tct	ttg	ttg	taa	acc	acc	432
Leu	Ser	*	Thr	Thr	Met	Thr	Gln	Phe	Ile	Ser	Leu	Leu	*	Thr	Thr	
					125				130							
cag	aat	tca	aga	ata	cag	tgg	aaa	ttt	tta	aat	ttg	aag	aag	cag	aaa	480
Gln	Asn	Ser	Arg	Ile	Gln	Trp	Lys	Phe	Leu	Asn	Leu	Lys	Lys	Gln	Lys	
135					140				145					150		
att	ctc	tgt	tgc	atc	tga	aaa	cag	tca	aac	atg	agc	ttc	ttc	caa	gtg	528
Ile	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ile	*	Lys	Gln	Ser	Asn	Met	Ser	Phe	Phe	Gln	Val	
				155					160					165		
tga	atg	aca	tca	cag	ctg	ttg	gac	cgg	cac	att	tct	atg	cca	caa	atg	576
*	Met	Thr	Ser	Gln	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	His	Ile	Ser	Met	Pro	Gln	Met	
				170					175					180		
acc	act	act	tct	ctg	atc	ctt	tct	taa	agt	att	tag	aaa	cat	act	tga	624
Thr	Thr	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ser	*	Ser	Ile	*	Lys	His	Thr	*	
				185					190							
act	tac	act	ggg	caa	atg	ttg	ttt	act	aca	gtc	caa	atg	aag	tta	aag	672
Thr	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Gln	Met	Leu	Phe	Thr	Thr	Val	Gln	Met	Lys	Leu	Lys	
195					200					205						
tgg	tag	cag	aag	gat	ttg	att	cag	caa	atg	gga	tca	ata	ttt	cac	ctg	720
Trp	*	Gln	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Gln	Gln	Met	Gly	Ser	Ile	Phe	His	Leu	
210					215					220						
atg	ata	agt	ata	tct	atg	ttg	ctg	aca	tat	tgg	ctc	atg	aaa	ttc	atg	768
Met	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Met	Leu	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Trp	Leu	Met	Lys	Phe	Met	
225					230				235					240		
ttt	tgg	aaa	aac	aca	cta	ata	tga	att	taa	ctc	agt	tga	agg	tac	ttg	816
Phe	Trp	Lys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Ile	*	Ile	*	Leu	Ser	*	Arg	Tyr	Leu	
				245						250						
agc	tgg	ata	cac	tgg	tgg	ata	att	tat	cta	ttg	atc	ctt	cct	cgg	ggg	864
Ser	Trp	Ile	His	Trp	Trp	Ile	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Pro	Arg	Gly	
255					260					265						
aca	tct	ggg	tag	gct	gtc	atc	cta	atg	gcc	aga	agc	tct	tog	tgt	atg	912
Thr	Ser	Gly	*	Ala	Val	Ile	Leu	Met	Ala	Arg	Ser	Ser	Ser	Cys	Met	
270					275					280						
acc	cga	aca	atc	ctc	cct	cgt	cag	agg	ttc	tcc	gca	tcc	aga	aca	ttc	960
Thr	Arg	Thr	Ile	Leu	Pro	Arg	Gln	Arg	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ser	Arg	Thr	Phe	
285					290					295				300		
tat	ctg	aga	agc	cta	cag	tga	cta	cag	ttt	atg	cca	aca	atg	ggc	ctg	1008
Tyr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Gln	*	Leu	Gln	Phe	Met	Pro	Thr	Met	Gly	Leu	
				305						310				315		

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ttc tcc aag gaa gtt ctg tag cct cag tgt atg atg gga agc tgc tca 1056
Phe Ser Lys Glu Val Leu * Pro Gln Cys Met Met Gly Ser Cys Ser
                      320                      325                      330

tag gca ctt tat acc aca gag cct tgt att gtg aac tct aa attgtacttt 1107
* Ala Leu Tyr Thr Thr Glu Pro Cys Ile Val Asn Ser
                      335                      340

tgccatgaaa gtgcgataac ttaacaatta attttctatg aattgctaatt tctgagggaa 1167

ttaaaccagc aacattgacc cagaaatgta tgccatgtgt agttaatttt attccagtaa 1227

ggaacggccc ttttagttct tagagcactt ttaacaaaaa aggaaaatga acagggttctt 1287

taaaatgcc aagcaaggagc agaaaagaaa gctgctttcg aataaagtga atacattttg 1347

cacaaagtaa gcctcacctt tgccctccaa ctgccagaac atggattcca ctgaaataga 1407

gtgaattata tttccttaaa atgtgagtga cctcacttct ggcactgtga ctactatggc 1467

tgtttagaac tactgataac gtattttgat gttttgtact tacatctttg tttaccatta 1527

aaaagtggga gttatattaa agactaacta aaatcccagt ttt 1570

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<210> SEQ ID NO 24

<211> LENGTH: 342

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

```

Arg Ser Glu Ala Ala Arg Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Trp Gly Gly Trp Trp
 1          5          10          15

Leu Trp Ala Cys Trp Gly Ser Arg Trp Arg Ser Trp Ala Arg Gly Phe
          20          25          30

Trp His Ser Glu Ile Asp Leu Lys Pro Pro Glu Lys Asn Leu Thr Phe
          35          40          45

His Thr Ala Thr Leu Lys Glu Leu Lys Leu Ala Leu Lys Ile Leu Thr
          50          55          60

Tyr Phe Pro Met Val Trp Leu Phe Leu Val Trp Val Asn Ser Gln Asp
65          70          75          80

Ser Thr Ala Leu His Gln Ile Ser Leu Glu Glu Tyr Trp Ile Lys Lys
          85          90          95

Lys Asn Gln Gly His Gly Asn Glu Ser Val Val Gly Leu Ile Trp Pro
          100          105          110

His Ser Ile His Met Ala Ser Ala Leu Ser Thr Thr Met Thr Gln Phe
          115          120          125

Ile Ser Leu Leu Thr Thr Gln Asn Ser Arg Ile Gln Trp Lys Phe Leu
          130          135          140

Asn Leu Lys Lys Gln Lys Ile Leu Cys Cys Ile Lys Gln Ser Asn Met
145          150          155          160

Ser Phe Phe Gln Val Met Thr Ser Gln Leu Leu Asp Arg His Ile Ser
          165          170          175

Met Pro Gln Met Thr Thr Thr Ser Leu Ile Leu Ser Ser Ile Lys His
          180          185          190

Thr Thr Tyr Thr Gly Gln Met Leu Phe Thr Thr Val Gln Met Lys Leu
          195          200          205

Lys Trp Gln Lys Asp Leu Ile Gln Gln Met Gly Ser Ile Phe His Leu
          210          215          220

Met Ile Ser Ile Ser Met Leu Leu Thr Tyr Trp Leu Met Lys Phe Met
225          230          235          240

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<210> SEQ ID NO 25
<211> LENGTH: 533
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (47)...(346)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein
C-III(APOC3)
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<400> SEQUENCE: 25

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					Met	Gln	Pro		
					1				
cgg gta ctc ctt gtt gtt gcc ctc ctg gcg ctc ctg gcc tct gcc cga	103								
Arg Val Leu Leu Val Val Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Ser Ala Arg									
5 10 15									
gct tca gag gcc gag gat gcc tcc ctt ctc agc ttc atg cag ggt tac	151								
Ala Ser Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ser Leu Leu Ser Phe Met Gln Gly Tyr									
20 25 30 35									
atg aag cac gcc acc aag acc gcc aag gat gca ctg agc agc gtg cag	199								
Met Lys His Ala Thr Lys Thr Ala Lys Asp Ala Leu Ser Ser Val Gln									
40 45 50									
gag tcc cag gtg gcc cag cag gcc agg gcc tgg gtg acc gat ggc ttc	247								
Glu Ser Gln Val Ala Gln Gln Ala Arg Gly Trp Val Thr Asp Gly Phe									
55 60 65									
agt tcc ctg aaa gac tac tgg agc acc gtt aag gac aag ttc tct gag	295								
Ser Ser Leu Lys Asp Tyr Trp Ser Thr Val Lys Asp Lys Phe Ser Glu									
70 75 80									
ttc tgg gat ttg gac cct gag gtc aga cca act tca gcc gtg gct gcc	343								
Phe Trp Asp Leu Asp Pro Glu Val Arg Pro Thr Ser Ala Val Ala Ala									
85 90 95									
tga gacctcaata ccccaagtcc acctgcctat ccatactcgg agctccttgg	396								
*									
gtcctgcaat ctccagggtc gccctgtag gttgcttaa agggacagta ttctcagtgc	456								
tctctaccc cactcatgc ctggccccc tccaggcatg ctggcctccc aataaagctg	516								
gacaagaagc tgctatg	533								

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<210> SEQ ID NO 26
<211> LENGTH: 99
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<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

Met Gln Pro Arg Val Leu Leu Val Val Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala
 1 5 10 15

Ser Ala Arg Ala Ser Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ser Leu Leu Ser Phe Met
 20 25 30

Gln Gly Tyr Met Lys His Ala Thr Lys Thr Ala Lys Asp Ala Leu Ser
 35 40 45

Ser Val Gln Glu Ser Gln Val Ala Gln Gln Ala Arg Gly Trp Val Thr
 50 55 60

Asp Gly Phe Ser Ser Leu Lys Asp Tyr Trp Ser Thr Val Lys Asp Lys
 65 70 75 80

Phe Ser Glu Phe Trp Asp Leu Asp Pro Glu Val Arg Pro Thr Ser Ala
 85 90 95

Val Ala Ala

<210> SEQ ID NO 27

<211> LENGTH: 8925

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (5020)...(6162)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide encoding ATP-binding cassette (ABC1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n= a or g or c or t

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

ctcagtgtca gctgctgctg gaagtggcct ggccctctatt tatcttctctg atcctgatct 60
 ctgttcggct gagctaccca ccctatgaac aacatgaatg ccattttcca aataaagcca 120
 tgccctctgc aggaacactt ccttgggttc aggggattat ctgtaatgoc aacaaccctt 180
 gtttcctgta cccgactcct ggggaggctc ccggagtgtg tggaaacttt aacaaatcca 240
 ttgtggctcg cctgtttctca gatgctcgga ggctttcttt atacagccag aaagacacca 300
 gcatgaagga catgcgcgaaa gttctgagaa cattacagca gatcaagaaa tccagctcaa 360
 acttgaagct tcaagatttc ctggtggaca atgaacactt ctctgggttc ctgtatcaca 420
 acctctctct cccaaagtct actgtggaca agatgctgag ggctgatgtc attctccaca 480
 aggtattttt gcaaggctac cagttacatt tgacaagtct gtgcaatgga tcaaaatcag 540
 aagagatgat tcaacttggg gaccaagaag tttctgagct ttgtggccta ccaagggaga 600
 aactggctgc agcagagcga gtacttcgtt ccaacatgga catcctgaag ccaatcctga 660
 gaacactaaa ctctacatct cccttcocga gcaaggagct ggctgaagoc aaaaaaacat 720
 tgctgcatag tcttgggact ctggcccagg agctgttcag catgagaagc tggagtgaca 780
 tgccacagga ggtgatgttt ctgaccaatg tgaacagctc cagctcctcc acccaaactt 840
 accaggctgt gtctcgtatt gtctgggggc atcccgaggg aggggggctg aagatcaagt 900
 ctotcaactg gtatgaggac aacaactaca aagccctctt tggaggcoaat ggcactgagg 960
 aagatgctga aaccttctat gacaactcta caactcctta ctgcaatgat ttgatgaaga 1020
 atttggagtc tagtctctct tcccgatta tctggaaagc totgaagcgc ctgctcgttg 1080
 ggaagatcct gtatacacct gacactccag ccacaaggca ggtcatggct gaggtgaaca 1140

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agaccttcca ggaactggct gtgttccatg atctggaagg catgtgggag gaactcagcc	1200
ccaagatctg gaccttcatg gagaacagcc aagaaatgga ccttgtcggg atgctgttgg	1260
acagcagggg caatgaccac ttttgggaaac agcagttgga tggcttagat tggacagccc	1320
aagacatcgt ggcgtttttg gccaaagcacc cagaggatgt ccagtccagt aatggttctg	1380
tgtacacctg gagagaagct ttcaacgaga ctaaccaggc aatccggacc atatctcgct	1440
tcatggagtg tgtcaacctg aacaagctag aacctatago aacagaagtc tggctcatca	1500
acaagtccat ggagctgctg gatgagagga agttctgggc tgggtattgtg ttacttgga	1560
ttactccagg cagcattgag ctgccccatc atgtcaagta caagatccga atggacattg	1620
acaatgtgga gaggacaaat aaaatcaagg atgggtactg ggacctgggt cctcgagctg	1680
acccctttga ggacatgcgg tacgtctggg ggggcttcgc ctacttgca gatgtggtgg	1740
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ccctcttoat gacgtggcc tggatttact cagtggctgt gatcatcaag ggcacgtgt	1920
atgagaagga ggcacggctg aaagagacca tgcggatcat gggcctggac aacagcatcc	1980
tctggtttag ctggttcatt agtagcctca ttcctcttct tgtgagcgct ggctgctag	2040
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tcctgtccgt gtttgcgtg gtgacaatcc tgcagtgtt cctgattagc acactcttct	2160
ccagagccaa cctggcagca gcctgtggg gcacatctca cttcacgctg tacctgccct	2220
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acattgaggc tgtctttcca ggcagtagc gaattcccag gccctggtat tttccttgca	2520
ccaagtccca ctggttttgg gaggaaagtg atgagaagag ccacctgggt tccaaaccga	2580
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ttcagaacct ggtaaaagtc taccgagatg gcatgaaggt ggctgtcgat ggcctggcac	2700
tgaattttta tgaggggccag atcacctcct tccctgggcca caatggagcg gggaagacga	2760
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agctgggaac aggtactac ctgacctgg tcaagaaaga tgtggaatcc tccctcagtt	3360
cctgcagaaa cagtagtagc actgtgtcat acctgaaaa ggaggacagt gtttctcaga	3420

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gcagttctga tgctggcctg ggcagcgacc atgagagtga cacgctgacc atcgatgtct	3480
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tctttcatga gattgatgac cggctctcag acctgggcat ttctagtatt ggcatctcag	3660
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aatccagaga gacagacttg ctcagtggga tggatggcaa agggctctac caggtgaaag	3900
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gaaacccaat ccagacacg cctgcccagg caggggagga agagtggacc actgcccacg	4260
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atactcaagc acttctcccg agtcaagaag ttaatgatgc catcaacaa atgaagaac	4620
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caatcagctc tttcctgaat gtcatcaaca atgccattct cggggccaac ctgcaaaagg	4800
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tcagcaaagc aaaacacctg cagttcatca gtggagtga agc ctg tca tct act	5034
Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr	
1 5	
ggc tct cta att ttg tct ggg ata tgt gca att aag ttg ttt cca ann	5082
Gly Ser Leu Ile Leu Ser Gly Ile Cys Ala Ile Lys Leu Phe Pro Xaa	
10 15 20	
nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn	5130
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	
25 30 35	
nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn nnn	5178
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	
40 45 50	
nta atc ttt cct ttt cag tgc ttt ggg ctc ctg gga gtt aat ggg gct	5226
Xaa Ile Phe Pro Phe Gln Cys Phe Gly Leu Leu Gly Val Asn Gly Ala	
55 60 65	
gga aaa tca tca act ttc aag atg tta aca gga gat acc act gtt acc	5274
Gly Lys Ser Ser Thr Phe Lys Met Leu Thr Gly Asp Thr Thr Val Thr	
70 75 80 85	

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aga gga gat gct ttc ctt aac att tgc agt atc tta tca aac atc cat	5322
Arg Gly Asp Ala Phe Leu Asn Ile Cys Ser Ile Leu Ser Asn Ile His	
90 95 100	
gaa gta cat cag aac atg ggc tac tgc cct cag ttt gat gcc atc aca	5370
Glu Val His Gln Asn Met Gly Tyr Cys Pro Gln Phe Asp Ala Ile Thr	
105 110 115	
gag ctg ttg act ggg aga gaa cac gtg gag ttc ttt gcc ctt ttg aga	5418
Glu Leu Leu Thr Gly Arg Glu His Val Glu Phe Phe Ala Leu Leu Arg	
120 125 130	
gga gtc cca gag aaa gaa gtt ggc aag gtt ggt gag tgg gcg att cgg	5466
Gly Val Pro Glu Lys Glu Val Gly Lys Val Gly Glu Trp Ala Ile Arg	
135 140 145	
aaa ctg ggc ctc gtg aag tat gga gaa aaa tat gct ggt aac tat agt	5514
Lys Leu Gly Leu Val Lys Tyr Gly Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gly Asn Tyr Ser	
150 155 160 165	
gga ggc aac aaa cgc aag ctc tct aca gcc atg gct ttg atc ggc ggg	5562
Gly Gly Asn Lys Arg Lys Leu Ser Thr Ala Met Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly	
170 175 180	
cct cct gtg gtg ttt ctg gat gaa ccc acc aca gcc atg gat ccc aaa	5610
Pro Pro Val Val Phe Leu Asp Glu Pro Thr Thr Gly Met Asp Pro Lys	
185 190 195	
gcc cgg cgg ttc ttg tgg aat tgt gcc cta agt gtt gtc aag gag ggg	5658
Ala Arg Arg Phe Leu Trp Asn Cys Ala Leu Ser Val Val Lys Glu Gly	
200 205 210	
aga tca gta gtg ctt aca tct cat agt atg gaa gaa tgt gaa gct ctt	5706
Arg Ser Val Val Leu Thr Ser His Ser Met Glu Glu Cys Glu Ala Leu	
215 220 225	
tgc act agg atg gca atc atg gtc aat gga agg ttc agg tgc ctt ggc	5754
Cys Thr Arg Met Ala Ile Met Val Asn Gly Arg Phe Arg Cys Leu Gly	
230 235 240 245	
agt gtc cag cat cta aaa aat agg ttt gga gat ggt tat aca ata gtt	5802
Ser Val Gln His Leu Lys Asn Arg Phe Gly Asp Gly Tyr Thr Ile Val	
250 255 260	
gta cga ata gca ggg tcc aac ccg gac ctg aag cct gtc cag gat ttc	5850
Val Arg Ile Ala Gly Ser Asn Pro Asp Leu Lys Pro Val Gln Asp Phe	
265 270 275	
ttt gga ctt gca ttt cct gga agt gtt cta aaa gag aaa cac cgg aac	5898
Phe Gly Leu Ala Phe Pro Gly Ser Val Leu Lys Glu Lys His Arg Asn	
280 285 290	
atg cta caa tac cag ctt cca tct tca tta tct tct ctg gcc agg ata	5946
Met Leu Gln Tyr Gln Leu Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala Arg Ile	
295 300 305	
ttc agc atc ctc tcc cag agc aaa aag cga ctc cac ata gaa gac tac	5994
Phe Ser Ile Leu Ser Gln Ser Lys Lys Arg Leu His Ile Glu Asp Tyr	
310 315 320 325	
tct gtt tot cag aca aca ctt gac caa gta ttt gtg aac ttt gcc aag	6042
Ser Val Ser Gln Thr Thr Leu Asp Gln Val Phe Val Asn Phe Ala Lys	
330 335 340	
gac caa agt gat gat gac cac tta aaa gac ctc tca tta cac aaa aac	6090
Asp Gln Ser Asp Asp Asp His Leu Lys Asp Leu Ser Leu His Lys Asn	
345 350 355	
cag aca gta gtg gac gtt gca gtt ctc aca tot ttt cta cag gat gag	6138
Gln Thr Val Val Asp Val Ala Val Leu Thr Ser Phe Leu Gln Asp Glu	
360 365 370	
aaa gtg aaa gaa agc tat gta tga agaattcctgt tcatacgggg tggtgaaag	6192
Lys Val Lys Glu Ser Tyr Val *	
375 380	

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taaagaggaa	ctagactttc	ctttgcacca	tgtgaagtgt	tgtggagaaa	agagccagaa	6252
gttgatgtgg	gaagaagtaa	actggatact	gtaactgatac	tattcaatgc	aatgcaatto	6312
aatgcaatga	aaacaaaatt	ccattacagg	ggcagtgcot	ttgtagccta	tgtcttgtat	6372
ggctctcaag	tgaagactt	gaatttagtt	ttttacctat	acctatgtga	aactctatta	6432
tggaaoccaa	tggacatatg	ggtttgaact	cacacttttt	tttttttttt	tgttcctgtg	6492
tattctcatt	ggggttgcaa	caataattca	tcaagtaato	atggccagcg	attattgato	6552
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ttcccgggtga	cacatccatt	gctggcaatg	agtgtgccag	agttattagt	gccaagtttt	6672
tcagaaagtt	tgaagcacca	tgggtgtgtca	tgtccacttt	tgtgaaagct	gctctgtcca	6732
gagtctatca	acattgaata	tcagttgaca	gaatgggtgc	atgcgtggct	aacatcctgc	6792
tttgattccc	tctgataaag	tgttctgggt	gcagtaacat	gcaacaaaaa	tgtgggtgtc	6852
tccaggcacg	ggaaacttgg	ttccattggt	atattgtcct	atgcttcgag	ccatgggtct	6912
acagggtcoat	cottatgaga	ctottaataa	taotttagato	ctggtaagag	gcaaagaato	6972
aacagccaaa	ctgtctgggc	tgaagctgc	tgaagccagg	gcattgggatt	aaagagattg	7032
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ggaattttta	gttctatcag	tgactcttga	atccttagaa	tggcctcttt	gtagaacct	7272
gtggtataga	ggagtatggc	cactgccccca	ctatttttat	tttcttatgt	aagtttgcac	7332
atcagtcagt	actagtgcct	agaaagcaat	gtgatgggtca	ggatctcatg	acattatatt	7392
tgagtttctt	tcagatcatt	taggatactc	ttaatctcac	ttcatcaatc	aaatattttt	7452
tgagtgtatg	ctgtagctga	aagagtatgt	acgtacgtat	aagactagag	agatattaag	7512
tctcagtaca	cttcctgtgc	catgttattc	agctcactgg	tttacaataa	taggttgtct	7572
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gcaacaatgc	aaaagccaag	aaagtataag	ggtcacaaat	ctaaacaatg	aattcttcaa	7692
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gtaccttcaa	ataattggct	tgcagatat	tggatacccc	attaaatctg	acagtctcaa	7812
atttttctac	tcttcaatca	ctagtcaaga	aaaatataaa	aacaacaaat	acttccatat	7872
ggagcatttt	tcagagtttt	ctaaccagct	cttatttttc	tagtcagtaa	acatttgtaa	7932
aaatactggt	tcactaatac	ttactgttaa	ctgtcttgag	agaaaagaaa	aatatgagag	7992
aaotattggt	tggggaagtt	caagtgtatc	ttoaatatca	ttactaaott	cttocaottt	8052
ttocagaatt	tgaatattaa	cgctaaaggt	gtaagacttc	agatttcaaa	ttaatctttc	8112
tatatttttt	aaatttacag	aatatttatat	aaccactgc	tgaaaaagaa	aaaaatgatt	8172
gttttagaag	ttaaagtoaa	tattgatttt	aaatataagt	aatgaaggca	tatttccaat	8232
aaotagtgat	atggcatcgt	tgcattttac	agtatcttca	aaaatacaga	atttatagaa	8292
taattttctc	tcatttaata	tttttcaaaa	tcaaagttat	ggtttctcca	ttttactaaa	8352
atcgtattct	aattcttcat	tatagttaa	ctatgagcaa	ctccttaott	cgttctctct	8412
gatttcaagg	ccatatttta	aaaaatcaaa	aggcactgtg	aactattttg	aagaaaacac	8472

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aacatttttaa tacagattga aaggacctct tctgaagcta gaaacaatct atagttatac 8532
atotttcatta atactgtggt acotttttaaa atagtaatgt tttacatttt cctgtgtaaa 8592
cctaattgtg gtagaaatgt ttaccaactc tatactcaat caagcaaat ttctgtatat 8652
tccctgtgga atgtacctat gtgagtttca gaaattctca aaatacgtgt tcaaaaatgt 8712
ctgctttttgc atctttggga caacctcagaa aacttattaa caactgtgaa tatgagaaat 8772
acagaagaaa ataataagcc ctctatacat aaatgccag cacaattcat tgttaaaaaa 8832
caaccaaacc tcacactact gtatttcatt atctgtactg aaagcaaatg ctttgtgact 8892
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<210> SEQ ID NO 28
<211> LENGTH: 380
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: UNSURE
<222> LOCATION: (21)...(54)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa = unknown

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<400> SEQUENCE: 28

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Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Gly Ser Leu Ile Leu Ser Gly Ile Cys Ala Ile
 1             5             10            15
Lys Leu Phe Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa
 20            25            30
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa
 35            40            45
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Ile Phe Pro Phe Gln Cys Phe Gly Leu Leu
 50            55            60
Gly Val Asn Gly Ala Gly Lys Ser Ser Thr Phe Lys Met Leu Thr Gly
 65            70            75            80
Asp Thr Thr Val Thr Arg Gly Asp Ala Phe Leu Asn Ile Cys Ser Ile
 85            90            95
Leu Ser Asn Ile His Glu Val His Gln Asn Met Gly Tyr Cys Pro Gln
100           105           110
Phe Asp Ala Ile Thr Glu Leu Leu Thr Gly Arg Glu His Val Glu Phe
115           120           125
Phe Ala Leu Leu Arg Gly Val Pro Glu Lys Glu Val Gly Lys Val Gly
130           135           140
Glu Trp Ala Ile Arg Lys Leu Gly Leu Val Lys Tyr Gly Glu Lys Tyr
145           150           155           160
Ala Gly Asn Tyr Ser Gly Gly Asn Lys Arg Lys Leu Ser Thr Ala Met
165           170           175
Ala Leu Ile Gly Gly Pro Pro Val Val Phe Leu Asp Glu Pro Thr Thr
180           185           190
Gly Met Asp Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Phe Leu Trp Asn Cys Ala Leu Ser
195           200           205
Val Val Lys Glu Gly Arg Ser Val Val Leu Thr Ser His Ser Met Glu
210           215           220
Glu Cys Glu Ala Leu Cys Thr Arg Met Ala Ile Met Val Asn Gly Arg
225           230           235           240
Phe Arg Cys Leu Gly Ser Val Gln His Leu Lys Asn Arg Phe Gly Asp
245           250           255

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<210> SEQ ID NO 29
<211> LENGTH: 897
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (39)...(842)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein A-1
(APOA1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 29
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agagactgcg	agaaggaggt	ccccacgggc	ccttcagg	atg	aaa	gct	gcg	gtg	ctg		56					
				Met	Lys	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu							
				1				5								
acc	ttg	gcc	gtg	ctc	ttc	ctg	acg	ggg	agc	cag	gct	cgg	cat	ttc	tgg	104
Thr	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Phe	Leu	Thr	Gly	Ser	Gln	Ala	Arg	His	Phe	Trp	
			10					15					20			
cag	caa	gat	gaa	ccc	ccc	cag	agc	ccc	tgg	gat	cga	gtg	aag	gac	ctg	152
Gln	Gln	Asp	Glu	Pro	Pro	Gln	Ser	Pro	Trp	Asp	Arg	Val	Lys	Asp	Leu	
		25					30					35				
gcc	act	gtg	tac	gtg	gat	gtg	ctc	aaa	gac	agc	ggc	aga	gac	tat	gtg	200
Ala	Thr	Val	Tyr	Val	Asp	Val	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ser	Gly	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Val	
		40				45					50					
tcc	cag	ttt	gaa	ggc	tcc	gcc	ttg	gga	aaa	cag	cta	aac	cta	aag	ctc	248
Ser	Gln	Phe	Glu	Gly	Ser	Ala	Leu	Gly	Lys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Leu	Lys	Leu	
	55				60					65					70	
ctt	gac	aac	tgg	gac	agc	gtg	acc	tcc	acc	ttc	agc	aag	ctg	cgc	gaa	296
Leu	Asp	Asn	Trp	Asp	Ser	Val	Thr	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ser	Lys	Leu	Arg	Glu	
				75					80					85		
cag	ctc	ggc	cct	gtg	acc	cag	gag	ttc	tgg	gat	aac	ctg	gaa	aag	gag	344
Gln	Leu	Gly	Pro	Val	Thr	Gln	Glu	Phe	Trp	Asp	Asn	Leu	Glu	Lys	Glu	
			90				95					100				
aca	gag	ggc	ctg	agg	cag	gag	atg	agc	aag	gat	ctg	gag	gag	gtg	aag	392
Thr	Glu	Gly	Leu	Arg	Gln	Glu	Met	Ser	Lys	Asp	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Lys	
		105					110					115				
gcc	aag	gtg	cag	ccc	tac	ctg	gac	gac	ttc	cag	aag	aag	tgg	cag	gag	440
Ala	Lys	Val	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Asp	Phe	Gln	Lys	Lys	Trp	Gln	Glu	
	120					125					130					

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gag atg gag ctc tac cgc cag aag gtg gag cgc ctg cgc gca gag ctc Glu Met Glu Leu Tyr Arg Gln Lys Val Glu Pro Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu 135 140 145 150	488
caa gag ggc gcg cgc cag aag ctg cac gag ctg caa gag aag ctg agc Gln Glu Gly Ala Arg Gln Lys Leu His Glu Leu Gln Glu Lys Leu Ser 155 160 165	536
cca ctg ggc gag gag atg cgc gac cgc gcg cgc gcc cat gtg gac gcg Pro Leu Gly Glu Glu Met Arg Asp Arg Ala Arg Ala His Val Asp Ala 170 175 180	584
ctg cgc acg cat ctg gcc ccc tac agc gac gag ctg cgc cag cgc ttg Leu Arg Thr His Leu Ala Pro Tyr Ser Asp Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu 185 190 195	632
gcc gcg cgc ctt gag gct ctc aag gag aac ggc gcc ggc aga ctg gcc Ala Ala Arg Leu Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Asn Gly Gly Ala Arg Leu Ala 200 205 210	680
gag tac cac gcc aag gcc acc gag cat ctg agc acg ctc agc gag aag Glu Tyr His Ala Lys Ala Thr Glu His Leu Ser Thr Leu Ser Glu Lys 215 220 225 230	728
gcc aag ccc gcg ctc gag gac ctc cgc caa ggc ctg ctg ccc gtg ctg Ala Lys Pro Ala Leu Glu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Leu Leu Pro Val Leu 235 240 245	776
gag agc ttc aag gtc agc ttc ctg agc gct ctc gag gag tac act aag Glu Ser Phe Lys Val Ser Phe Leu Ser Ala Leu Glu Glu Tyr Thr Lys 250 255 260	824
aag ctc aac acc cag tga ggcgcgcgcc gccgcccccc ttcccggtgc Lys Leu Asn Thr Gln * 265	872
tcagaataaaa cggttccaaa gtggg	897
<210> SEQ ID NO 30	
<211> LENGTH: 267	
<212> TYPE: PRT	
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien	
<400> SEQUENCE: 30	
Met Lys Ala Ala Val Leu Thr Leu Ala Val Leu Phe Leu Thr Gly Ser 1 5 10 15	
Gln Ala Arg His Phe Trp Gln Gln Asp Glu Pro Pro Gln Ser Pro Trp 20 25 30	
Asp Arg Val Lys Asp Leu Ala Thr Val Tyr Val Asp Val Leu Lys Asp 35 40 45	
Ser Gly Arg Asp Tyr Val Ser Gln Phe Glu Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Lys 50 55 60	
Gln Leu Asn Leu Lys Leu Leu Asp Asn Trp Asp Ser Val Thr Ser Thr 65 70 75 80	
Phe Ser Lys Leu Arg Glu Gln Leu Gly Pro Val Thr Gln Glu Phe Trp 85 90 95	
Asp Asn Leu Glu Lys Glu Thr Glu Gly Leu Arg Gln Glu Met Ser Lys 100 105 110	
Asp Leu Glu Glu Val Lys Ala Lys Val Gln Pro Tyr Leu Asp Asp Phe 115 120 125	
Gln Lys Lys Trp Gln Glu Glu Met Glu Leu Tyr Arg Gln Lys Val Glu 130 135 140	
Pro Leu Arg Ala Glu Leu Gln Glu Gly Ala Arg Gln Lys Leu His Glu 145 150 155 160	

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Leu Gln Glu Lys Leu Ser Pro Leu Gly Glu Glu Met Arg Asp Arg Ala
 165 170 175
 Arg Ala His Val Asp Ala Leu Arg Thr His Leu Ala Pro Tyr Ser Asp
 180 185 190
 Glu Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu Ala Ala Arg Leu Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Asn
 195 200 205
 Gly Gly Ala Arg Leu Ala Glu Tyr His Ala Lys Ala Thr Glu His Leu
 210 215 220
 Ser Thr Leu Ser Glu Lys Ala Lys Pro Ala Leu Glu Asp Leu Arg Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Leu Leu Pro Val Leu Glu Ser Phe Lys Val Ser Phe Leu Ser Ala
 245 250 255
 Leu Glu Glu Tyr Thr Lys Lys Leu Asn Thr Gln
 260 265

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
 <211> LENGTH: 14121
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (129)...(13820)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding apolipoprotein B
 (APOB)

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

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 cccagccagc cagggcccgaggcc caggccgagc cccaggagcc gccccaccgc 120
 agctggcg atg gac ccg ccg agg ccc gcg ctg ctg gcg ctg ctg gcg ctg 170
 Met Asp Pro Pro Arg Pro Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu
 1 5 10
 cct gcg ctg ctg ctg ctg ctg gcg gcc gcc agg gcc gaa gag gaa 218
 Pro Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Arg Ala Glu Glu Glu
 15 20 25 30
 atg ctg gaa aat gtc agc ctg gtc tgt cca aaa gat gcg acc cga ttc 266
 Met Leu Glu Asn Val Ser Leu Val Cys Pro Lys Asp Ala Thr Arg Phe
 35 40 45
 aag cac ctc cgg aag tac aca tac aac tat gag gct gag agt tcc agt 314
 Lys His Leu Arg Lys Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Tyr Glu Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser
 50 55 60
 gga gtc cct ggg act gct gat tca aga agt gcc acc agg atc aac tgc 362
 Gly Val Pro Gly Thr Ala Asp Ser Arg Ser Ala Thr Arg Ile Asn Cys
 65 70 75
 aag gtt gag ctg gag gtt ccc cag ctc tgc agc ttc atc ctg aag acc 410
 Lys Val Glu Leu Glu Val Pro Gln Leu Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Lys Thr
 80 85 90
 agc cag tgc acc ctg aaa gag gtg tat gcc ttc aac cct gag gcc aaa 458
 Ser Gln Cys Thr Leu Lys Glu Val Tyr Gly Phe Asn Pro Glu Gly Lys
 95 100 105 110
 gcc ttg ctg aag aaa acc aag aac tct gag gag ttt gct gca gcc atg 506
 Ala Leu Leu Lys Lys Thr Lys Asn Ser Glu Glu Phe Ala Ala Met
 115 120 125
 tcc agg tat gag ctc aag ctg gcc att cca gaa ggg aag cag gtt ttc 554
 Ser Arg Tyr Glu Leu Lys Leu Ala Ile Pro Glu Gly Lys Gln Val Phe
 130 135 140

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ctt tac ccg gag aaa gat gaa cct act tac atc ctg aac atc aag agg Leu Tyr Pro Glu Lys Asp Glu Pro Thr Tyr Ile Leu Asn Ile Lys Arg 145 150 155	602
ggc atc att tct gcc ctc ctg gtt ccc cca gag aca gaa gaa gcc aag Gly Ile Ile Ser Ala Leu Leu Val Pro Pro Glu Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys 160 165 170	650
caa gtg ttg ttt ctg gat acc gtg tat gga aac tgc tcc act cac ttt Gln Val Leu Phe Leu Asp Thr Val Tyr Gly Asn Cys Ser Thr His Phe 175 180 185 190	698
acc gtc aag acg agg aag ggc aat gtg gca aca gaa ata tcc act gaa Thr Val Lys Thr Arg Lys Gly Asn Val Ala Thr Glu Ile Ser Thr Glu 195 200 205	746
aga gac ctg ggg cag tgt gat cgc ttc aag ccc atc cgc aca ggc atc Arg Asp Leu Gly Gln Cys Asp Arg Phe Lys Pro Ile Arg Thr Gly Ile 210 215 220	794
agc cca ctt gct ctc atc aaa ggc atg acc cgc ccc ttg tca act ctg Ser Pro Leu Ala Leu Ile Lys Gly Met Thr Arg Pro Leu Ser Thr Leu 225 230 235	842
atc agc agc agc cag tcc tgt cag tac aca ctg gac gct aag agg aag Ile Ser Ser Ser Gln Ser Cys Gln Tyr Thr Leu Asp Ala Lys Arg Lys 240 245 250	890
cat gtg gca gaa gcc atc tgc aag gag caa cac ctc ttc ctg cct ttc His Val Ala Glu Ala Ile Cys Lys Glu Gln His Leu Phe Leu Pro Phe 255 260 265 270	938
tcc tac aac aat aag tat ggg atg gta gca caa gtg aca cag act ttg Ser Tyr Asn Asn Lys Tyr Gly Met Val Ala Gln Val Thr Gln Thr Leu 275 280 285	986
aaa ctt gaa gac aca cca aag atc aac agc cgc ttc ttt ggt gaa ggt Lys Leu Glu Asp Thr Pro Lys Ile Asn Ser Arg Phe Phe Gly Glu Gly 290 295 300	1034
act aag aag atg ggc ctc gca ttt gag agc acc aaa tcc aca tca cct Thr Lys Lys Met Gly Leu Ala Phe Glu Ser Thr Lys Ser Thr Ser Pro 305 310 315	1082
cca aag cag gcc gaa gct gtt ttg aag act ctc cag gaa ctg aaa aaa Pro Lys Gln Ala Glu Ala Val Leu Lys Thr Leu Gln Glu Leu Lys Lys 320 325 330	1130
cta acc atc tct gag caa aat atc cag aga gct aat ctc ttc aat aag Leu Thr Ile Ser Glu Gln Asn Ile Gln Arg Ala Asn Leu Phe Asn Lys 335 340 345 350	1178
ctg gtt act gag ctg aga ggc ctc agt gat gaa gca gtc aca tct ctc Leu Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Gly Leu Ser Asp Glu Ala Val Thr Ser Leu 355 360 365	1226
ttg cca cag ctg att gag gtg tcc agc ccc atc act tta caa gcc ttg Leu Pro Gln Leu Ile Glu Val Ser Ser Pro Ile Thr Leu Gln Ala Leu 370 375 380	1274
gtt cag tgt gga cag cct cag tgc tcc act cac atc ctc cag tgg ctg Val Gln Cys Gly Gln Pro Gln Cys Ser Thr His Ile Leu Gln Trp Leu 385 390 395	1322
aaa cgt gtg cat gcc aac ccc ctt ctg ata gat gtg gtc acc tac ctg Lys Arg Val His Ala Asn Pro Leu Leu Ile Asp Val Val Thr Tyr Leu 400 405 410	1370
gtg gcc ctg atc ccc gag ccc tca gca cag cag ctg cga gag atc ttc Val Ala Leu Ile Pro Glu Pro Ser Ala Gln Gln Leu Arg Glu Ile Phe 415 420 425 430	1418
aac atg gcg agg gat cag cgc agc cga gcc acc ttg tat gcg ctg agc Asn Met Ala Arg Asp Gln Arg Ser Arg Ala Thr Leu Tyr Ala Leu Ser 435 440 445	1466

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cac gcg gtc aac aac tat cat aag aca aac cct aca ggg acc cag gag His Ala Val Asn Asn Tyr His Lys Thr Asn Pro Thr Gly Thr Gln Glu 450 455 460	1514
ctg ctg gac att gct aat tac ctg atg gaa cag att caa gat gac tgc Leu Leu Asp Ile Ala Asn Tyr Leu Met Glu Gln Ile Gln Asp Asp Cys 465 470 475	1562
act ggg gat gaa gat tac acc tat ttg att ctg cgg gtc att gga aat Thr Gly Asp Glu Asp Tyr Thr Tyr Leu Ile Leu Arg Val Ile Gly Asn 480 485 490	1610
atg ggc caa acc atg gag cag tta act cca gaa ctc aag tct tca atc Met Gly Gln Thr Met Glu Gln Leu Thr Pro Glu Leu Lys Ser Ser Ile 495 500 505 510	1658
ctc aaa tgt gtc caa agt aca aag cca tca ctg atg atc cag aaa gct Leu Lys Cys Val Gln Ser Thr Lys Pro Ser Leu Met Ile Gln Lys Ala 515 520 525	1706
gcc atc cag gct ctg cgg aaa atg gag cct aaa gac aag gac cag gag Ala Ile Gln Ala Leu Arg Lys Met Glu Pro Lys Asp Lys Asp Gln Glu 530 535 540	1754
gtt ctt ctt cag act ttc ctt gat gat gct tot cgg gga gat aag cga Val Leu Leu Gln Thr Phe Leu Asp Ala Ser Pro Gly Asp Lys Arg 545 550 555	1802
ctg gct gcc tat ctt atg ttg atg agg agt cct tca cag gca gat att Leu Ala Ala Tyr Leu Met Leu Met Arg Ser Pro Ser Gln Ala Asp Ile 560 565 570	1850
aac aaa att gtc caa att cta cca tgg gaa cag aat gag caa gtg aag Asn Lys Ile Val Gln Ile Leu Pro Trp Glu Gln Asn Glu Gln Val Lys 575 580 585 590	1898
aac ttt gtg gct tcc cat att gcc aat atc ttg aac tca gaa gaa ttg Asn Phe Val Ala Ser His Ile Ala Asn Ile Leu Asn Ser Glu Glu Leu 595 600 605	1946
gat atc caa gat ctg aaa aag tta gtg aaa gaa gct ctg aaa gaa tct Asp Ile Gln Asp Leu Lys Lys Leu Val Lys Glu Ala Leu Lys Glu Ser 610 615 620	1994
caa ctt cca act gtc atg gac ttc aga aaa ttc tct cgg aac tat caa Gln Leu Pro Thr Val Met Asp Phe Arg Lys Phe Ser Arg Asn Tyr Gln 625 630 635	2042
ctc tac aaa tct gtt tct ctt cca tca ctt gac cca gcc tca gcc aaa Leu Tyr Lys Ser Val Ser Leu Pro Ser Leu Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Lys 640 645 650	2090
ata gaa ggg aat ctt ata ttt gat cca aat aac tac ctt cct aaa gaa Ile Glu Gly Asn Leu Ile Phe Asp Pro Asn Asn Tyr Leu Pro Lys Glu 655 660 665 670	2138
agc atg ctg aaa act acc ctc act gcc ttt gga ttt gct tca gct gac Ser Met Leu Lys Thr Thr Leu Thr Ala Phe Gly Phe Ala Ser Ala Asp 675 680 685	2186
ctc atc gag att ggc ttg gaa gga aaa ggc ttt gag cca aca ttg gaa Leu Ile Glu Ile Gly Leu Glu Gly Lys Gly Phe Glu Pro Thr Leu Glu 690 695 700	2234
gct ctt ttt ggg aag caa gga ttt ttc cca gac agt gtc aac aaa gct Ala Leu Phe Gly Lys Gln Gly Phe Phe Pro Asp Ser Val Asn Lys Ala 705 710 715	2282
ttg tac tgg gtt aat ggt caa gtt cct gat ggt gtc tct aag gtc tta Leu Tyr Trp Val Asn Gly Gln Val Pro Asp Gly Val Ser Lys Val Leu 720 725 730	2330
gtg gac cac ttt ggc tat acc aaa gat gat aaa cat gag cag gat atg Val Asp His Phe Gly Tyr Thr Lys Asp Asp Lys His Glu Gln Asp Met 735 740 745 750	2378

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gta aat gga ata atg ctc agt gtt gag aag ctg att aaa gat ttg aaa	2426
Val Asn Gly Ile Met Leu Ser Val Glu Lys Leu Ile Lys Asp Leu Lys	
755 760 765	
tcc aaa gaa gtc ccg gaa gcc aga gcc tac ctc cgc atc ttg gga gag	2474
Ser Lys Glu Val Pro Glu Ala Arg Ala Tyr Leu Arg Ile Leu Gly Glu	
770 775 780	
gag ctt ggt ttt gcc agt ctc cat gac ctc cag ctc ctg gga aag ctg	2522
Glu Leu Gly Phe Ala Ser Leu His Asp Leu Gln Leu Leu Gly Lys Leu	
785 790 795	
ctt ctg atg ggt gcc cgc act ctg cag ggg atc ccc cag atg att gga	2570
Leu Leu Met Gly Ala Arg Thr Leu Gln Gly Ile Pro Gln Met Ile Gly	
800 805 810	
gag gtc atc agg aag gcc tca aag aat gac ttt ttt ctt cac tac atc	2618
Glu Val Ile Arg Lys Gly Ser Lys Asn Asp Phe Phe Leu His Tyr Ile	
815 820 825 830	
ttc atg gag aat gcc ttt gaa ctc ccc act gga gct gga tta cag ttg	2666
Phe Met Glu Asn Ala Phe Glu Leu Pro Thr Gly Ala Gly Leu Gln Leu	
835 840 845	
caa ata tct tca tct gga gtc att gct ccc gga gcc aag gct gga gta	2714
Gln Ile Ser Ser Ser Gly Val Ile Ala Pro Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly Val	
850 855 860	
aaa ctg gaa gta gcc aac atg cag gct gaa ctg gtg gca aaa ccc tcc	2762
Lys Leu Glu Val Ala Asn Met Gln Ala Glu Leu Val Ala Lys Pro Ser	
865 870 875	
gtg tct gtg gag ttt gtg aca aat atg ggc atc atc att ccg gac ttc	2810
Val Ser Val Glu Phe Val Thr Asn Met Gly Ile Ile Ile Pro Asp Phe	
880 885 890	
gct agg agt ggg gtc cag atg aac acc aac ttc ttc cac gag tcg ggt	2858
Ala Arg Ser Gly Val Gln Met Asn Thr Asn Phe Phe His Glu Ser Gly	
895 900 905 910	
ctg gag gct cat gtt gcc cta aaa gct ggg aag ctg aag ttt atc att	2906
Leu Glu Ala His Val Ala Leu Lys Ala Gly Lys Leu Lys Phe Ile Ile	
915 920 925	
cct tcc cca aag aga cca gtc aag ctg ctc agt gga ggc aac aca tta	2954
Pro Ser Pro Lys Arg Pro Val Lys Leu Leu Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Leu	
930 935 940	
cat ttg gtc tct acc acc aaa acg gag gtg atc cca cct ctc att gag	3002
His Leu Val Ser Thr Thr Lys Thr Glu Val Ile Pro Pro Leu Ile Glu	
945 950 955	
aac agg cag tcc tgg tca gtt tgc aag caa gtc ttt cct ggc ctg aat	3050
Asn Arg Gln Ser Trp Ser Val Cys Lys Gln Val Phe Pro Gly Leu Asn	
960 965 970	
tac tgc acc tca gcc gct tac tcc aac gcc agc tcc aca gac tcc gcc	3098
Tyr Cys Thr Ser Gly Ala Tyr Ser Asn Ala Ser Ser Thr Asp Ser Ala	
975 980 985 990	
tcc tac tat ccg ctg acc ggg gac acc aga tta gag ctg gaa ctg agg	3146
Ser Tyr Tyr Pro Leu Thr Gly Asp Thr Arg Leu Glu Leu Glu Leu Arg	
995 1000 1005	
cct aca gga gag att gag cag tat tct gtc agc gca acc tat gag ctc	3194
Pro Thr Gly Glu Ile Glu Gln Tyr Ser Val Ser Ala Thr Tyr Glu Leu	
1010 1015 1020	
cag aga gag gac aga gcc ttg gtg gat acc ctg aag ttt gta act caa	3242
Gln Arg Glu Asp Arg Ala Leu Val Asp Thr Leu Lys Phe Val Thr Gln	
1025 1030 1035	
gca gaa ggt gcg aag cag act gag gct acc atg aca ttc aaa tat aat	3290
Ala Glu Gly Ala Lys Gln Thr Glu Ala Thr Met Thr Phe Lys Tyr Asn	
1040 1045 1050	

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cgg cag agt atg acc ttg tcc agt gaa gtc caa att ccg gat ttt gat Arg Gln Ser Met Thr Leu Ser Ser Glu Val Gln Ile Pro Asp Phe Asp 1055 1060 1065 1070	3338
gtt gac ctc gga aca atc ctc aga gtt aat gat gaa tct act gag ggc Val Asp Leu Gly Thr Ile Leu Arg Val Asn Asp Glu Ser Thr Glu Gly 1075 1080 1085	3386
aaa acg tct tac aga ctc acc ctg gac att cag aac aag aaa att act Lys Thr Ser Tyr Arg Leu Thr Leu Asp Ile Gln Asn Lys Lys Ile Thr 1090 1095 1100	3434
gag gtc gcc ctc atg ggc cac cta agt tgt gac aca aag gaa gaa aga Glu Val Ala Leu Met Gly His Leu Ser Cys Asp Thr Lys Glu Glu Arg 1105 1110 1115	3482
aaa atc aag ggt gtt att tcc ata ccc cgt ttg caa gca gaa gcc aga Lys Ile Lys Gly Val Ile Ser Ile Pro Arg Leu Gln Ala Glu Ala Arg 1120 1125 1130	3530
agt gag atc ctc gcc cac tgg tgg cct gcc aaa ctg ctt ctc caa atg Ser Glu Ile Leu Ala His Trp Ser Pro Ala Lys Leu Leu Leu Gln Met 1135 1140 1145 1150	3578
gac toa tct gct aca gct tat ggc tcc aca gtt tcc aag agg gtg gca Asp Ser Ser Ala Thr Ala Tyr Gly Ser Thr Val Ser Lys Arg Val Ala 1155 1160 1165	3626
tgg cat tat gat gaa gag aag att gaa ttt gaa tgg aac aca ggc acc Trp His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Lys Ile Glu Phe Glu Trp Asn Thr Gly Thr 1170 1175 1180	3674
aat gta gat acc aaa aaa atg act tcc aat ttc cct gtg gat ctc tcc Asn Val Asp Thr Lys Lys Met Thr Ser Asn Phe Pro Val Asp Leu Ser 1185 1190 1195	3722
gat tat cct aag agc ttg cat atg tat gct aat aga ctc ctg gat cac Asp Tyr Pro Lys Ser Leu His Met Tyr Ala Asn Arg Leu Leu Asp His 1200 1205 1210	3770
aga gtc cct gaa aca gac atg act ttc cgg cac gtg ggt tcc aaa tta Arg Val Pro Glu Thr Asp Met Thr Phe Arg His Val Gly Ser Lys Leu 1215 1220 1225 1230	3818
ata gtt gca atg agc tca tgg ctt cag aag gca tct ggg agt ctt cct Ile Val Ala Met Ser Ser Trp Leu Gln Lys Ala Ser Gly Ser Leu Pro 1235 1240 1245	3866
tat acc cag act ttg caa gac cac ctc aat agc ctg aag gag ttc aac Tyr Thr Gln Thr Leu Gln Asp His Leu Asn Ser Leu Lys Glu Phe Asn 1250 1255 1260	3914
ctc cag aac atg gga ttg cca gac ttc cac atc cca gaa aac ctc ttc Leu Gln Asn Met Gly Leu Pro Asp Phe His Ile Pro Glu Asn Leu Phe 1265 1270 1275	3962
tta aaa agc gat ggc cgg gtc aaa tat acc ttg aac aag aac agt ttg Leu Lys Ser Asp Gly Arg Val Lys Tyr Thr Leu Asn Lys Asn Ser Leu 1280 1285 1290	4010
aaa att gag att cct ttg cct ttt ggt ggc aaa tcc tcc aga gat cta Lys Ile Glu Ile Pro Leu Pro Phe Gly Gly Lys Ser Ser Arg Asp Leu 1295 1300 1305 1310	4058
aag atg tta gag act gtt agg aca cca gcc ctc cac ttc aag tct gtg Lys Met Leu Glu Thr Val Arg Thr Pro Ala Leu His Phe Lys Ser Val 1315 1320 1325	4106
gga ttc cat ctg cca tct cga gag ttc caa gtc cct act ttt acc att Gly Phe His Leu Pro Ser Arg Glu Phe Gln Val Pro Thr Phe Thr Ile 1330 1335 1340	4154
ccc aag ttg tat caa ctg caa gtg cct ctc ctg ggt gtt cta gac ctc Pro Lys Leu Tyr Gln Leu Gln Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Val Leu Asp Leu 1345 1350 1355	4202

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ggt ggc aac acc agc aca gac cat ttc agc ctt cgg gct cgt tac cac Gly Gly Asn Thr Ser Thr Asp His Phe Ser Leu Arg Ala Arg Tyr His 1375 1380 1385 1390	4298
atg aag gct gac tct gtg gtt gac ctg ctt tcc tac aat gtg caa gga Met Lys Ala Asp Ser Val Val Asp Leu Leu Ser Tyr Asn Val Gln Gly 1395 1400 1405	4346
tct gga gaa aca aca tat gac cac aag aat acg ttc aca cta tca tgt Ser Gly Glu Thr Thr Tyr Asp His Lys Asn Thr Phe Thr Leu Ser Cys 1410 1415 1420	4394
gat ggg tct cta cgc cac aaa ttt cta gat tcg aat atc aaa ttc agt Asp Gly Ser Leu Arg His Lys Phe Leu Asp Ser Asn Ile Lys Phe Ser 1425 1430 1435	4442
cat gta gaa aaa ctt gga aac aac cca gtc tca aaa ggt tta cta ata His Val Glu Lys Leu Gly Asn Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Ile 1440 1445 1450	4490
ttc gat goa tct agt tcc tgg gga cca cag atg tct gct tca gtt cat Phe Asp Ala Ser Ser Ser Trp Gly Pro Gln Met Ser Ala Ser Val His 1455 1460 1465 1470	4538
ttg gac tcc aaa aag aaa cag cat ttg ttt gtc aaa gaa gtc aag att Leu Asp Ser Lys Lys Lys Gln His Leu Phe Val Lys Glu Val Lys Ile 1475 1480 1485	4586
gat ggg cag ttc aga gtc tct tcg ttc tat gct aaa ggc aca tat ggc Asp Gly Gln Phe Arg Val Ser Ser Phe Tyr Ala Lys Gly Thr Tyr Gly 1490 1495 1500	4634
ctg tct tgt cag agg gat cct aac act ggc cgg ctc aat gga gag tcc Leu Ser Cys Gln Arg Asp Pro Asn Thr Gly Arg Leu Asn Gly Glu Ser 1505 1510 1515	4682
aac ctg agg ttt aac tcc tcc tac ctc caa ggc acc aac cag ata aca Asn Leu Arg Phe Asn Ser Ser Tyr Leu Gln Gly Thr Asn Gln Ile Thr 1520 1525 1530	4730
gga aga tat gaa gat gga acc ctc tcc ctc acc tcc acc tct gat ctg Gly Arg Tyr Glu Asp Gly Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Ser Thr Ser Asp Leu 1535 1540 1545 1550	4778
caa agt ggc atc att aaa aat act gct tcc cta aag tat gag aac tac Gln Ser Gly Ile Ile Lys Asn Thr Ala Ser Leu Lys Tyr Glu Asn Tyr 1555 1560 1565	4826
gag ctg act tta aaa tct gac acc aat ggg aag tat aag aac ttt gcc Glu Leu Thr Leu Lys Ser Asp Thr Asn Gly Lys Tyr Lys Asn Phe Ala 1570 1575 1580	4874
act tct aac aag atg gat atg acc ttc tct aag caa aat gca ctg ctg Thr Ser Asn Lys Met Asp Met Thr Phe Ser Lys Gln Asn Ala Leu Leu 1585 1590 1595	4922
cgt tot gaa tat cag gct gat tac gag tca ttg agg ttc ttc agc ctg Arg Ser Glu Tyr Gln Ala Asp Tyr Glu Ser Leu Arg Phe Phe Ser Leu 1600 1605 1610	4970
ctt tct gga tca cta aat tcc cat ggt ctt gag tta aat gct gac atc Leu Ser Gly Ser Leu Asn Ser His Gly Leu Glu Leu Asn Ala Asp Ile 1615 1620 1625 1630	5018
tta ggc act gac aaa att aat agt ggt gct cac aag gcg aca cta agg Leu Gly Thr Asp Lys Ile Asn Ser Gly Ala His Lys Ala Thr Leu Arg 1635 1640 1645	5066
att ggc caa gat gga ata tct acc agt gca acg acc aac ttg aag tgt Ile Gly Gln Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Ser Ala Thr Thr Asn Leu Lys Cys 1650 1655 1660	5114

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agt ctc ctg gtg ctg gag aat gag ctg aat gca gag ctt ggc ctc tct Ser Leu Leu Val Leu Glu Asn Glu Leu Asn Ala Glu Leu Gly Leu Ser 1665 1670 1675	5162
ggg gca tct atg aaa tta aca aca aat ggc cgc ttc agg gaa cac aat Gly Ala Ser Met Lys Leu Thr Asn Gly Arg Phe Arg Glu His Asn 1680 1685 1690	5210
gca aaa ttc agt ctg gat ggg aaa gcc gcc ctc aca gag cta tca ctg Ala Lys Phe Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys Ala Ala Leu Thr Glu Leu Ser Leu 1695 1700 1705 1710	5258
gga agt gct tat cag gcc atg att ctg ggt gtc gac agc aaa aac att Gly Ser Ala Tyr Gln Ala Met Ile Leu Gly Val Asp Ser Lys Asn Ile 1715 1720 1725	5306
ttc aac ttc aag gtc agt caa gaa gga ctt aag ctc tca aat gac atg Phe Asn Phe Lys Val Ser Gln Glu Gly Leu Lys Leu Ser Asn Asp Met 1730 1735 1740	5354
atg ggc tca tat gct gaa atg aaa ttt gac cac aca aac agt ctg aac Met Gly Ser Tyr Ala Glu Met Lys Phe Asp His Thr Asn Ser Leu Asn 1745 1750 1755	5402
att gca ggc tta tca ctg gac ttc tct toa aaa ctt gac aac att tac Ile Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Asp Phe Ser Ser Lys Leu Asp Asn Ile Tyr 1760 1765 1770	5450
agc tct gac aag ttt tat aag caa act gtt aat tta cag cta cag ccc Ser Ser Asp Lys Phe Tyr Lys Gln Thr Val Asn Leu Gln Leu Gln Pro 1775 1780 1785 1790	5498
tat tct ctg gta act act tta aac agt gac ctg aaa tac aat gct ctg Tyr Ser Leu Val Thr Thr Leu Asn Ser Asp Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ala Leu 1795 1800 1805	5546
gat ctc acc aac aat ggg aaa cta cgg cta gaa ccc ctg aag ctg cat Asp Leu Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Leu Arg Leu Glu Pro Leu Lys Leu His 1810 1815 1820	5594
gtg gct ggt aac cta aaa gga gcc tac caa aat aat gaa ata aaa cac Val Ala Gly Asn Leu Lys Gly Ala Tyr Gln Asn Asn Glu Ile Lys His 1825 1830 1835	5642
atc tat gcc atc tct tct gct gcc tta tca gca agc tat aaa gca gac Ile Tyr Ala Ile Ser Ser Ala Ala Leu Ser Ala Ser Tyr Lys Ala Asp 1840 1845 1850	5690
act gtt gct aag gtt cag ggt gtg gag ttt agc cat cgg ctc aac aca Thr Val Ala Lys Val Gln Gly Val Glu Phe Ser His Arg Leu Asn Thr 1855 1860 1865 1870	5738
gac atc gct ggg ctg gct tca gcc att gac atg agc aca aac tat aat Asp Ile Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ala Ile Asp Met Ser Thr Asn Tyr Asn 1875 1880 1885	5786
tca gac tca ctg cat ttc agc aat gtc ttc cgt tct gta atg gcc cgg Ser Asp Ser Leu His Phe Ser Asn Val Phe Arg Ser Val Met Ala Pro 1890 1895 1900	5834
ttt aac atg acc atc gat gca cat aca aat ggc aat ggg aaa ctc got Phe Thr Met Thr Ile Asp Ala His Thr Asn Gly Asn Gly Lys Leu Ala 1905 1910 1915	5882
ctc tgg gga gaa cat act ggg cag ctg tat agc aaa ttc ctg ttg aaa Leu Trp Gly Glu His Thr Gln Leu Tyr Ser Lys Phe Leu Leu Lys 1920 1925 1930	5930
gca gaa cct ctg gca ttt act ttc tct cat gat tac aaa ggc tcc aca Ala Glu Pro Leu Ala Phe Thr Phe Ser His Asp Tyr Lys Gly Ser Thr 1935 1940 1945 1950	5978
agt cat cat ctc gtg tct agg aaa agc atc agt gca gct ctt gaa cac Ser His His Leu Val Ser Arg Lys Ser Ile Ser Ala Ala Leu Glu His 1955 1960 1965	6026

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aaa gtc agt gcc ctg ctt act cca gct gag cag aca ggc acc tgg aaa	6074
Lys Val Ser Ala Leu Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Gln Thr Gly Thr Trp Lys	
1970 1975 1980	
ctc aag acc caa ttt aac aac aat gaa tac agc cag gac ttg gat gct	6122
Leu Lys Thr Gln Phe Asn Asn Glu Tyr Ser Gln Asp Leu Asp Ala	
1985 1990 1995	
tac aac act aaa gat aaa att ggc gtg gag ctt act gga cga act ctg	6170
Tyr Asn Thr Lys Asp Lys Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Thr Gly Arg Thr Leu	
2000 2005 2010	
gct gac cta act cta cta gac tcc cca att aaa gtg cca ctt tta ctc	6218
Ala Asp Leu Thr Leu Leu Asp Ser Pro Ile Lys Val Pro Leu Leu Leu	
2015 2020 2025 2030	
agt gag ccc atc aat atc att gat gct tta gag atg aga gat gcc gtt	6266
Ser Glu Pro Ile Asn Ile Ile Asp Ala Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Ala Val	
2035 2040 2045	
gag aag ccc caa gaa ttt aca att gtt gct ttt gta aag tat gat aaa	6314
Glu Lys Pro Gln Glu Phe Thr Ile Val Ala Phe Val Lys Tyr Asp Lys	
2050 2055 2060	
aac caa gat gtt cac tcc att aac ctc cca ttt ttt gag acc ttg caa	6362
Asn Gln Asp Val His Ser Ile Asn Leu Pro Phe Phe Glu Thr Leu Gln	
2065 2070 2075	
gaa tat ttt gag agg aat cga caa acc att ata gtt gta gtg gaa aac	6410
Glu Tyr Phe Glu Arg Asn Arg Gln Thr Ile Ile Val Val Val Glu Asn	
2080 2085 2090	
gta cag aga aac ctg aag cac atc aat att gat caa ttt gta aga aaa	6458
Val Gln Arg Asn Leu Lys His Ile Asn Ile Asp Gln Phe Val Arg Lys	
2095 2100 2105 2110	
tac aga gca gcc ctg gga aaa ctc cca cag caa gct aat gat tat ctg	6506
Tyr Arg Ala Ala Leu Gly Lys Leu Pro Gln Gln Ala Asn Asp Tyr Leu	
2115 2120 2125	
aat tca ttc aat tgg gag aga caa gtt tca cat gcc aag gag aaa ctg	6554
Asn Ser Phe Asn Trp Glu Arg Gln Val Ser His Ala Lys Glu Lys Leu	
2130 2135 2140	
act gct ctc aca aaa aag tat aga att aca gaa aat gat ata caa att	6602
Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Lys Tyr Arg Ile Thr Glu Asn Asp Ile Gln Ile	
2145 2150 2155	
gca tta gat gat gcc aaa atc aac ttt aat gaa aaa cta tct caa ctg	6650
Ala Leu Asp Asp Ala Lys Ile Asn Phe Asn Glu Lys Leu Ser Gln Leu	
2160 2165 2170	
cag aca tat atg ata caa ttt gat cag tat att aaa gat agt tat gat	6698
Gln Thr Tyr Met Ile Gln Phe Asp Gln Tyr Ile Lys Asp Ser Tyr Asp	
2175 2180 2185 2190	
tta cat gat ttg aaa ata gct att gct aat att att gat gaa atc att	6746
Leu His Asp Leu Lys Ile Ala Ile Ala Asn Ile Ile Asp Glu Ile Ile	
2195 2200 2205	
gaa aaa tta aaa agt ctt gat gag cac tat cat atc cgt gta aat tta	6794
Glu Lys Leu Lys Ser Leu Asp Glu His Tyr His Ile Arg Val Asn Leu	
2210 2215 2220	
gta aaa aca atc cat gat cta cat ttg ttt att gaa aat att gat ttt	6842
Val Lys Thr Ile His Asp Leu His Leu Phe Ile Glu Asn Ile Asp Phe	
2225 2230 2235	
aac aaa agt gga agt agt act gca tcc tgg att caa aat gtg gat act	6890
Asn Lys Ser Gly Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Trp Ile Gln Asn Val Asp Thr	
2240 2245 2250	
aag tac caa atc aga atc cag ata caa gaa aaa ctg cag cag ctt aag	6938
Lys Tyr Gln Ile Arg Ile Gln Ile Gln Glu Lys Leu Gln Gln Leu Lys	
2255 2260 2265 2270	

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aga cac ata cag aat ata gac atc cag cac cta gct gga aag tta aaa Arg His Ile Gln Asn Ile Asp Ile Gln His Leu Ala Gly Lys Leu Lys 2275 2280 2285	6986
caa cac att gag gct att gat gtt aga gtg ctt tta gat caa ttg gga Gln His Ile Glu Ala Ile Asp Val Arg Val Leu Leu Asp Gln Leu Gly 2290 2295 2300	7034
act aca att tca ttt gaa aga ata aat gat gtt ctt gag cat gtc aaa Thr Thr Ile Ser Phe Glu Arg Ile Asn Asp Val Leu Glu His Val Lys 2305 2310 2315	7082
cac ttt gtt ata aat ctt att ggg gat ttt gaa gta gct gag aaa atc His Phe Val Ile Asn Leu Ile Gly Asp Phe Glu Val Ala Glu Lys Ile 2320 2325 2330	7130
aat gcc ttc aga gcc aaa gtc cat gag tta atc gag agg tat gaa gta Asn Ala Phe Arg Ala Lys Val His Glu Leu Ile Glu Arg Tyr Glu Val 2335 2340 2345 2350	7178
gac caa caa atc cag gtt tta atg gat aaa tta gta gag ttg acc cac Asp Gln Gln Ile Gln Val Leu Met Asp Lys Leu Val Glu Leu Thr His 2355 2360 2365	7226
caa tac aag ttg aag gag act att cag aag cta agc aat gtc cta caa Gln Tyr Lys Leu Lys Glu Thr Ile Gln Lys Leu Ser Asn Val Leu Gln 2370 2375 2380	7274
caa gtt aag ata aaa gat tac ttt gag aaa ttg gtt gga ttt att gat Gln Val Lys Ile Lys Asp Tyr Phe Glu Lys Leu Val Gly Phe Ile Asp 2385 2390 2395	7322
gat gct gtg aag aag ctt aat gaa tta tct ttt aaa aca ttc att gaa Asp Ala Val Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Leu Ser Phe Lys Thr Phe Ile Glu 2400 2405 2410	7370
gat gtt aac aaa ttc ctt gac atg ttg ata aag aaa tta aag tca ttt Asp Val Asn Lys Phe Leu Asp Met Leu Ile Lys Lys Leu Lys Ser Phe 2415 2420 2425 2430	7418
gat tac cac cag ttt gta gat gaa acc aat gac aaa atc cgt gag gtg Asp Tyr His Gln Phe Val Asp Glu Thr Asn Asp Lys Ile Arg Glu Val 2435 2440 2445	7466
act cag aga ctc aat ggt gaa att cag gct ctg gaa cta cca caa aaa Thr Gln Arg Leu Asn Gly Glu Ile Gln Ala Leu Glu Leu Pro Gln Lys 2450 2455 2460	7514
gct gaa gca tta aaa ctg ttt tta gag gaa acc aag gcc aca gtt gca Ala Glu Ala Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Glu Thr Lys Ala Thr Val Ala 2465 2470 2475	7562
gtg tat ctg gaa agc cta cag gac acc aaa ata acc tta atc atc aat Val Tyr Leu Glu Ser Leu Gln Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Leu Ile Ile Asn 2480 2485 2490	7610
tgg tta cag gag gct tta agt tca gca tot ttg gct cac atg aag gcc Trp Leu Gln Glu Ala Leu Ser Ser Ala Ser Leu Ala His Met Lys Ala 2495 2500 2505 2510	7658
aaa ttc cga gag act cta gaa gat aca cga gac cga atg tat caa atg Lys Phe Arg Glu Thr Leu Glu Asp Thr Arg Asp Arg Met Tyr Gln Met 2515 2520 2525	7706
gac att cag cag gaa ctt caa cga tac ctg tct ctg gta ggc cag gtt Asp Ile Gln Gln Glu Leu Gln Arg Tyr Leu Ser Leu Val Gly Gln Val 2530 2535 2540	7754
tat agc aca ctt gtc acc tac att tct gat tgg tgg act ctt gct gct Tyr Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Tyr Ile Ser Asp Trp Trp Thr Leu Ala Ala 2545 2550 2555	7802
aag aac ctt act gac ttt gca gag caa tat tct atc caa gat tgg gct Lys Asn Leu Thr Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Tyr Ser Ile Gln Asp Trp Ala 2560 2565 2570	7850

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aaa cgt atg aaa gca ttg gta gag caa ggg ttc act gtt cct gaa atc Lys Arg Met Lys Ala Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Phe Thr Val Pro Glu Ile 2575 2580 2585 2590	7898
aag acc atc ctt ggg acc atg cct gcc ttt gaa gtc agt ctt cag gct Lys Thr Ile Leu Gly Thr Met Pro Ala Phe Glu Val Ser Leu Gln Ala 2595 2600 2605	7946
ctt cag aaa gct acc ttc cag aca cct gat ttt ata gtc ccc cta aca Leu Gln Lys Ala Thr Phe Gln Thr Pro Asp Phe Ile Val Pro Leu Thr 2610 2615 2620	7994
gat ttg agg att cca tca gtt cag ata aac ttc aaa gac tta aaa aat Asp Leu Arg Ile Pro Ser Val Gln Ile Asn Phe Lys Asp Leu Lys Asn 2625 2630 2635	8042
ata aaa atc cca tcc agg ttt tcc aca cca gaa ttt acc atc ctt aac Ile Lys Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Thr Pro Glu Phe Thr Ile Leu Asn 2640 2645 2650	8090
acc ttc cac att cct tcc ttt aca att gac ttt gtc gaa atg aaa gta Thr Phe His Ile Pro Ser Phe Thr Ile Asp Phe Val Glu Met Lys Val 2655 2660 2665 2670	8138
aag atc atc aga acc att gac cag atg cag aac agt gag ctg cag tgg Lys Ile Ile Arg Thr Ile Asp Gln Met Gln Asn Ser Glu Leu Gln Trp 2675 2680 2685	8186
ccc gtt cca gat ata tat ctc agg gat ctg aag gtg gag gac att cct Pro Val Pro Asp Ile Tyr Leu Arg Asp Leu Lys Val Glu Asp Ile Pro 2690 2695 2700	8234
cta gcg aga atc acc ctg cca gac ttc cgt tta cca gaa atc gca att Leu Ala Arg Ile Thr Leu Pro Asp Phe Arg Leu Pro Glu Ile Ala Ile 2705 2710 2715	8282
cca gaa ttc ata atc cca act ctc aac ctt aat gat ttt caa gtt cct Pro Glu Phe Ile Ile Pro Thr Leu Asn Leu Asn Asp Phe Gln Val Pro 2720 2725 2730	8330
gac ctt cac ata cca gaa ttc cag ctt ccc cac atc tca cac aca att Asp Leu His Ile Pro Glu Phe Gln Leu Pro His Ile Ser His Thr Ile 2735 2740 2745 2750	8378
gaa gta cct act ttt ggc aag cta tac agt att ctg aaa atc caa tct Glu Val Pro Thr Phe Gly Lys Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Lys Ile Gln Ser 2755 2760 2765	8426
cct ctt ttc aca tta gat gca aat gct gac ata ggg aat gga acc acc Pro Leu Phe Thr Leu Asp Ala Asn Ala Asp Ile Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr 2770 2775 2780	8474
tca gca aac gaa gca ggt atc gca gct tcc atc act gcc aaa gga gag Ser Ala Asn Glu Ala Gly Ile Ala Ala Ser Ile Thr Ala Lys Gly Glu 2785 2790 2795	8522
tcc aaa tta gaa gtt ctc aat ttt gat ttt caa gca aat gca caa ctc Ser Lys Leu Glu Val Leu Asn Phe Asp Phe Gln Ala Asn Ala Gln Leu 2800 2805 2810	8570
toa aac cct aag att aat ccg ctg gct ctg aag gag tca gtg aag ttc Ser Asn Pro Lys Ile Asn Pro Leu Ala Leu Lys Glu Ser Val Lys Phe 2815 2820 2825 2830	8618
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gga aat gct att gag gga aaa tca aac aca gtg gca agt tta cac aca Gly Asn Ala Ile Glu Gly Lys Ser Asn Thr Val Ala Ser Leu His Thr 2850 2855 2860	8714
gaa aaa aat aca ctg gag ctt agt aat gga gtg att gtc aag ata aac Glu Lys Asn Thr Leu Glu Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ile Val Lys Ile Asn 2865 2870 2875	8762

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gtt tat gaa tct ggc tcc ctc aac ttt tot aaa ott gaa att caa tca Val Tyr Glu Ser Gly Ser Leu Asn Phe Ser Lys Leu Glu Ile Gln Ser 2975 2980 2985 2990	9098
caa gtc gat tcc cag cat gtg ggc cac agt gtt cta act gct aaa ggc Gln Val Asp Ser Gln His Val Gly His Ser Val Leu Thr Ala Lys Gly 2995 3000 3005	9146
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caa tca ttt gat tta agt gta aaa gct cag tat aag aaa aac aaa cac Gln Ser Phe Asp Leu Ser Val Lys Ala Gln Tyr Lys Lys Asn Lys His 3170 3175 3180	9674

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Ser Val Leu Ser Arg Glu Tyr Ser Gly Thr Ile Ala Ser Glu Ala Asn	
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His Thr Ser Lys Ala Thr Leu Glu Leu Ser Pro Trp Gln Met Ser Ala	
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Leu Val Gln Val His Ala Ser Gln Pro Ser Ser Phe His Asp Phe Pro	
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Ile Arg Trp Lys Asn Glu Val Arg Ile His Ser Gly Ser Phe Gln Ser	
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3775 3780 3785 3790	

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4465 4470 4475

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4545 4550 4555

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Leu Thr Ile Ile Leu *
4560

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<210> SEQ ID NO 32

<211> LENGTH: 4563

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

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20          25          30

Glu Asn Val Ser Leu Val Cys Pro Lys Asp Ala Thr Arg Phe Lys His
35          40          45

Leu Arg Lys Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Tyr Glu Ala Glu Ser Ser Ser Gly Val
50          55          60

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Cys	Thr	Leu	Lys	Glu	Val	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gly	Lys	Ala	Leu
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Tyr	Glu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ile	Pro	Glu	Gly	Lys	Gln	Val	Phe	Leu	Tyr
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Pro	Glu	Lys	Asp	Glu	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ile	Lys	Arg	Gly	Ile
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Ile	Ser	Ala	Leu	Leu	Val	Pro	Pro	Glu	Thr	Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys	Gln	Val
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Leu	Phe	Leu	Asp	Thr	Val	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Cys	Ser	Thr	His	Phe	Thr	Val
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Lys	Thr	Arg	Lys	Gly	Asn	Val	Ala	Thr	Glu	Ile	Ser	Thr	Glu	Arg	Asp
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Gln	Ala	Glu	Ala	Val	Leu	Lys	Thr	Leu	Gln	Glu	Leu	Lys	Lys	Leu	Thr
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Ile	Ser	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Gln	Arg	Ala	Asn	Leu	Phe	Asn	Lys	Leu	Val
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Thr	Glu	Leu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ser	Asp	Glu	Ala	Val	Thr	Ser	Leu	Leu	Pro
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Gln	Leu	Ile	Glu	Val	Ser	Ser	Pro	Ile	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ala	Leu	Val	Gln
	370					375					380				
Cys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Gln	Cys	Ser	Thr	His	Ile	Leu	Gln	Trp	Leu	Lys	Arg
385					390					395					400
Val	His	Ala	Asn	Pro	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Val	Val	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Val	Ala
			405						410					415	
Leu	Ile	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ser	Ala	Gln	Gln	Leu	Arg	Glu	Ile	Phe	Asn	Met
			420					425					430		
Ala	Arg	Asp	Gln	Arg	Ser	Arg	Ala	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Ser	His	Ala
		435					440					445			
Val	Asn	Asn	Tyr	His	Lys	Thr	Asn	Pro	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu
	450					455					460				

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Asp	Ile	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Met	Glu	Gln	Ile	Gln	Asp	Asp	Cys	Thr	Gly	465	470	475	480
Asp	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Leu	Arg	Val	Ile	Gly	Asn	Met	Gly	485	490	495	
Gln	Thr	Met	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Pro	Glu	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ile	Leu	Lys	500	505	510	
Cys	Val	Gln	Ser	Thr	Lys	Pro	Ser	Leu	Met	Ile	Gln	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ile	515	520	525	
Gln	Ala	Leu	Arg	Lys	Met	Glu	Pro	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asp	Gln	Glu	Val	Leu	530	535	540	
Leu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Ala	Ser	Pro	Gly	Asp	Lys	Arg	Leu	Ala	545	550	555	560
Ala	Tyr	Leu	Met	Leu	Met	Arg	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ala	Asp	Ile	Asn	Lys	565	570	575	
Ile	Val	Gln	Ile	Leu	Pro	Trp	Glu	Gln	Asn	Glu	Gln	Val	Lys	Asn	Phe	580	585	590	
Val	Ala	Ser	His	Ile	Ala	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ile	595	600	605	
Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Lys	Leu	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ser	Gln	Leu	610	615	620	
Pro	Thr	Val	Met	Asp	Phe	Arg	Lys	Phe	Ser	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Tyr	625	630	635	640
Lys	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ala	Lys	Ile	Glu	645	650	655	
Gly	Asn	Leu	Ile	Phe	Asp	Pro	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Lys	Glu	Ser	Met	660	665	670	
Leu	Lys	Thr	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asp	Leu	Ile	675	680	685	
Glu	Ile	Gly	Leu	Glu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Phe	Glu	Pro	Thr	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	690	695	700	
Phe	Gly	Lys	Gln	Gly	Phe	Phe	Pro	Asp	Ser	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Tyr	705	710	715	720
Trp	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	Val	Pro	Asp	Gly	Val	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	Val	Asp	725	730	735	
His	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	His	Glu	Gln	Asp	Met	Val	Asn	740	745	750	
Gly	Ile	Met	Leu	Ser	Val	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Leu	Lys	Ser	Lys	755	760	765	
Glu	Val	Pro	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Ile	Leu	Gly	Glu	Glu	Leu	770	775	780	
Gly	Phe	Ala	Ser	Leu	His	Asp	Leu	Gln	Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	785	790	795	800
Met	Gly	Ala	Arg	Thr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ile	Pro	Gln	Met	Ile	Gly	Glu	Val	805	810	815	
Ile	Arg	Lys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asn	Asp	Phe	Phe	Leu	His	Tyr	Ile	Phe	Met	820	825	830	
Glu	Asn	Ala	Phe	Glu	Leu	Pro	Thr	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	Gln	Leu	Gln	Ile	835	840	845	
Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	Ile	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Lys	Leu	850	855	860	

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Glu	Val	Ala	Asn	Met	Gln	Ala	Glu	Leu	Val	Ala	Lys	Pro	Ser	Val	Ser	865
					870					875						880
Val	Glu	Phe	Val	Thr	Asn	Met	Gly	Ile	Ile	Ile	Pro	Asp	Phe	Ala	Arg	
			885					890						895		
Ser	Gly	Val	Gln	Met	Asn	Thr	Asn	Phe	Phe	His	Glu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Glu	
		900					905						910			
Ala	His	Val	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Lys	Leu	Lys	Phe	Ile	Ile	Pro	Ser	
		915					920					925				
Pro	Lys	Arg	Pro	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Gly	Asn	Thr	Leu	His	Leu	
		930				935					940					
Val	Ser	Thr	Thr	Lys	Thr	Glu	Val	Ile	Pro	Pro	Leu	Ile	Glu	Asn	Arg	
945				950					955						960	
Gln	Ser	Trp	Ser	Val	Cys	Lys	Gln	Val	Phe	Pro	Gly	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Cys	
			965					970						975		
Thr	Ser	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Ala	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Tyr	
			980					985					990			
Tyr	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asp	Thr	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Pro	Thr	
		995					1000					1005				
Gly	Glu	Ile	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Val	Ser	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Gln	Arg	
	1010					1015					1020					
Glu	Asp	Arg	Ala	Leu	Val	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Phe	Val	Thr	Gln	Ala	Glu	
1025				1030						1035					1040	
Gly	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ala	Thr	Met	Thr	Phe	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Gln	
			1045					1050						1055		
Ser	Met	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Glu	Val	Gln	Ile	Pro	Asp	Phe	Asp	Val	Asp	
		1060						1065					1070			
Leu	Gly	Thr	Ile	Leu	Arg	Val	Asn	Asp	Glu	Ser	Thr	Glu	Gly	Lys	Thr	
	1075					1080						1085				
Ser	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ile	Gln	Asn	Lys	Lys	Ile	Thr	Glu	Val	
	1090					1095						1100				
Ala	Leu	Met	Gly	His	Leu	Ser	Cys	Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Glu	Arg	Lys	Ile	
1105				1110						1115					1120	
Lys	Gly	Val	Ile	Ser	Ile	Pro	Arg	Leu	Gln	Ala	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ser	Glu	
			1125						1130					1135		
Ile	Leu	Ala	His	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gln	Met	Asp	Ser	
		1140						1145						1150		
Ser	Ala	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Arg	Val	Ala	Trp	His	
		1155					1160						1165			
Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Lys	Ile	Glu	Phe	Glu	Trp	Asn	Thr	Gly	Thr	Asn	Val	
	1170					1175					1180					
Asp	Thr	Lys	Lys	Met	Thr	Ser	Asn	Phe	Pro	Val	Asp	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	
1185				1190						1195					1200	
Pro	Lys	Ser	Leu	His	Met	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Arg	Leu	Leu	Asp	His	Arg	Val	
			1205						1210					1215		
Pro	Glu	Thr	Asp	Met	Thr	Phe	Arg	His	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ile	Val	
		1220					1225						1230			
Ala	Met	Ser	Ser	Trp	Leu	Gln	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Thr	
		1235					1240					1245				
Gln	Thr	Leu	Gln	Asp	His	Leu	Asn	Ser	Leu	Lys	Glu	Phe	Asn	Leu	Gln	
	1250					1255					1260					

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Asn Met Gly Leu Pro Asp Phe His Ile Pro Glu Asn Leu Phe Leu Lys	
1265	1270 1275 1280
Ser Asp Gly Arg Val Lys Tyr Thr Leu Asn Lys Asn Ser Leu Lys Ile	
	1285 1290 1295
Glu Ile Pro Leu Pro Phe Gly Gly Lys Ser Ser Arg Asp Leu Lys Met	
	1300 1305 1310
Leu Glu Thr Val Arg Thr Pro Ala Leu His Phe Lys Ser Val Gly Phe	
	1315 1320 1325
His Leu Pro Ser Arg Glu Phe Gln Val Pro Thr Phe Thr Ile Pro Lys	
	1330 1335 1340
Leu Tyr Gln Leu Gln Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Val Leu Asp Leu Ser Thr	
1345	1350 1355 1360
Asn Val Tyr Ser Asn Leu Tyr Asn Trp Ser Ala Ser Tyr Ser Gly Gly	
	1365 1370 1375
Asn Thr Ser Thr Asp His Phe Ser Leu Arg Ala Arg Tyr His Met Lys	
	1380 1385 1390
Ala Asp Ser Val Val Asp Leu Leu Ser Tyr Asn Val Gln Gly Ser Gly	
	1395 1400 1405
Glu Thr Thr Tyr Asp His Lys Asn Thr Phe Thr Leu Ser Cys Asp Gly	
	1410 1415 1420
Ser Leu Arg His Lys Phe Leu Asp Ser Asn Ile Lys Phe Ser His Val	
1425	1430 1435 1440
Glu Lys Leu Gly Asn Asn Pro Val Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Ile Phe Asp	
	1445 1450 1455
Ala Ser Ser Ser Trp Gly Pro Gln Met Ser Ala Ser Val His Leu Asp	
	1460 1465 1470
Ser Lys Lys Lys Gln His Leu Phe Val Lys Glu Val Lys Ile Asp Gly	
	1475 1480 1485
Gln Phe Arg Val Ser Ser Phe Tyr Ala Lys Gly Thr Tyr Gly Leu Ser	
	1490 1495 1500
Cys Gln Arg Asp Pro Asn Thr Gly Arg Leu Asn Gly Glu Ser Asn Leu	
1505	1510 1515 1520
Arg Phe Asn Ser Ser Tyr Leu Gln Gly Thr Asn Gln Ile Thr Gly Arg	
	1525 1530 1535
Tyr Glu Asp Gly Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Ser Thr Ser Asp Leu Gln Ser	
	1540 1545 1550
Gly Ile Ile Lys Asn Thr Ala Ser Leu Lys Tyr Glu Asn Tyr Glu Leu	
	1555 1560 1565
Thr Leu Lys Ser Asp Thr Asn Gly Lys Tyr Lys Asn Phe Ala Thr Ser	
	1570 1575 1580
Asn Lys Met Asp Met Thr Phe Ser Lys Gln Asn Ala Leu Leu Arg Ser	
1585	1590 1595 1600
Glu Tyr Gln Ala Asp Tyr Glu Ser Leu Arg Phe Phe Ser Leu Leu Ser	
	1605 1610 1615
Gly Ser Leu Asn Ser His Gly Leu Glu Leu Asn Ala Asp Ile Leu Gly	
	1620 1625 1630
Thr Asp Lys Ile Asn Ser Gly Ala His Lys Ala Thr Leu Arg Ile Gly	
	1635 1640 1645
Gln Asp Gly Ile Ser Thr Ser Ala Thr Thr Asn Leu Lys Cys Ser Leu	
	1650 1655 1660

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Leu Val Leu Glu Asn Glu Leu Asn Ala Glu Leu Gly Leu Ser Gly Ala	1665	1670	1675	1680
Ser Met Lys Leu Thr Thr Asn Gly Arg Phe Arg Glu His Asn Ala Lys	1685	1690	1695	
Phe Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys Ala Ala Leu Thr Glu Leu Ser Leu Gly Ser	1700	1705	1710	
Ala Tyr Gln Ala Met Ile Leu Gly Val Asp Ser Lys Asn Ile Phe Asn	1715	1720	1725	
Phe Lys Val Ser Gln Glu Gly Leu Lys Leu Ser Asn Asp Met Met Gly	1730	1735	1740	
Ser Tyr Ala Glu Met Lys Phe Asp His Thr Asn Ser Leu Asn Ile Ala	1745	1750	1755	1760
Gly Leu Ser Leu Asp Phe Ser Ser Lys Leu Asp Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ser	1765	1770	1775	
Asp Lys Phe Tyr Lys Gln Thr Val Asn Leu Gln Leu Gln Pro Tyr Ser	1780	1785	1790	
Leu Val Thr Thr Leu Asn Ser Asp Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ala Leu Asp Leu	1795	1800	1805	
Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Leu Arg Leu Glu Pro Leu Lys Leu His Val Ala	1810	1815	1820	
Gly Asn Leu Lys Gly Ala Tyr Gln Asn Asn Glu Ile Lys His Ile Tyr	1825	1830	1835	1840
Ala Ile Ser Ser Ala Ala Leu Ser Ala Ser Tyr Lys Ala Asp Thr Val	1845	1850	1855	
Ala Lys Val Gln Gly Val Glu Phe Ser His Arg Leu Asn Thr Asp Ile	1860	1865	1870	
Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ala Ile Asp Met Ser Thr Asn Tyr Asn Ser Asp	1875	1880	1885	
Ser Leu His Phe Ser Asn Val Phe Arg Ser Val Met Ala Pro Phe Thr	1890	1895	1900	
Met Thr Ile Asp Ala His Thr Asn Gly Asn Gly Lys Leu Ala Leu Trp	1905	1910	1915	1920
Gly Glu His Thr Gly Gln Leu Tyr Ser Lys Phe Leu Leu Lys Ala Glu	1925	1930	1935	
Pro Leu Ala Phe Thr Phe Ser His Asp Tyr Lys Gly Ser Thr Ser His	1940	1945	1950	
His Leu Val Ser Arg Lys Ser Ile Ser Ala Ala Leu Glu His Lys Val	1955	1960	1965	
Ser Ala Leu Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Gln Thr Gly Thr Trp Lys Leu Lys	1970	1975	1980	
Thr Gln Phe Asn Asn Asn Glu Tyr Ser Gln Asp Leu Asp Ala Tyr Asn	1985	1990	1995	2000
Thr Lys Asp Lys Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Thr Gly Arg Thr Leu Ala Asp	2005	2010	2015	
Leu Thr Leu Leu Asp Ser Pro Ile Lys Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Ser Glu	2020	2025	2030	
Pro Ile Asn Ile Ile Asp Ala Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Ala Val Glu Lys	2035	2040	2045	
Pro Gln Glu Phe Thr Ile Val Ala Phe Val Lys Tyr Asp Lys Asn Gln	2050	2055	2060	

Asp	Val	His	Ser	Ile	Asn	Leu	Pro	Phe	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Glu	Tyr
2065					2070				2075					2080
Phe	Glu	Arg	Asn	Arg	Gln	Thr	Ile	Ile	Val	Val	Val	Glu	Asn	Val
			2085						2090				2095	
Arg	Asn	Leu	Lys	His	Ile	Asn	Ile	Asp	Gln	Phe	Val	Arg	Lys	Tyr
			2100					2105					2110	Arg
Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Pro	Gln	Gln	Ala	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Asn
			2115				2120						2125	Ser
Phe	Asn	Trp	Glu	Arg	Gln	Val	Ser	His	Ala	Lys	Glu	Lys	Leu	Thr
	2130					2135					2140			Ala
Leu	Thr	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Thr	Glu	Asn	Asp	Ile	Gln	Ile	Ala
2145					2150					2155				2160
Asp	Asp	Ala	Lys	Ile	Asn	Phe	Asn	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Gln	Leu	Gln
				2165					2170					2175
Tyr	Met	Ile	Gln	Phe	Asp	Gln	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Leu
			2180					2185					2190	His
Asp	Leu	Lys	Ile	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asn	Ile	Ile	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ile	Glu
			2195				2200					2205		Lys
Leu	Lys	Ser	Leu	Asp	Glu	His	Tyr	His	Ile	Arg	Val	Asn	Leu	Val
	2210						2215				2220			Lys
Thr	Ile	His	Asp	Leu	His	Leu	Phe	Ile	Glu	Asn	Ile	Asp	Phe	Asn
2225					2230					2235				2240
Ser	Gly	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Ser	Trp	Ile	Gln	Asn	Val	Asp	Thr	Lys
				2245					2250					2255
Gln	Ile	Arg	Ile	Gln	Ile	Gln	Glu	Lys	Leu	Gln	Gln	Leu	Lys	Arg
			2260					2265					2270	His
Ile	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile	Gln	His	Leu	Ala	Gly	Lys	Leu	Lys	Gln
			2275				2280					2285		His
Ile	Glu	Ala	Ile	Asp	Val	Arg	Val	Leu	Leu	Asp	Gln	Leu	Gly	Thr
	2290					2295					2300			Thr
Ile	Ser	Phe	Glu	Arg	Ile	Asn	Asp	Val	Leu	Glu	His	Val	Lys	His
2305					2310					2315				2320
Val	Ile	Asn	Leu	Ile	Gly	Asp	Phe	Glu	Val	Ala	Glu	Lys	Ile	Asn
				2325					2330					2335
Phe	Arg	Ala	Lys	Val	His	Glu	Leu	Ile	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Val	Asp
			2340				2345						2350	Gln
Gln	Ile	Gln	Val	Leu	Met	Asp	Lys	Leu	Val	Glu	Leu	Thr	His	Gln
			2355				2360						2365	Tyr
Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ile	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ser	Asn	Val	Leu	Gln	Gln
	2370					2375					2380			Val
Lys	Ile	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Lys	Leu	Val	Gly	Phe	Ile	Asp	Asp
2385					2390					2395				2400
Val	Lys	Lys	Leu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Ser	Phe	Lys	Thr	Phe	Ile	Glu	Asp
				2405					2410					2415
Asn	Lys	Phe	Leu	Asp	Met	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Leu	Lys	Ser	Phe	Asp
			2420				24							

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Ala Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Glu Thr Lys	Ala Thr Val Ala Val Tyr
2465	2475 2480
Leu Glu Ser Leu Gln Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Leu Ile Ile Asn Trp Leu	
2485	2490 2495
Gln Glu Ala Leu Ser Ser Ala Ser Leu Ala His Met Lys Ala Lys Phe	
2500	2505 2510
Arg Glu Thr Leu Glu Asp Thr Arg Asp Arg Met Tyr Gln Met Asp Ile	
2515	2520 2525
Gln Gln Glu Leu Gln Arg Tyr Leu Ser Leu Val Gly Gln Val Tyr Ser	
2530	2535 2540
Thr Leu Val Thr Tyr Ile Ser Asp Trp Trp Thr Leu Ala Ala Lys Asn	
2545	2550 2555 2560
Leu Thr Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Tyr Ser Ile Gln Asp Trp Ala Lys Arg	
2565	2570 2575
Met Lys Ala Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Phe Thr Val Pro Glu Ile Lys Thr	
2580	2585 2590
Ile Leu Gly Thr Met Pro Ala Phe Glu Val Ser Leu Gln Ala Leu Gln	
2595	2600 2605
Lys Ala Thr Phe Gln Thr Pro Asp Phe Ile Val Pro Leu Thr Asp Leu	
2610	2615 2620
Arg Ile Pro Ser Val Gln Ile Asn Phe Lys Asp Leu Lys Asn Ile Lys	
2625	2630 2635 2640
Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Thr Pro Glu Phe Thr Ile Leu Asn Thr Phe	
2645	2650 2655
His Ile Pro Ser Phe Thr Ile Asp Phe Val Glu Met Lys Val Lys Ile	
2660	2665 2670
Ile Arg Thr Ile Asp Gln Met Gln Asn Ser Glu Leu Gln Trp Pro Val	
2675	2680 2685
Pro Asp Ile Tyr Leu Arg Asp Leu Lys Val Glu Asp Ile Pro Leu Ala	
2690	2695 2700
Arg Ile Thr Leu Pro Asp Phe Arg Leu Pro Glu Ile Ala Ile Pro Glu	
2705	2710 2715 2720
Phe Ile Ile Pro Thr Leu Asn Leu Asn Asp Phe Gln Val Pro Asp Leu	
2725	2730 2735
His Ile Pro Glu Phe Gln Leu Pro His Ile Ser His Thr Ile Glu Val	
2740	2745 2750
Pro Thr Phe Gly Lys Leu Tyr Ser Ile Leu Lys Ile Gln Ser Pro Leu	
2755	2760 2765
Phe Thr Leu Asp Ala Asn Ala Asp Ile Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr Ser Ala	
2770	2775 2780
Asn Glu Ala Gly Ile Ala Ala Ser Ile Thr Ala Lys Gly Glu Ser Lys	
2785	2790 2795 2800
Leu Glu Val Leu Asn Phe Asp Phe Gln Ala Asn Ala Gln Leu Ser Asn	
2805	2810 2815
Pro Lys Ile Asn Pro Leu Ala Leu Lys Glu Ser Val Lys Phe Ser Ser	
2820	2825 2830
Lys Tyr Leu Arg Thr Glu His Gly Ser Glu Met Leu Phe Phe Gly Asn	
2835	2840 2845
Ala Ile Glu Gly Lys Ser Asn Thr Val Ala Ser Leu His Thr Glu Lys	
2850	2855 2860

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Asn Thr Leu Glu Leu Ser Asn Gly Val Ile Val Lys Ile Asn Asn Gln	
2865	2870 2875 2880
Leu Thr Leu Asp Ser Asn Thr Lys Tyr Phe His Lys Leu Asn Ile Pro	
	2885 2890 2895
Lys Leu Asp Phe Ser Ser Gln Ala Asp Leu Arg Asn Glu Ile Lys Thr	
	2900 2905 2910
Leu Leu Lys Ala Gly His Ile Ala Trp Thr Ser Ser Gly Lys Gly Ser	
	2915 2920 2925
Trp Lys Trp Ala Cys Pro Arg Phe Ser Asp Glu Gly Thr His Glu Ser	
	2930 2935 2940
Gln Ile Ser Phe Thr Ile Glu Gly Pro Leu Thr Ser Phe Gly Leu Ser	
2945	2950 2955 2960
Asn Lys Ile Asn Ser Lys His Leu Arg Val Asn Gln Asn Leu Val Tyr	
	2965 2970 2975
Glu Ser Gly Ser Leu Asn Phe Ser Lys Leu Glu Ile Gln Ser Gln Val	
	2980 2985 2990
Asp Ser Gln His Val Gly His Ser Val Leu Thr Ala Lys Gly Met Ala	
	2995 3000 3005
Leu Phe Gly Glu Gly Lys Ala Glu Phe Thr Gly Arg His Asp Ala His	
	3010 3015 3020
Leu Asn Gly Lys Val Ile Gly Thr Leu Lys Asn Ser Leu Phe Phe Ser	
3025	3030 3035 3040
Ala Gln Pro Phe Glu Ile Thr Ala Ser Thr Asn Asn Glu Gly Asn Leu	
	3045 3050 3055
Lys Val Arg Phe Pro Leu Arg Leu Thr Gly Lys Ile Asp Phe Leu Asn	
	3060 3065 3070
Asn Tyr Ala Leu Phe Leu Ser Pro Ser Ala Gln Gln Ala Ser Trp Gln	
	3075 3080 3085
Val Ser Ala Arg Phe Asn Gln Tyr Lys Tyr Asn Gln Asn Phe Ser Ala	
	3090 3095 3100
Gly Asn Asn Glu Asn Ile Met Glu Ala His Val Gly Ile Asn Gly Glu	
3105	3110 3115 3120
Ala Asn Leu Asp Phe Leu Asn Ile Pro Leu Thr Ile Pro Glu Met Arg	
	3125 3130 3135
Leu Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ile Thr Thr Pro Pro Leu Lys Asp Phe Ser Leu	
	3140 3145 3150
Trp Glu Lys Thr Gly Leu Lys Glu Phe Leu Lys Thr Thr Lys Gln Ser	
	3155 3160 3165
Phe Asp Leu Ser Val Lys Ala Gln Tyr Lys Lys Asn Lys His Arg His	
	3170 3175 3180
Ser Ile Thr Asn Pro Leu Ala Val Leu Cys Glu Phe Ile Ser Gln Ser	
3185	3190 3195 3200
Ile Lys Ser Phe Asp Arg His Phe Glu Lys Asn Arg Asn Asn Ala Leu	
	3205 3210 3215
Asp Phe Val Thr Lys Ser Tyr Asn Glu Thr Lys Ile Lys Phe Asp Lys	
	3220 3225 3230
Tyr Lys Ala Glu Lys Ser His Asp Glu Leu Pro Arg Thr Phe Gln Ile	
	3235 3240 3245
Pro Gly Tyr Thr Val Pro Val Val Asn Val Glu Val Ser Pro Phe Thr	
	3250 3255 3260

Ile	Glu	Met	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Val	Phe	Pro	Lys	Ala	Val	Ser	Met
3265					3270				3275						3280
Pro	Ser	Phe	Ser	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ser	Asp	Val	Arg	Val	Pro	Ser	Tyr	Thr
				3285					3290					3295	
Leu	Ile	Leu	Pro	Ser	Leu	Glu	Leu	Pro	Val	Leu	His	Val	Pro	Arg	Asn
			3300					3305					3310		
Leu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Leu	Pro	His	Phe	Lys	Glu	Leu	Cys	Thr	Ile	Ser	His
			3315				3320					3325			
Ile	Phe	Ile	Pro	Ala	Met	Gly	Asn	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Ser	Phe	Lys
3330						3335					3340				
Ser	Ser	Val	Ile	Thr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Leu	Phe	Asn	Gln	Ser
3345					3350					3355					3360
Asp	Ile	Val	Ala	His	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile	Asp	Ala
			3365						3370					3375	
Leu	Gln	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Thr	Arg	Leu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Arg	Gly
			3380					3385					3390		
Leu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Asn	Lys	Phe	Val	Glu	Gly
			3395				3400					3405			
Ser	His	Asn	Ser	Thr	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Thr	Lys	Asn	Met	Glu	Val	Ser
3410						3415					3420				
Val	Ala	Lys	Thr	Thr	Lys	Ala	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ile	Leu	Arg	Met	Asn	Phe
3425					3430					3435					3440
Lys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asn	Thr	Lys	Ser	Lys	Pro	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser
				3445					3450					3455	
Ser	Met	Glu	Phe	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Asn	Ser	Ser	Met	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Thr
			3460				3465						3470		
Ala	Lys	Gly	Ala	Val	Asp	His	Lys	Leu	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser
			3475				3480					3485			
Tyr	Phe	Ser	Ile	Glu	Ser	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Asp	Val	Lys	Gly	Ser	Val
3490						3495					3500				
Leu	Ser	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ile	Ala	Ser	Glu	Ala	Asn	Thr	Tyr
3505					3510					3515					3520
Leu	Asn	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Arg	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Leu	Gln	Gly	Thr	Ser
				3525					3530					3535	
Lys	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ile	Trp	Asn	Leu	Glu	Val	Lys	Glu	Asn	Phe	Ala	Gly
			3540					3545					3550		
Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Trp	Glu	His	Ser	Thr	Lys
			3555				3560					3565			
Asn	His	Leu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Phe	Thr	Asn	Gly	Glu	His	Thr
3570						3575					3580				
Ser	Lys	Ala	Thr	Leu	Glu	Leu	Ser	Pro	Trp	Gln	Met	Ser	Ala	Leu	Val
3585					3590					3595					3600
Gln	Val	His	Ala	Ser	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ser	Phe	His	Asp	Phe	Pro	Asp	Leu
				3605											

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Leu Glu Gly His Leu Arg Phe Leu Lys Asn Ile Ile Leu Pro Val Tyr	
3665	3670 3675 3680
Asp Lys Ser Leu Trp Asp Phe Leu Lys Leu Asp Val Thr Thr Ser Ile	
	3685 3690 3695
Gly Arg Arg Gln His Leu Arg Val Ser Thr Ala Phe Val Tyr Thr Lys	
	3700 3705 3710
Asn Pro Asn Gly Tyr Ser Phe Ser Ile Pro Val Lys Val Leu Ala Asp	
	3715 3720 3725
Lys Phe Ile Thr Pro Gly Leu Lys Leu Asn Asp Leu Asn Ser Val Leu	
	3730 3735 3740
Val Met Pro Thr Phe His Val Pro Phe Thr Asp Leu Gln Val Pro Ser	
	3745 3750 3755 3760
Cys Lys Leu Asp Phe Arg Glu Ile Gln Ile Tyr Lys Lys Leu Arg Thr	
	3765 3770 3775
Ser Ser Phe Ala Leu Asn Leu Pro Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Pro	
	3780 3785 3790
Glu Val Asp Val Leu Thr Lys Tyr Ser Gln Pro Glu Asp Ser Leu Ile	
	3795 3800 3805
Pro Phe Phe Glu Ile Thr Val Pro Glu Ser Gln Leu Thr Val Ser Gln	
	3810 3815 3820
Phe Thr Leu Pro Lys Ser Val Ser Asp Gly Ile Ala Ala Leu Asp Leu	
	3825 3830 3835 3840
Asn Ala Val Ala Asn Lys Ile Ala Asp Phe Glu Leu Pro Thr Ile Ile	
	3845 3850 3855
Val Pro Glu Gln Thr Ile Glu Ile Pro Ser Ile Lys Phe Ser Val Pro	
	3860 3865 3870
Ala Gly Ile Val Ile Pro Ser Phe Gln Ala Leu Thr Ala Arg Phe Glu	
	3875 3880 3885
Val Asp Ser Pro Val Tyr Asn Ala Thr Trp Ser Ala Ser Leu Lys Asn	
	3890 3895 3900
Lys Ala Asp Tyr Val Glu Thr Val Leu Asp Ser Thr Cys Ser Ser Thr	
	3905 3910 3915 3920
Val Gln Phe Leu Glu Tyr Glu Leu Asn Val Leu Gly Thr His Lys Ile	
	3925 3930 3935
Glu Asp Gly Thr Leu Ala Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Thr Leu Ala His Arg	
	3940 3945 3950
Asp Phe Ser Ala Glu Tyr Glu Glu Asp Gly Lys Phe Glu Gly Leu Gln	
	3955 3960 3965
Glu Trp Glu Gly Lys Ala His Leu Asn Ile Lys Ser Pro Ala Phe Thr	
	3970 3975 3980
Asp Leu His Leu Arg Tyr Gln Lys Asp Lys Lys Gly Ile Ser Thr Ser	
	3985 3990 3995 4000
Ala Ala Ser Pro Ala Val Gly Thr Val Gly Met Asp Met Asp Glu Asp	
	4005 4010 4015
Asp Asp Phe Ser Lys Trp Asn Phe Tyr Tyr Ser Pro Gln Ser Ser Pro	
	4020 4025 4030
Asp Lys Lys Leu Thr Ile Phe Lys Thr Glu Leu Arg Val Arg Glu Ser	
	4035 4040 4045
Asp Glu Glu Thr Gln Ile Lys Val Asn Trp Glu Glu Glu Ala Ala Ser	
	4050 4055 4060

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Gly Leu Leu Thr Ser Leu Lys Asp Asn Val Pro Lys Ala Thr Gly Val	4065	4070	4075	4080
Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Val Asn Lys Tyr His Trp Glu His Thr Gly Leu Thr		4085	4090	4095
Leu Arg Glu Val Ser Ser Lys Leu Arg Arg Asn Leu Gln Asn Asn Ala		4100	4105	4110
Glu Trp Val Tyr Gln Gly Ala Ile Arg Gln Ile Asp Asp Ile Asp Val		4115	4120	4125
Arg Phe Gln Lys Ala Ala Ser Gly Thr Thr Gly Thr Tyr Gln Glu Trp		4130	4135	4140
Lys Asp Lys Ala Gln Asn Leu Tyr Gln Glu Leu Leu Thr Gln Glu Gly	4145	4150	4155	4160
Gln Ala Ser Phe Gln Gly Leu Lys Asp Asn Val Phe Asp Gly Leu Val		4165	4170	4175
Arg Val Thr Gln Lys Phe His Met Lys Val Lys His Leu Ile Asp Ser		4180	4185	4190
Leu Ile Asp Phe Leu Asn Phe Pro Arg Phe Gln Phe Pro Gly Lys Pro		4195	4200	4205
Gly Ile Tyr Thr Arg Glu Glu Leu Cys Thr Met Phe Ile Arg Glu Val		4210	4215	4220
Gly Thr Val Leu Ser Gln Val Tyr Ser Lys Val His Asn Gly Ser Glu	4225	4230	4235	4240
Ile Leu Phe Ser Tyr Phe Gln Asp Leu Val Ile Thr Leu Pro Phe Glu		4245	4250	4255
Leu Arg Lys His Lys Leu Ile Asp Val Ile Ser Met Tyr Arg Glu Leu		4260	4265	4270
Leu Lys Asp Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Gln Glu Val Phe Lys Ala Ile Gln		4275	4280	4285
Ser Leu Lys Thr Thr Glu Val Leu Arg Asn Leu Gln Asp Leu Leu Gln	4290	4295	4300	
Phe Ile Phe Gln Leu Ile Glu Asp Asn Ile Lys Gln Leu Lys Glu Met	4305	4310	4315	4320
Lys Phe Thr Tyr Leu Ile Asn Tyr Ile Gln Asp Glu Ile Asn Thr Ile		4325	4330	4335
Phe Asn Asp Tyr Ile Pro Tyr Val Phe Lys Leu Leu Lys Glu Asn Leu		4340	4345	4350
Cys Leu Asn Leu His Lys Phe Asn Glu Phe Ile Gln Asn Glu Leu Gln		4355	4360	4365
Glu Ala Ser Gln Glu Leu Gln Gln Ile His Gln Tyr Ile Met Ala Leu		4370	4375	4380
Arg Glu Glu Tyr Phe Asp Pro Ser Ile Val Gly Trp Thr Val Lys Tyr	4385	4390	4395	4400
Tyr Glu Leu Glu Glu Lys Ile Val Ser Leu Ile Lys Asn Leu Leu Val		4405	4410	4415
Ala Leu Lys Asp Phe His Ser Glu Tyr Ile Val Ser Ala Ser Asn Phe		4420	4425	4430
Thr Ser Gln Leu Ser Ser Gln Val Glu Gln Phe Leu His Arg Asn Ile		4435	4440	4445
Gln Glu Tyr Leu Ser Ile Leu Thr Asp Pro Asp Gly Lys Gly Lys Glu	4450	4455	4460	

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Lys Ile Ala Glu Leu Ser Ala Thr Ala Gln Glu Ile Ile Lys Ser Gln
 4465 4470 4475 4480
 Ala Ile Ala Thr Lys Lys Ile Ile Ser Asp Tyr His Gln Gln Phe Arg
 4485 4490 4495
 Tyr Lys Leu Gln Asp Phe Ser Asp Gln Leu Ser Asp Tyr Tyr Glu Lys
 4500 4505 4510
 Phe Ile Ala Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu Ile Asp Leu Ser Ile Gln Asn Tyr
 4515 4520 4525
 His Thr Phe Leu Ile Tyr Ile Thr Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Gln Ser
 4530 4535 4540
 Thr Thr Val Met Asn Pro Tyr Met Lys Leu Ala Pro Gly Glu Leu Thr
 4545 4550 4555 4560
 Ile Ile Leu

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
 <211> LENGTH: 2196
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (13)...(1983)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding
 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR)

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

aattccggag cc atg gtg aac gaa gcc aga gga aac agc agc ctc aac ccc 51
 Met Val Asn Glu Ala Arg Gly Asn Ser Ser Leu Asn Pro
 1 5 10
 tgc ttg gag ggc agt gcc agc agt ggc agt gag agc tcc aaa gat agt 99
 Cys Leu Glu Gly Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Glu Ser Ser Lys Asp Ser
 15 20 25
 tcg aga tgt tcc acc ccg ggc ctg gac cct gag cgg cat gag aga ctc 147
 Ser Arg Cys Ser Thr Pro Gly Leu Asp Pro Glu Arg His Glu Arg Leu
 30 35 40 45
 cgg gag aag atg agg cgg cga ttg gaa tct ggt gac aag tgg ttc tcc 195
 Arg Glu Lys Met Arg Arg Arg Leu Glu Ser Gly Asp Lys Trp Phe Ser
 50 55 60
 ctg gaa ttc ttc cct cct cga act gct gag gga gct gtc aat ctc atc 243
 Leu Glu Phe Phe Pro Pro Arg Thr Ala Glu Gly Ala Val Asn Leu Ile
 65 70 75
 tca agg ttt gac cgg atg gca gca ggt ggc ccc ctc tac ata gac gtg 291
 Ser Arg Phe Asp Arg Met Ala Ala Gly Gly Pro Leu Tyr Ile Asp Val
 80 85 90
 acc tgg cac cca gca ggt gac cct ggc tca gac aag gag acc tcc tcc 339
 Thr Trp His Pro Ala Gly Asp Pro Gly Ser Asp Lys Glu Thr Ser Ser
 95 100 105
 atg atg atc gcc agc acc gcc gtg aac tac tgt ggc ctg gag acc atc 387
 Met Met Ile Ala Ser Thr Ala Val Asn Tyr Cys Gly Leu Glu Thr Ile
 110 115 120 125
 ctg cac atg acc tgc tgc cgt cag cgc ctg gag gag atc acg ggc cat 435
 Leu His Met Thr Cys Cys Arg Gln Arg Leu Glu Glu Ile Thr Gly His
 130 135 140
 ctg cac aaa gct aag cag ctg ggc ctg aag aac atc atg gcg ctg cgg 483
 Leu His Lys Ala Lys Gln Leu Gly Leu Lys Asn Ile Met Ala Leu Arg
 145 150 155

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gga gac cca ata ggt gac cag tgg gaa gag gag gag gga ggc ttc aac Gly Asp Pro Ile Gly Asp Gln Trp Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Gly Phe Asn 160 165 170	531
tac gca gtg gac ctg gtg aag cac atc cga agt gag ttt ggt gac tac Tyr Ala Val Asp Leu Val Lys His Ile Arg Ser Glu Phe Gly Asp Tyr 175 180 185	579
ttt gac atc tgt gtg gca ggt tac ccc aaa ggc cac ccc gaa gca ggg Phe Asp Ile Cys Val Ala Gly Tyr Pro Lys Gly His Pro Glu Ala Gly 190 195 200 205	627
agc ttt gag gct gac ctg aag cac ttg aag gag aag gtg tct gcg gga Ser Phe Glu Ala Asp Leu Lys His Leu Lys Glu Lys Val Ser Ala Gly 210 215 220	675
gcc gat ttc atc atc acg cag ctt ttc ttt gag gct gac aca ttc ttc Ala Asp Phe Ile Ile Thr Gln Leu Phe Phe Glu Ala Asp Thr Phe Phe 225 230 235	723
cgc ttt gtg aag gca tgc acc gac atg ggc atc act tgc ccc atc gtc Arg Phe Val Lys Ala Cys Thr Asp Met Gly Ile Thr Cys Pro Ile Val 240 245 250	771
ccc ggg atc ttt ccc atc cag ggc tac cac tcc ctt cgg cag ctt gtg Pro Gly Ile Phe Pro Ile Gln Gly Tyr His Ser Leu Arg Gln Leu Val 255 260 265	819
aag ctg tcc aag ctg gag gtg cca cag gag atc aag gac gtg att gag Lys Leu Ser Lys Leu Glu Val Pro Gln Glu Ile Lys Asp Val Ile Glu 270 275 280 285	867
cca atc aaa gac aac gat gct gcc atc cgc aac tat ggc atc gag ctg Pro Ile Lys Asp Asn Asp Ala Ala Ile Arg Asn Tyr Gly Ile Glu Leu 290 295 300	915
gcc gtg agc ctg tgc cag gag ctt ctg gcc agt ggc ttg gtg cca gcc Ala Val Ser Leu Cys Gln Glu Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly Leu Val Pro Gly 305 310 315	963
ctc cac ttc tac acc ctc aac cgc gag atg gct acc aca gag gtg ctg Leu His Phe Tyr Thr Leu Asn Arg Glu Met Ala Thr Thr Glu Val Leu 320 325 330	1011
aag cgc ctg ggg atg tgg act gag gac ccc agg cgt ccc cta ccc tgg Lys Arg Leu Gly Met Trp Thr Glu Asp Pro Arg Arg Pro Leu Pro Trp 335 340 345	1059
gct ctc agt gcc cac ccc aag cgc cga gag gaa gat gta cgt ccc atc Ala Leu Ser Ala His Pro Lys Arg Arg Glu Glu Asp Val Arg Pro Ile 350 355 360 365	1107
ttc tgg gcc tcc aga cca aag agt tac atc tac cgt acc cag gag tgg Phe Trp Ala Ser Arg Pro Lys Ser Tyr Ile Tyr Arg Thr Gln Glu Trp 370 375 380	1155
gac gag ttc cct aac ggc cgc tgg ggc aat tcc tct tcc cct gcc ttt Asp Glu Phe Pro Asn Gly Arg Trp Gly Asn Ser Ser Ser Pro Ala Phe 385 390 395	1203
ggg gag ctg aag gac tac tac ctc ttc tac ctg aag agc aag tcc ccc Gly Glu Leu Lys Asp Tyr Tyr Leu Phe Tyr Leu Lys Ser Lys Ser Pro 400 405 410	1251
aag gag gag ctg ctg aag atg tgg ggg gag gag ctg acc agt gaa gca Lys Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys Met Trp Gly Glu Glu Leu Thr Ser Glu Ala 415 420 425	1299
agt gtc ttt gaa gtc ttt gtt ctt tac ctc tog gga gaa cca aac cgg Ser Val Phe Glu Val Phe Val Leu Tyr Leu Ser Gly Glu Pro Asn Arg 430 435 440 445	1347
aat ggt cac aaa gtg act tgc ctg ccc tgg aac gat gag ccc ctg gcg Asn Gly His Lys Val Thr Cys Leu Pro Trp Asn Asp Glu Pro Leu Ala 450 455 460	1395

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gct gag acc agc ctg ctg aag gag gag ctg ctg cgg gtg aac cgc cag      1443
Ala Glu Thr Ser Leu Leu Lys Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Asn Arg Gln
      465                      470                      475

ggc atc ctc acc atc aac tca cag ccc aac atc aac ggg aag cgg tcc      1491
Gly Ile Leu Thr Ile Asn Ser Gln Pro Asn Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Ser
      480                      485                      490

tcc gac ccc atc gtg ggc tgg ggc ccc agc ggg ggc tat gtc ttc cag      1539
Ser Asp Pro Ile Val Gly Trp Gly Pro Ser Gly Gly Tyr Val Phe Gln
      495                      500                      505

aag gcc tac tta gag ttt ttc act tcc cgc gag aca gcg gaa gca ctt      1587
Lys Ala Tyr Leu Glu Phe Phe Thr Ser Arg Glu Thr Ala Glu Ala Leu
      510                      515                      520                      525

ctg caa gtg ctg aag aag tac gag ctc cgg gtt aat tac cac ctt gtc      1635
Leu Gln Val Leu Lys Lys Tyr Glu Leu Arg Val Asn Tyr His Leu Val
      530                      535                      540

aat gtg aag ggt gaa aac atc acc aat gcc cct gaa ctg cag ccg aat      1683
Asn Val Lys Gly Glu Asn Ile Thr Asn Ala Pro Glu Leu Gln Pro Asn
      545                      550                      555

gct gtc act tgg ggc atc ttc cct ggg cga gag atc atc cag ccc acc      1731
Ala Val Thr Trp Gly Ile Phe Pro Gly Arg Glu Ile Ile Gln Pro Thr
      560                      565                      570

gta gtg gat ccc gtc agc ttc atg ttc tgg aag gac gag gcc ttt gcc      1779
Val Val Asp Pro Val Ser Phe Met Phe Trp Lys Asp Glu Ala Phe Ala
      575                      580                      585

ctg tgg att gag cgg tgg gga aag ctg tat gag gag gag tcc ccg tcc      1827
Leu Trp Ile Glu Arg Trp Gly Lys Leu Tyr Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro Ser
      590                      595                      600                      605

cgc acc atc atc cag tac atc cac gac aac tac ttc ctg gtc aac ctg      1875
Arg Thr Ile Ile Gln Tyr Ile His Asp Asn Tyr Phe Leu Val Asn Leu
      610                      615                      620

gtg gac aat gac ttc cca ctg gac aac tgc ctc tgg cag gtg gtg gaa      1923
Val Asp Asn Asp Phe Pro Leu Asp Asn Cys Leu Trp Gln Val Val Glu
      625                      630                      635

gac aca ttg gag ctt ctc aac agg ccc acc cag aat gcg aga gaa acg      1971
Asp Thr Leu Glu Leu Leu Asn Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Ala Arg Glu Thr
      640                      645                      650

gag gct cca tga cccgtgcctc tgacgccctg cgttgagacc actcctgtcc      2023
Glu Ala Pro *
      655

cgcccttcctc ctccacagtg ctgcttctct tgggaactcc actctccttc gtgtctctcc      2083

caccctcgcc tccactcccc cacctgacaa tggcagctag actggagtga ggcttcagg      2143

ctcttccctgg acctgagtcg gcccacatg ggaacctagt actctctgct cta      2196

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<210> SEQ ID NO 34

<211> LENGTH: 656

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

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Met Val Asn Glu Ala Arg Gly Asn Ser Ser Leu Asn Pro Cys Leu Glu
  1           5           10           15

Gly Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Glu Ser Ser Lys Asp Ser Ser Arg Cys
      20           25           30

Ser Thr Pro Gly Leu Asp Pro Glu Arg His Glu Arg Leu Arg Glu Lys
      35           40           45

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Met	Arg	Arg	Arg	Leu	Glu	Ser	Gly	Asp	Lys	Trp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Glu	Phe
50						55					60				
Phe	Pro	Pro	Arg	Thr	Ala	Glu	Gly	Ala	Val	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ser	Arg	Phe
65					70					75					80
Asp	Arg	Met	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Pro	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Trp	His
			85						90					95	
Pro	Ala	Gly	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Met	Met	Ile
			100					105					110		
Ala	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val	Asn	Tyr	Cys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Thr	Ile	Leu	His	Met
		115					120					125			
Thr	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gln	Arg	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ile	Thr	Gly	His	Leu	His	Lys
	130					135					140				
Ala	Lys	Gln	Leu	Gly	Leu	Lys	Asn	Ile	Met	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gly	Asp	Pro
145					150					155					160
Ile	Gly	Asp	Gln	Trp	Glu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Gly	Gly	Phe	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Val
			165						170					175	
Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	His	Ile	Arg	Ser	Glu	Phe	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Ile
			180					185					190		
Cys	Val	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Lys	Gly	His	Pro	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	Phe	Glu
		195					200					205			
Ala	Asp	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Val	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Phe
		210				215					220				
Ile	Ile	Thr	Gln	Leu	Phe	Phe	Glu	Ala	Asp	Thr	Phe	Phe	Arg	Phe	Val
225				230						235					240
Lys	Ala	Cys	Thr	Asp	Met	Gly	Ile	Thr	Cys	Pro	Ile	Val	Pro	Gly	Ile
			245						250					255	
Phe	Pro	Ile	Gln	Gly	Tyr	His	Ser	Leu	Arg	Gln	Leu	Val	Lys	Leu	Ser
			260					265					270		
Lys	Leu	Glu	Val	Pro	Gln	Glu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Val	Ile	Glu	Pro	Ile	Lys
		275					280					285			
Asp	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ile	Arg	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Glu	Leu	Ala	Val	Ser
		290				295					300				
Leu	Cys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly	Leu	Val	Pro	Gly	Leu	His	Phe
305				310						315					320
Tyr	Thr	Leu	Asn	Arg	Glu	Met	Ala	Thr	Thr	Glu	Val	Leu	Lys	Arg	Leu
			325						330					335	
Gly	Met	Trp	Thr	Glu	Asp	Pro	Arg	Arg	Pro	Leu	Pro	Trp	Ala	Leu	Ser
			340					345					350		
Ala	His	Pro	Lys	Arg	Arg	Glu	Glu	Asp	Val	Arg	Pro	Ile	Phe	Trp	Ala
			355				360					365			
Ser	Arg	Pro	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Gln	Glu	Trp	Asp	Glu	Phe
	370					375					380				
Pro	Asn	Gly	Arg	Trp	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ser	Pro	Ala	Phe	Gly	Glu	Leu
385					390					395					400
Lys	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Ser	Lys	Ser	Pro	Lys	Glu	Glu
			405						410					415	
Leu	Leu	Lys	Met	Trp	Gly	Glu	Glu	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ser	Val	Phe
			420					425					430		
Glu	Val	Phe	Val	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Gly	Glu	Pro	Asn	Arg	Asn	Gly	His
		435					440					445			

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Lys Val Thr Cys Leu Pro Trp Asn Asp Glu Pro Leu Ala Ala Glu Thr
 450 455 460
 Ser Leu Leu Lys Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Asn Arg Gln Gly Ile Leu
 465 470 475 480
 Thr Ile Asn Ser Gln Pro Asn Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Ser Ser Asp Pro
 485 490 495
 Ile Val Gly Trp Gly Pro Ser Gly Gly Tyr Val Phe Gln Lys Ala Tyr
 500 505 510
 Leu Glu Phe Phe Thr Ser Arg Glu Thr Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Gln Val
 515 520 525
 Leu Lys Lys Tyr Glu Leu Arg Val Asn Tyr His Leu Val Asn Val Lys
 530 535 540
 Gly Glu Asn Ile Thr Asn Ala Pro Glu Leu Gln Pro Asn Ala Val Thr
 545 550 555 560
 Trp Gly Ile Phe Pro Gly Arg Glu Ile Ile Gln Pro Thr Val Val Asp
 565 570 575
 Pro Val Ser Phe Met Phe Trp Lys Asp Glu Ala Phe Ala Leu Trp Ile
 580 585 590
 Glu Arg Trp Gly Lys Leu Tyr Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro Ser Arg Thr Ile
 595 600 605
 Ile Gln Tyr Ile His Asp Asn Tyr Phe Leu Val Asn Leu Val Asp Asn
 610 615 620
 Asp Phe Pro Leu Asp Asn Cys Leu Trp Gln Val Val Glu Asp Thr Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Leu Leu Asn Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Ala Arg Glu Thr Glu Ala Pro
 645 650 655

<210> SEQ ID NO 35

<211> LENGTH: 3834

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (117)...(1949)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding selectin E (SELE)

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

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 ccaaaacgga aagtatttca agcctaaacc tttgggtgaa aagaactcct gaagtc atg 119
 Met
 1
 att gct tca cag ttt ctc tca gct ctc act ttg gtg ctt ctc att aaa 167
 Ile Ala Ser Gln Phe Leu Ser Ala Leu Thr Leu Val Leu Leu Ile Lys
 5 10 15
 gag agt gga gcc tgg tct tac aac acc tcc acg gaa gct atg act tat 215
 Glu Ser Gly Ala Trp Ser Tyr Asn Thr Ser Thr Glu Ala Met Thr Tyr
 20 25 30
 gat gag gcc agt gct tat tgt cag caa agg tac aca cac ctg gtt gca 263
 Asp Glu Ala Ser Ala Tyr Cys Gln Gln Arg Tyr Thr His Leu Val Ala
 35 40 45
 att caa aac aaa gaa gag att gag tac cta aac tcc ata ttg agc tat 311
 Ile Gln Asn Lys Glu Glu Ile Glu Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Ser Tyr
 50 55 60 65

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tca cca agt tat tac tgg att gga atc aga aaa gtc aac aat gtg tgg	359
Ser Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Trp Ile Gly Ile Arg Lys Val Asn Asn Val Trp	
70 75 80	
gtc tgg gta gga acc cag aaa cct ctg aca gaa gaa gcc aag aac tgg	407
Val Trp Val Gly Thr Gln Lys Pro Leu Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Trp	
85 90 95	
gct cca ggt gaa ccc aac aat agg caa aaa gat gag gac tgc gtg gag	455
Ala Pro Gly Glu Pro Asn Asn Arg Gln Lys Asp Glu Asp Cys Val Glu	
100 105 110	
atc tac atc aag aga gaa aaa gat gtg ggc atg tgg aat gat gag agg	503
Ile Tyr Ile Lys Arg Glu Lys Asp Val Gly Met Trp Asn Asp Glu Arg	
115 120 125	
tgc agc aag aag aag ctt gcc cta tgc tac aca gct gcc tgt acc aat	551
Cys Ser Lys Lys Lys Leu Ala Leu Cys Tyr Thr Ala Ala Cys Thr Asn	
130 135 140 145	
aca tcc tgc agt ggc cac ggt gaa tgt gta gag acc atc aat aat tac	599
Thr Ser Cys Ser Gly His Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Thr Ile Asn Asn Tyr	
150 155 160	
act tgc aag tgt gac cct ggc ttc agt gga ctc aag tgt gag caa att	647
Thr Cys Lys Cys Asp Pro Gly Phe Ser Gly Leu Lys Cys Glu Gln Ile	
165 170 175	
gtg aac tgt aca gcc ctg gaa tcc cct gag cat gga agc ctg gtt tgc	695
Val Asn Cys Thr Ala Leu Glu Ser Pro Glu His Gly Ser Leu Val Cys	
180 185 190	
agt cac cca ctg gga aac ttc agc tac aat tct tcc tgc tct atc agc	743
Ser His Pro Leu Gly Asn Phe Ser Tyr Asn Ser Ser Cys Ser Ile Ser	
195 200 205	
tgt gat agg ggt tac ctg cca agc agc atg gag acc atg cag tgt atg	791
Cys Asp Arg Gly Tyr Leu Pro Ser Ser Met Glu Thr Met Gln Cys Met	
210 215 220 225	
tcc tct gga gaa tgg agt gct cct att cca gcc tgc aat gtg gtt gag	839
Ser Ser Gly Glu Trp Ser Ala Pro Ile Pro Ala Cys Asn Val Val Glu	
230 235 240	
tgt gat gct gtg aca aat cca gcc aat ggg ttc gtg gaa tgt ttc caa	887
Cys Asp Ala Val Thr Asn Pro Ala Asn Gly Phe Val Glu Cys Phe Gln	
245 250 255	
aac cct gga agc ttc cca tgg aac aca acc tgt aca ttt gac tgt gaa	935
Asn Pro Gly Ser Phe Pro Trp Asn Thr Thr Cys Thr Phe Asp Cys Glu	
260 265 270	
gaa gga ttt gaa cta atg gga gcc cag agc ctt cag tgt acc tca tct	983
Glu Gly Phe Glu Leu Met Gly Ala Gln Ser Leu Gln Cys Thr Ser Ser	
275 280 285	
ggg aat tgg gac aac gag aag cca acg tgt aaa gct gtg aca tgc agg	1031
Gly Asn Trp Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Thr Cys Lys Ala Val Thr Cys Arg	
290 295 300 305	
gcc gtc cgc cag cct cag aat ggc tct gtg agg tgc agc cat tcc cct	1079
Ala Val Arg Gln Pro Gln Asn Gly Ser Val Arg Cys Ser His Ser Pro	
310 315 320	
gct gga gag ttc acc ttc aaa tca tcc tgc aac ttc acc tgt gag gaa	1127
Ala Gly Glu Phe Thr Phe Lys Ser Ser Cys Asn Phe Thr Cys Glu Glu	
325 330 335	
ggc ttc atg ttg cag gga cca gcc cag gtt gaa tgc acc act caa ggg	1175
Gly Phe Met Leu Gln Gly Pro Ala Gln Val Glu Cys Thr Thr Gln Gly	
340 345 350	
cag tgg aca cag caa atc cca gtt tgt gaa gct ttc cag tgc aca gcc	1223
Gln Trp Thr Gln Gln Ile Pro Val Cys Glu Ala Phe Gln Cys Thr Ala	
355 360 365	

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ttg tcc aac ccc gag cga ggc tac atg aat tgt ctt cct agt gct tct Leu Ser Asn Pro Glu Arg Gly Tyr Met Asn Cys Leu Pro Ser Ala Ser 370 375 380 385	1271
ggc agt ttc cgt tat ggg tcc agc tgt gag ttc tcc tgt gag cag ggt Gly Ser Phe Arg Tyr Gly Ser Ser Cys Glu Phe Ser Cys Glu Gln Gly 390 395 400	1319
ttt gtg ttg aag gga tcc aaa agg ctc caa tgt ggc ccc aca ggg gag Phe Val Leu Lys Gly Ser Lys Arg Leu Gln Cys Gly Pro Thr Gly Glu 405 410 415	1367
tgg gac aac gag aag ccc aca tgt gaa gct gtg aga tgc gat gct gtc Trp Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Thr Cys Glu Ala Val Arg Cys Asp Ala Val 420 425 430	1415
cac cag ccc ccg aag ggt ttg gtg agg tgt gct cat tcc cct att gga His Gln Pro Pro Lys Gly Leu Val Arg Cys Ala His Ser Pro Ile Gly 435 440 445	1463
gaa ttc acc tac aag tcc tct tgt gcc ttc agc tgt gag gag gga ttt Glu Phe Thr Tyr Lys Ser Ser Cys Ala Phe Ser Cys Glu Glu Gly Phe 450 455 460 465	1511
gaa tta tat gga tca act caa ott gag tgc aca tct cag gga caa tgg Glu Leu Tyr Gly Ser Thr Gln Leu Glu Cys Thr Ser Gln Gly Gln Trp 470 475 480	1559
aca gaa gag gtt cct tcc tgc caa gtg gta aaa tgt tca agc ctg gca Thr Glu Glu Val Pro Ser Cys Gln Val Val Lys Cys Ser Ser Leu Ala 485 490 495	1607
gtt ccg gga aag atc aac atg agc tgc agt ggg gag ccc gtg ttt ggc Val Pro Gly Lys Ile Asn Met Ser Cys Ser Gly Glu Pro Val Phe Gly 500 505 510	1655
act gtg tgc aag ttc gcc tgt cct gaa gga tgg acg ctc aat ggc tct Thr Val Cys Lys Phe Ala Cys Pro Glu Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Gly Ser 515 520 525	1703
gca gct cgg aca tgt gga gcc aca gga cac tgg tct ggc ctg cta cct Ala Ala Arg Thr Cys Gly Ala Thr Gly His Trp Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro 530 535 540 545	1751
acc tgt gaa gct ccc act gag tcc aac att ccc ttg gta gct gga ctt Thr Cys Glu Ala Pro Thr Glu Ser Asn Ile Pro Leu Val Ala Gly Leu 550 555 560	1799
tct gct gct gga ctc tcc ctc ctg aca tta gca cca ttt ctc ctc tgg Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Leu Thr Leu Ala Pro Phe Leu Leu Trp 565 570 575	1847
ctt cgg aaa tgc tta cgg aaa gca aag aaa ttt gtt cct gcc agc agc Leu Arg Lys Cys Leu Arg Lys Ala Lys Lys Phe Val Pro Ala Ser Ser 580 585 590	1895
tgc caa agc ctt gaa tca gac gga agc tac caa aag cct tct tac atc Cys Gln Ser Leu Glu Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Gln Lys Pro Ser Tyr Ile 595 600 605	1943
ott taa gttaaaaga atcagaaaca ggtgcatotg gggaactaga gggatacaact Leu * 610	1999
gaagttaaca gagacagata actctcctcg ggtctctggc ccttcttgcc tactatgcca	2059
gatgccttta tggctgaaac cgcaacaccc atcaccactt caatagatca aagtccagca	2119
ggcaaggagc ggcctcaact gaaaagactc agtgttccot ttctactct caggatcaag	2179
aaagtgttg ctaatgaagg gaaaggatat tttcttccaa gcaaagggtga agagaccaag	2239
actctgaaat ctcagaattc cttttctaac tctcccttgc tcgctgtaaa atcttggaac	2299
agaaacacaa tattttgtgg ctttctttct tttgcccttc acagtgtttc gacagctgat	2359

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tacacagttg ctgtcataag aatgaataat aattatccag agtttagagg aaaaaaatga 2419
ctaaaaatat tataacttaa aaaaatgaca gatgttgaat gccacagggc aaatgcatgg 2479
aggggttgta atggtgcaaa tctactgaa tgcctgtgc gagggttact atgcacaatt 2539
taatcacttt catccctatg ggattcagtg cttcttaaag agttcttaag gattgtgata 2599
tttttaactg cattgaatat attataatct tccatacttc ttcattcaat acaagtgtgg 2659
tagggactta aaaaacttgt aaatgctgtc aactatgata tggtaaaagt tacttattct 2719
agattacccc ctcatgtgtt attaacaaat tatgttacat ctgttttaaa tttatttcaa 2779
aaagggaaac tattgtcccc tagcaaggca tgaagttaac cagaataaag ttctgagtgt 2839
ttttactaca gttgtttttt gaaaacatgg tagaattgga gagtaaaaac tgaatggaag 2899
gtttgtatat tgcagatat ttttccagaa atatgtggtt tccacgatga aaaacttcca 2959
tgaggccaaa cgttttgaac taataaaagc ataaatgcaa acacacaaag gtataatttt 3019
atgaatgtct ttgttggaag agaatacaga aagatggatg tgctttgcat tcctacaaag 3079
atgtttgtca gatgtgatat gtaaacataa ttctgtgata ttatggaaga ttttaaatto 3139
acaatagaaa ctaccatgt aaaagagtca tctggtgat ttttaacgaa tgaagatgtc 3199
taatagtatt tccctatttg ttttctctg tatgttaggg tgctctggaa gagaggaatg 3259
cctgtgtgag caagcattta tgtttattta taagcagatt taacaattcc aaaggaatct 3319
ccagttttca gttgatcact ggcaatgaaa aattctcagt cagtaattgc caaagctgct 3379
ctagccttga ggagtgtgag aatcaaaaact ctctacact tccatttaact tagcatgtgt 3439
tgaaaaaaaa agtttcagag aagttctggc tgaacactgg caacgacaaa gccaacagtc 3499
aaaacagaga tgtgataagg atcagaacag cagagggtct tttaaagggg cagaaaaact 3559
ctgggaata agagagaaca actactgtga tcaggctatg tatggaatac agtgttattt 3619
tctttgaaat tgtttaagtg ttgtaaatat ttatgtaaac tgcattagaa attagctgtg 3679
tgaaatacca gtgtggtttg tgtttgagtt ttattgagaa ttttaaatata taacttaaaa 3739
tattttataa tttttaaagt atatatattt ttaagcttat gtcagacctt ttgacataa 3799
cactataaag gttgacaata aatgtgctta tgtttt 3834

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<210> SEQ ID NO 36

<211> LENGTH: 610

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

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Met Ile Ala Ser Gln Phe Leu Ser Ala Leu Thr Leu Val Leu Leu Ile
 1             5             10            15
Lys Glu Ser Gly Ala Trp Ser Tyr Asn Thr Ser Thr Glu Ala Met Thr
          20             25            30
Tyr Asp Glu Ala Ser Ala Tyr Cys Gln Gln Arg Tyr Thr His Leu Val
          35             40            45
Ala Ile Gln Asn Lys Glu Glu Ile Glu Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Ser
          50             55            60
Tyr Ser Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Trp Ile Gly Ile Arg Lys Val Asn Asn Val
          65             70            75            80
Trp Val Trp Val Gly Thr Gln Lys Pro Leu Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn
          85             90            95

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Trp	Ala	Pro	Gly	Glu	Pro	Asn	Asn	Arg	Gln	Lys	Asp	Glu	Asp	Cys	Val
			100					105					110		
Glu	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Arg	Glu	Lys	Asp	Val	Gly	Met	Trp	Asn	Asp	Glu
		115					120					125			
Arg	Cys	Ser	Lys	Lys	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys	Thr
		130					135					140			
Asn	Thr	Ser	Cys	Ser	Gly	His	Gly	Glu	Cys	Val	Glu	Thr	Ile	Asn	Asn
					150					155					160
Tyr	Thr	Cys	Lys	Cys	Asp	Pro	Gly	Phe	Ser	Gly	Leu	Lys	Cys	Glu	Gln
			165					170						175	
Ile	Val	Asn	Cys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ser	Pro	Glu	His	Gly	Ser	Leu	Val
			180					185					190		
Cys	Ser	His	Pro	Leu	Gly	Asn	Phe	Ser	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Ser	Cys	Ser	Ile
		195					200					205			
Ser	Cys	Asp	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ser	Met	Glu	Thr	Met	Gln	Cys
		210				215					220				
Met	Ser	Ser	Gly	Glu	Trp	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ile	Pro	Ala	Cys	Asn	Val	Val
				230						235					240
Glu	Cys	Asp	Ala	Val	Thr	Asn	Pro	Ala	Asn	Gly	Phe	Val	Glu	Cys	Phe
			245						250					255	
Gln	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ser	Phe	Pro	Trp	Asn	Thr	Thr	Cys	Thr	Phe	Asp	Cys
			260					265					270		
Glu	Glu	Gly	Phe	Glu	Leu	Met	Gly	Ala	Gln	Ser	Leu	Gln	Cys	Thr	Ser
		275					280					285			
Ser	Gly	Asn	Trp	Asp	Asn	Glu	Lys	Pro	Thr	Cys	Lys	Ala	Val	Thr	Cys
		290				295					300				
Arg	Ala	Val	Arg	Gln	Pro	Gln	Asn	Gly	Ser	Val	Arg	Cys	Ser	His	Ser
					310					315					320
Pro	Ala	Gly	Glu	Phe	Thr	Phe	Lys	Ser	Ser	Cys	Asn	Phe	Thr	Cys	Glu
				325					330					335	
Glu	Gly	Phe	Met	Leu	Gln	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gln	Val	Glu	Cys	Thr	Thr	Gln
			340					345					350		
Gly	Gln	Trp	Thr	Gln	Gln	Ile	Pro	Val	Cys	Glu	Ala	Phe	Gln	Cys	Thr
		355					360					365			
Ala	Leu	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Met	Asn	Cys	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ala
		370				375					380				
Ser	Gly	Ser	Phe	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Cys	Glu	Phe	Ser	Cys	Glu	Gln
				390					395					400	
Gly	Phe	Val	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Arg	Leu	Gln	Cys	Gly	Pro	Thr	Gly
			405					410					415		
Glu	Trp	Asp	Asn	Glu	Lys	Pro	Thr	Cys	Glu	Ala	Val	Arg	Cys	Asp	Ala
			420					425					430		
Val	His	Gln	Pro	Pro	Lys	Gly	Leu	Val	Arg	Cys	Ala	His	Ser	Pro	Ile
		435					440					445			
Gly	Glu	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Lys	Ser	Ser	Cys	Ala	Phe	Ser	Cys	Glu	Glu	Gly
		450				455					460				
Phe	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Thr	Gln	Leu	Glu	Cys	Thr	Ser	Gln	Gly	Gln
		465			470					475					480
Trp	Thr	Glu	Glu	Val	Pro	Ser	Cys	Gln	Val	Val	Lys	Cys	Ser	Ser	Leu
				485					490						495

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Ala Val Pro Gly Lys Ile Asn Met Ser Cys Ser Gly Glu Pro Val Phe
500 505 510

Gly Thr Val Cys Lys Phe Ala Cys Pro Glu Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Gly
515 520 525

Ser Ala Ala Arg Thr Cys Gly Ala Thr Gly His Trp Ser Gly Leu Leu
530 535 540

Pro Thr Cys Glu Ala Pro Thr Glu Ser Asn Ile Pro Leu Val Ala Gly
545 550 555 560

Leu Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Leu Leu Thr Leu Ala Pro Phe Leu Leu
565 570 575

Trp Leu Arg Lys Cys Leu Arg Lys Ala Lys Lys Phe Val Pro Ala Ser
580 585 590

Ser Cys Gln Ser Leu Glu Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Gln Lys Pro Ser Tyr
595 600 605

Ile Leu
610

<210> SEQ ID NO 37

<211> LENGTH: 1922

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (406)...(1428)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding nucleotide binding protein (G Protein), beta polypeptide 3 (GNB3)

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

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ccacaatagg ggcagacctg tccatccttc tctgtgggtc cctgtacct ttctcccca      60
acaggatcag acccagaggc agctggttgg ggtttgcga gaagaaggat tatccagatc      120
agtcttttct aatctcagct cctgcctgta cctcccata ctacccaaac cctcttcccc      180
accaccctga gctgaggagc acagtttgag gcccccccaa cccccgcgg gtcggggcca      240
ggccaggcca ggccagctcc tctggcagca gaccctgggc aggtgacggg cgggcgcggg      300
cgtgcagcgt gagggaagtaa ggaggctccc aggaaccgga gctggaacc cggccgaggt      360
ccagccagag cccaagagcc agagtaccc ctgcacctgt cagcc atg ggg gag atg      417
                                     Met Gly Glu Met
                                     1

gag caa ctg cgt cag gaa gcg gag cag ctc aag aag cag att gca gat      465
Glu Gln Leu Arg Gln Glu Ala Glu Gln Leu Lys Lys Gln Ile Ala Asp
5      10      15      20

gcc agg aaa gcc tgt gct gac gtt act ctg gca gag ctg gtg tct gcc      513
Ala Arg Lys Ala Cys Ala Asp Val Thr Leu Ala Glu Leu Val Ser Gly
25      30      35

cta gag gtg gtg gga cga gtc cag atg cgg aag cgg cgg acg tta agg      561
Leu Glu Val Val Gly Arg Val Gln Met Arg Thr Arg Arg Thr Leu Arg
40      45      50

gga cac ctg gcc aag att tac gcc atg cac tgg gcc act gat tct aag      609
Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Ala Thr Asp Ser Lys
55      60      65

ctg ctg gta agt gcc tcg caa gat ggg aag ctg atc gtg tgg gac agc      657
Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Val Trp Asp Ser
70      75      80

tac acc acc aac aag gtg cac gcc atc cca ctg cgc tcc tcc tgg gtc      705
Tyr Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu Arg Ser Ser Trp Val
85      90      95      100

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atg acc tgt gcc tat gcc cca tca ggg aac ttt gtg gca tgt ggg ggg Met Thr Cys Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Gly Asn Phe Val Ala Cys Gly Gly 105 110 115	753
ctg gac aac atg tgt tcc atc tac aac ctc aaa tcc cgt gag ggc aat Leu Asp Asn Met Cys Ser Ile Tyr Asn Leu Lys Ser Arg Glu Gly Asn 120 125 130	801
gtc aag gtc agc cgg gag ctt tct gct cac aca ggt tat ctc tcc tgc Val Lys Val Ser Arg Glu Leu Ser Ala His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Ser Cys 135 140 145	849
tgc cgc ttc ctg gat gac aac aat att gtg acc agc tcg ggg gac acc Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Asn Ile Val Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Thr 150 155 160	897
acg tgt gcc ttg tgg gac att gag act ggg cag cag aag act gta ttt Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp Ile Glu Thr Gly Gln Gln Lys Thr Val Phe 165 170 175 180	945
gtg gga cac acg ggt gac tgc atg agc ctg gct gtg tct cct gac ttc Val Gly His Thr Gly Asp Cys Met Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Pro Asp Phe 185 190 195	993
aat ctc ttc att tcg ggg gcc tgt gat gcc agt gcc aag ctc tgg gat Asn Leu Phe Ile Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ala Lys Leu Trp Asp 200 205 210	1041
gtg cga gag ggg acc tgc cgt cag act ttc act ggc cac gag tcg gac Val Arg Glu Gly Thr Cys Arg Gln Thr Phe Thr Gly His Glu Ser Asp 215 220 225	1089
atc aac gcc atc tgt ttc ttc ccc aat gga gag gcc atc tgc acg ggc Ile Asn Ala Ile Cys Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Ile Cys Thr Gly 230 235 240	1137
tcg gat gac gct tcc tgc cgc ttg ttt gac ctg cgg gca gac cag gag Ser Asp Asp Ala Ser Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp Leu Arg Ala Asp Gln Glu 245 250 255 260	1185
ctg atc tgc ttc tcc cac gag agc atc atc tgc ggc atc acg tcc gtg Leu Ile Cys Phe Ser His Glu Ser Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val 265 270 275	1233
gcc ttc tcc ctc agt ggc cgc cta cta ttc gct ggc tac gac gac ttc Ala Phe Ser Leu Ser Gly Arg Leu Phe Ala Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe 280 285 290	1281
aac tgc aat gtc tgg gac tcc atg aag tct gag cgt gtg ggc atc ctc Asn Cys Asn Val Trp Asp Ser Met Lys Ser Glu Arg Val Gly Ile Leu 295 300 305	1329
tct ggc cac gat aac agg gtg agc tgc ctg gga gtc aca gct gac ggg Ser Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val Thr Ala Asp Gly 310 315 320	1377
atg gct gtg gcc aca ggt tcc tgg gac agc ttc ctc aaa atc tgg aac Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Trp Asn 325 330 335 340	1425
tga ggaggctgga gaaaggggaag tggaaggcag tgaacacact cagcagcccc *	1478
ctgcccgacc ccattctcatt cagggtgttct ottotatatatt ccgggtgcca ttcccaactaa	1538
gcttttctcct ttgagggcag tggggagcat gggactgtgc ctttgggagg cagcatcagg	1598
gacacagggg caaagaactg ccccatctcc tcccatggcc ttccctcccc acagtcctca	1658
cagcctctcc ottaatgagc aaggacaacc tgccccctccc cagccctttg caggcccago	1718
agacttgagt ctgaggcccc aggccttagg attcctcccc cagagccact acctttgtcc	1778
aggcctgggt ggtatagggc gtttgccct gtgactatgg ctctggcacc actagggtcc	1838

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tgccctcttt cttattcatg ctttctcctt ttcttacctt tttttctctc ctaagacacc 1898
 tgcaataaag tgtagcaccg tggt 1922

<210> SEQ ID NO 38
 <211> LENGTH: 340
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

Met Gly Glu Met Glu Gln Leu Arg Gln Glu Ala Glu Gln Leu Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Ile Ala Asp Ala Arg Lys Ala Cys Ala Asp Val Thr Leu Ala Glu
 20 25 30
 Leu Val Ser Gly Leu Glu Val Val Gly Arg Val Gln Met Arg Thr Arg
 35 40 45
 Arg Thr Leu Arg Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Ala
 50 55 60
 Thr Asp Ser Lys Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Val Trp Asp Ser Tyr Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu Arg
 85 90 95
 Ser Ser Trp Val Met Thr Cys Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Gly Asn Phe Val
 100 105 110
 Ala Cys Gly Gly Leu Asp Asn Met Cys Ser Ile Tyr Asn Leu Lys Ser
 115 120 125
 Arg Glu Gly Asn Val Lys Val Ser Arg Glu Leu Ser Ala His Thr Gly
 130 135 140
 Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Asn Ile Val Thr Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Gly Asp Thr Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp Ile Glu Thr Gly Gln Gln
 165 170 175
 Lys Thr Val Phe Val Gly His Thr Gly Asp Cys Met Ser Leu Ala Val
 180 185 190
 Ser Pro Asp Phe Asn Leu Phe Ile Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ala
 195 200 205
 Lys Leu Trp Asp Val Arg Glu Gly Thr Cys Arg Gln Thr Phe Thr Gly
 210 215 220
 His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Ile Cys Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Ile Cys Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Ser Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp Leu Arg
 245 250 255
 Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Ile Cys Phe Ser His Glu Ser Ile Ile Cys Gly
 260 265 270
 Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Leu Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly
 275 280 285
 Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Val Trp Asp Ser Met Lys Ser Glu Arg
 290 295 300
 Val Gly Ile Leu Ser Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Ala Asp Gly Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu
 325 330 335

<210> SEQ ID NO 39		
<211> LENGTH: 2443		
<212> TYPE: DNA		
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien		
<220> FEATURE:		
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS		
<222> LOCATION: (162)...(1253)		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Nucleotide sequence encoding angiotensin receptor 2 (AGTR2)		
<400> SEQUENCE: 39		
acgtccccagc gtctgagaga acgagtaagc aagaattcaa agcattctgc agcctgaatt		60
ttgaaggaggt gtgttttaggc actaagcaag ctgatttatg ataactgctt taaacttcaa		120
caaccaaaagg cataagaact aggagctgct gacatttcaa t atg aag ggc aac tcc		176
	Met Lys Gly Asn Ser	
	1 5	
acc ctt gcc act act agc aaa aac att acc agc ggt ctt cac ttc ggg		224
Thr Leu Ala Thr Thr Ser Lys Asn Ile Thr Ser Gly Leu His Phe Gly		
	10 15 20	
ctt gtg aac atc tct ggc aac aat gag tct acc ttg aac tgt tca cag		272
Leu Val Asn Ile Ser Gly Asn Asn Glu Ser Thr Leu Asn Cys Ser Gln		
	25 30 35	
aaa cca tca gat aag cat tta gat gca att cct att ctt tac tac att		320
Lys Pro Ser Asp Lys His Leu Asp Ala Ile Pro Ile Leu Tyr Tyr Ile		
	40 45 50	
ata ttt gta att gga ttt ctg gtc aat att gtc gtg gtt aca ctg ttt		368
Ile Phe Val Ile Gly Phe Leu Val Asn Ile Val Val Thr Leu Phe		
	55 60 65	
tgt tgt caa aag ggt cct aaa aag gtt tct agc ata tac atc ttc aac		416
Cys Cys Gln Lys Lys Gly Pro Lys Lys Val Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ile Phe Asn		
	70 75 80 85	
ctc gct gtg gct gat tta ctc ctt ttg gct act ctt cct cta tgg gca		464
Leu Ala Val Ala Asp Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Thr Leu Pro Leu Trp Ala		
	90 95 100	
acc tat tat tct tat aga tat gac tgg ctc ttt gga cct gtg atg tgc		512
Thr Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asp Trp Leu Phe Gly Pro Val Met Cys		
	105 110 115	
aaa gtt ttt ggt tct ttt ctt acc ctg aac atg ttt gca agc att ttt		560
Lys Val Phe Gly Ser Phe Leu Thr Leu Asn Met Phe Ala Ser Ile Phe		
	120 125 130	
ttt atc acc tgc atg agt gtt gat agg tac caa tct gtg atc tac ccc		608
Phe Ile Thr Cys Met Ser Val Asp Arg Tyr Gln Ser Val Ile Tyr Pro		
	135 140 145	
ttt ctg tct caa aga aga aat ccc tgg caa gca tct tat ata gtt ccc		656
Phe Leu Ser Gln Arg Arg Asn Pro Trp Gln Ala Ser Tyr Ile Val Pro		
	150 155 160 165	
ctt gtt tgg tgt atg gcc tgt ttg tcc tca ttg cca aca ttt tat ttt		704
Leu Val Trp Cys Met Ala Cys Leu Ser Ser Leu Pro Thr Phe Tyr Phe		
	170 175 180	
cga gac gtc aga acc att gaa tac tta gga gtg aat gct tgc att atg		752
Arg Asp Val Arg Thr Ile Glu Tyr Leu Gly Val Asn Ala Cys Ile Met		
	185 190 195	
gct ttc cca cct gag aaa tat gcc caa tgg tca gct ggg att gcc tta		800
Ala Phe Pro Pro Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gln Trp Ser Ala Gly Ile Ala Leu		
	200 205 210	

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atg aaa aat atc ctt ggt ttt att atc cct tta ata ttc ata gca aca Met Lys Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ile Pro Leu Ile Phe Ile Ala Thr 215 220 225	848
tgc tat ttt gga att aga aaa cac tta ctg aag acg aat agc tat ggg Cys Tyr Phe Gly Ile Arg Lys His Leu Leu Lys Thr Asn Ser Tyr Gly 230 235 240 245	896
aag aac agg ata acc cgt gac caa gtc ctg aag atg gca gct gct gtt Lys Asn Arg Ile Thr Arg Asp Gln Val Leu Lys Met Ala Ala Val 250 255 260	944
gtt ctg gcc ttc atc att tgg tgc ctt ccc ttc cat gtt ctg acc ttc Val Leu Ala Phe Ile Ile Trp Cys Leu Pro Phe His Val Leu Thr Phe 265 270 275	992
ctg gat gct ctg gcc tgg atg ggt gtc att aat agc tgc gaa gtt ata Leu Asp Ala Leu Ala Trp Met Gly Val Ile Asn Ser Cys Glu Val Ile 280 285 290	1040
gca gtc att gac ctg gca ctt cct ttt gcc atc ctc ttg gga ttc acc Ala Val Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Pro Phe Ala Ile Leu Leu Gly Phe Thr 295 300 305	1088
aac agc tgc gtt aat cag ttt ctg tat tgt ttt gtt gga aac cgg ttc Asn Ser Cys Val Asn Pro Phe Leu Tyr Cys Phe Val Gly Asn Arg Phe 310 315 320 325	1136
caa cag aag ctc cgc agt gtg ttt agg gtt cca att act tgg ctc caa Gln Gln Lys Leu Arg Ser Val Phe Arg Val Pro Ile Thr Trp Leu Gln 330 335 340	1184
ggg aaa aga gag agt atg tct tgc cgg aaa agc agt tct ctt aga gaa Gly Lys Arg Glu Ser Met Ser Cys Arg Lys Ser Ser Ser Leu Arg Glu 345 350 355	1232
atg gag acc ttt gtg tct taa acggagagca aaatgcatgt aatcaacatg Met Glu Thr Phe Val Ser * 360	1283
gctacttgct ttgaggctca ccagaattat ttttaagtgg ttttaataaa ataataaaat	1343
ttccccaat cttttctgaa tcttctgaaa ccaaatgtaa ctatgtttat cgtccagtga	1403
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ggctaggaat atagattaaa tcatactcct atgcttttagc ttatttttac agttatagaa	1883
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gaataagcac tttttaaaaa actttctact ctttttaatg attgtttaaa ggtttctatt	2003
ttctctgata cttttttgaa atcagtaaac actgtgtatt gttgtaaaat gtaaaggcca	2063
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actctttaac ttgtaataaa cctttaactg gcataggaaa tggatccag aatggaattt	2243
tgctacatgg ggtctgggtg ggggcaaga gacccagcca attacatgtt tggtaaccaag	2303
aaaggaacct gtcagggcag tacaatgtga ctttgaaaat atataccgtg ggggtagttt	2363

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taccctatat ctataaacac tgtttggtcc agaattctgta tgattctatg gagctatattt 2423

aaaccaattg caggtctaga 2443

<210> SEQ ID NO 40

<211> LENGTH: 363

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapien

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

Met Lys Gly Asn Ser Thr Leu Ala Thr Thr Ser Lys Asn Ile Thr Ser
1 5 10 15

Gly Leu His Phe Gly Leu Val Asn Ile Ser Gly Asn Asn Glu Ser Thr
20 25 30

Leu Asn Cys Ser Gln Lys Pro Ser Asp Lys His Leu Asp Ala Ile Pro
35 40 45

Ile Leu Tyr Tyr Ile Ile Phe Val Ile Gly Phe Leu Val Asn Ile Val
50 55 60

Val Val Thr Leu Phe Cys Cys Gln Lys Gly Pro Lys Lys Val Ser Ser
65 70 75 80

Ile Tyr Ile Phe Asn Leu Ala Val Ala Asp Leu Leu Leu Ala Thr
85 90 95

Leu Pro Leu Trp Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Asp Trp Leu Phe
100 105 110

Gly Pro Val Met Cys Lys Val Phe Gly Ser Phe Leu Thr Leu Asn Met
115 120 125

Phe Ala Ser Ile Phe Phe Ile Thr Cys Met Ser Val Asp Arg Tyr Gln
130 135 140

Ser Val Ile Tyr Pro Phe Leu Ser Gln Arg Arg Asn Pro Trp Gln Ala
145 150 155 160

Ser Tyr Ile Val Pro Leu Val Trp Cys Met Ala Cys Leu Ser Ser Leu
165 170 175

Pro Thr Phe Tyr Phe Arg Asp Val Arg Thr Ile Glu Tyr Leu Gly Val
180 185 190

Asn Ala Cys Ile Met Ala Phe Pro Pro Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gln Trp Ser
195 200 205

Ala Gly Ile Ala Leu Met Lys Asn Ile Leu Gly Phe Ile Ile Pro Leu
210 215 220

Ile Phe Ile Ala Thr Cys Tyr Phe Gly Ile Arg Lys His Leu Leu Lys
225 230 235 240

Thr Asn Ser Tyr Gly Lys Asn Arg Ile Thr Arg Asp Gln Val Leu Lys
245 250 255

Met Ala Ala Ala Val Val Leu Ala Phe Ile Ile Trp Cys Leu Pro Phe
260 265 270

His Val Leu Thr Phe Leu Asp Ala Leu Ala Trp Met Gly Val Ile Asn
275 280 285

Ser Cys Glu Val Ile Ala Val Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Pro Phe Ala Ile
290 295 300

Leu Leu Gly Phe Thr Asn Ser Cys Val Asn Pro Phe Leu Tyr Cys Phe
305 310 315 320

Val Gly Asn Arg Phe Gln Gln Lys Leu Arg Ser Val Phe Arg Val Pro
325 330 335

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Ile	Thr	Trp	Leu	Gln	Gly	Lys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Met	Ser	Cys	Arg	Lys	Ser
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Ser	Ser	Leu	Arg	Glu	Met	Glu	Thr	Phe	Val	Ser
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<400> SEQUENCE: 41

actgcctgat aaccatgctg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 42
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

atacttacac accaggaggg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 43
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
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<400> SEQUENCE: 43

atgcctgctc caaaggcac 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 44
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<400> SEQUENCE: 44

atgcctgctc caaaggcacc 20

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<400> SEQUENCE: 45

atgcctgctc caaaggcaca t 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 46
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<400> SEQUENCE: 46

taatttctggt tctctgagcg 20

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

actcaccttg aactcgtctc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 48

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

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<211> LENGTH: 21

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

tgcttgctt ctgctacaag 20

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<210> SEQ ID NO 53
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<400> SEQUENCE: 53

cttcacctgag cacctgctg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 54
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

cttcacctgag cacctgctgg t 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 55

cttcacctgag cacctgctga 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 56
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

aacagctcag gacgaaactg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 57
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

agaaggagtt gacctgtcc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 58
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

ggaagctcaa gtggccttc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 59
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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ggaagctcaa gtggccttcc 20

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<400> SEQUENCE: 61

aagtcactgg cagagctgg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 62
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<400> SEQUENCE: 62

gcaccagggc tttgttgaag 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 63
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

ttttcccggt agggctcca 19

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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<400> SEQUENCE: 64

ttttcccggt agggctccac 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 65
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 65

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<210> SEQ ID NO 66

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<400> SEQUENCE: 67

gttgaagttt tccccgtagg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 68

<211> LENGTH: 19

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 68

actcctccac ctgctggtc 19

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<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 69

actcctccac ctgctggacc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 70

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 70

actcctccac ctgctggtct a 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 71

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 71

aggacgtgag tggcaacctg 20

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 72

agctctgccg gtgacttctg 20

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<400> SEQUENCE: 73

gtgacttctg cagccctc 19

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 74

gtgacttctg cagccctc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 75
<211> LENGTH: 22
<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 75

gtgacttctg cagccctcgt 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 76
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 76

cctgacctc cagatgaag 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 77
<211> LENGTH: 19
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 77

tcaggttgc acgcacgc 19

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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 78

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18

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<211> LENGTH: 19

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<400> SEQUENCE: 81

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<210> SEQ ID NO 82

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

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<211> LENGTH: 18

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<400> SEQUENCE: 83

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

agctgcgcac ccaggtcaa

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<210> SEQ ID NO 85
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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 85

agctgcgcac ccaggtcagc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 86
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<400> SEQUENCE: 86

tgtccaagga gctgcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 87
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 87

cttacgcagc ttgcgcaggt 20

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 88

gcggacatgg aggacgtg 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 89
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
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<400> SEQUENCE: 89

gcggacatgg aggacgtgc 19

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 90

gcggacatgg aggacgtgtg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 91
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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gttgtagaaa gaaccgctgc 20

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<400> SEQUENCE: 92

gagaacgagt cttcaggtac 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 93
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 93

acaatctggg ctatgagatc a 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 94
<211> LENGTH: 22
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 94

acaatctggg ctatgagatc aa 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 95
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 95

acaatctggg ctatgagatc agt 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 96
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 96

cactctacac tgcattgtctc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 97
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 97

accctttctga aaaggagagg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 98

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 98

gaggagagac aaggcagata 20

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<212> TYPE: DNA

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 103

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<400> SEQUENCE: 104

gttgctgctg cctcgaaacc 20

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<400> SEQUENCE: 105

gttgctgctg cctcgaaatct g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 106
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 106

cgtctttctc cagatgatgc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 107
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 107

agtgtactat gggctgtttg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 108
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 108

ggatgccatt cataccttta c 21

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 109

ggatgccatt cataccttta cc 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 110
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<400> SEQUENCE: 110

ggatgccatt cataccttta cgc 23

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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

<400> SEQUENCE: 113

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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer

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<210> SEQ ID NO 115
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What is claimed:

1. A method for detecting the presence or absence in a subject of at least one allelic variant of a polymorphic region of a gene associated with cardiovascular disease, comprising:

the step of detecting the presence or absence of an allelic variant of a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene of the subject that is associated with high serum cholesterol or an allelic variant of a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject that is associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL).

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

4. The method of claim 1, further comprising detecting the presence or absence in a subject of at least one allelic variant of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein the other gene is selected from the group consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

6. The method of claim 2, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

7. The method of claim 3, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

8. The method of claim 3, wherein the SNP is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene coding sequence and the allelic variant is represented by a T nucleotide in the sense strand or an A nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

9. The method of claim 7, wherein the SNP is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene sequence and the allelic variant is represented by an A nucleotide in the sense strand or a T nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

10. The method of claim 1, wherein the detecting step is by a method selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay, restriction enzyme site analysis and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

11. The method of claim 8, further comprising:

(a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 86 of the coding sequence of the COX6B gene;

(b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and

(c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 86, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

12. The method of claim 9, further comprising:

(a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene;

(b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and

(c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 2577, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

13. The method of claim 1, wherein the detecting step comprises mass spectrometry.

14. The method of claim 1, wherein the detecting step utilizes a signal moiety selected from the group consisting of: radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent reagents and other light producing reagents.

15. The method of claims 11, wherein the nucleic acid primer is extended in the presence of at least one dideoxynucleotide.

16. The method of claim 12, wherein the nucleic acid primer is extended in the presence of at least one dideoxynucleotide.

17. The method of claim 15, wherein the dideoxynucleotide is dideoxyguanosine (ddG).

18. The method of claim 16, wherein the dideoxynucleotide is dideoxyguanosine (ddG).

19. The method of claim 11, wherein the primer is extended in the presence at least two dideoxynucleotides and the dideoxynucleotides are dideoxyguanosine (ddG) and dideoxycytosine (ddC).

20. The method of claim 12, wherein the primer is extended in the presence of at least two dideoxynucleotides and the dideoxynucleotides are dideoxyguanosine (ddG) and dideoxycytosine (ddC).

21. A method for indicating a predisposition to cardiovascular disease in a subject, comprising:

the step of detecting in a target nucleic acid obtained from the subject the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of polymorphic regions of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high serum cholesterol or at least one allelic variant of polymorphic regions of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low serum HDL wherein the presence of an allelic variant is indicative of a predisposition to cardiovascular disease compared to a subject who does not comprise the allelic variant.

22. The method of claim 21, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

23. The method of claim 21, wherein the allelic variant is of a polymorphic region of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

24. The method of claim 22, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

25. The method of claim 23, wherein the polymorphic region is a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

26. The method of claim 24, wherein the SNP is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene coding sequence and the allelic variant is represented by a T nucleotide in the sense strand or an A nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

27. The method of claim 25, wherein the SNP is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene sequence and the allelic variant is represented by an A nucleotide in the sense strand or a T nucleotide in the corresponding position in the antisense strand.

28. The method of claim 21, wherein the detecting step is by a method selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation assay, restriction enzyme site analysis and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

29. The method of claim 26, further comprising:

- (a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 86 of the coding sequence of the COX6B gene;
- (b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and
- (c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 86, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

30. The method of claim 27, further comprising:

- (a) hybridizing a target nucleic acid comprising a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1)-encoding nucleic acid or fragment thereof with a nucleic acid primer that hybridizes adjacent to nucleotide 2577 of the GPI-1 gene;
- (b) extending the nucleic acid primer using the target nucleic acid as a template; and
- (c) determining the mass of the extended primer to identify the nucleotide present at position 2577, thereby determining the presence or absence of the allelic variant.

31. The method of claim 21, wherein the detecting step comprises mass spectrometry.

32. The method of claim 21, wherein the detecting step utilizes a signal moiety selected from the group consisting of: radioisotopes, enzymes, antigens, antibodies, spectrophotometric reagents, chemiluminescent reagents, fluorescent reagents and other light producing reagents.

33. The method of claim 21, further comprising detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of polymorphic regions of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease, wherein the presence of the two allelic variants is associated with a predisposition to cardiovascular disease compared to a subject who does not comprise the combination of allelic variants.

34. The method of claim 33, wherein the other gene is selected from the group consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

35. The method of claim 33, wherein the two allelic variants are of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene and the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

36. A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum cholesterol, comprising:

- (a) combining a candidate agent with a cell comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding an allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high levels of serum cholesterol and operably linked to a promoter such that the nucleotide sequence is expressed as a COX6B protein in the cell; and
 - (b) determining the affect of the agent upon the expression and/or activity of the COX6B protein.
- 37.** A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum cholesterol, comprising:
- (a) combining a candidate agent with a transgenic mouse comprising a transgenic nucleotide sequence stably integrated into the genome of the mouse a transgenic nucleotide sequence encoding an allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene which has been associated with high levels of serum cholesterol and operably linked to a promoter, wherein the transgenic nucleotide sequence is expressed and the transgenic animal develops a high level of serum cholesterol; and
 - (b) determining the affect of the agent upon the serum cholesterol level.

38. The method of claim 36, wherein the allelic variant is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

39. The method of claims 37, wherein the allelic variant is at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

40. A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum high density lipoprotein (HDL), comprising:

- (a) combining a candidate agent with a cell comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding an allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low levels of serum HDL and operably linked to a promoter such that the nucleotide sequence is expressed as a GPI-1 protein in the cell; and
- (b) determining the affect of the agent upon the expression and/or activity of the GPI-1 protein.
- 41.** A method of screening for biologically active agents that modulate serum high density lipoprotein (HDL), comprising:
- (a) combining a candidate agent with a transgenic mouse comprising a transgenic nucleotide sequence stably integrated into the genome of the mouse encoding an allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low levels of serum HDL operably linked to a promoter, wherein the transgenic nucleotide sequence is expressed and the transgenic animal develops a low level of serum HDL; and
- (b) determining the affect of the agent upon the serum HDL level.
- 42.** The method of claim 40, wherein the allelic variant is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.
- 43.** The method of claim 41, wherein the allelic variant is at position 2577 of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.
- 44.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a cardiovascular drug, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high serum cholesterol or at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL);
- wherein the presence of at least one allelic variant is indicative of a positive response.
- 45.** The method of claim 44, wherein the allelic variant is of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.
- 46.** The method of claim 44, wherein the allelic variant is of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.
- 47.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a cardiovascular drug, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high serum cholesterol; and
- detecting the presence or absence of or at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL);
- wherein the presence of at least one allelic variant of the COX6B and at least one allelic variant of the GPI-1 gene is indicative of a positive response.
- 48.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high cholesterol;
- wherein the presence of at least one allelic variant is indicative of a positive response.
- 49.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum cholesterol, comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene of the subject associated with high cholesterol; and
- detecting the presence or absence of an allelic variant of at least one other gene of the subject associated with cardiovascular disease, wherein the presence of both allelic variants is indicative of a positive response.
- 50.** The method of claim 48, wherein the allelic variant of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene is at position 86.
- 51.** The method of claims 49, wherein the allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene is at position 86.
- 52.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum high density lipoprotein (HDL), comprising:
- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene of the subject associated with low HDL; wherein the presence of an allelic variant is indicative of a positive response.
- 53.** A method for predicting a response of a subject to a biologically active agent that modulates serum high density lipoprotein (HDL) levels, comprising:
- (a) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low HDL of the subject; and
- (b) detecting the presence or absence of an allelic variant in at least one other gene of subject associated with cardiovascular disease, wherein the presence of both allelic variants is indicative of a positive response.
- 54.** The method of claim 52, wherein the allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene is at position 2577.
- 55.** The method of claims 53, wherein the allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene is at position 2577.
- 56.** The method of claim 49, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI (GPI-1) gene, cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r

reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

57. The method of claim 53, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

58. A primer or probe that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high serum cholesterol in combination with a primer or probe that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low HDL.

59. The primers or probes of claim 58, further comprising primers or probes that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

60. The primers or probes of claim 58, wherein the polymorphic region of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene comprises nucleotide 86 of the coding strand and the polymorphic region of the N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene comprises nucleotide 2577.

61. The primers or probes of claim 59, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

62. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high serum cholesterol.

63. The kit of claim 62 further comprising instructions for use.

64. The kit of claim 62, wherein the polymorphic region comprises nucleotide 86 of the coding strand.

65. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high cholesterol; and

- (b) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

66. The kit of claim 65, further comprising instructions for use.

67. The kit of claim 65, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

68. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer that specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL).

69. The kit of claim 68 further comprising instructions for use.

70. The kit of claim 68, wherein the polymorphic region comprises nucleotide 2577 of the coding strand.

71. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low serum high density lipoprotein (HDL); and

- (b) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

72. The kit of claim 71, further comprising instructions for use.

73. The kit of claim 71, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

74. A kit for indicating whether a subject has a predisposition to developing cardiovascular disease, comprising:

- (a) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene associated with high cholesterol; and

- (b) at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene associated with low HDL.

75. The kit of claim 74, further comprising instructions for use.

76. The kit of claim 74, further comprising at least one probe or primer which specifically hybridizes adjacent to or at a polymorphic region of another gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

77. The kit of claim 76, wherein the other gene associated with cardiovascular disease is selected from the group of genes consisting of cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

78. A method of diagnosing a predisposition to cardiovascular disease in a human, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the human;
- (b) isolating DNA from the biological sample; and
- (c) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene in the DNA.

79. The method of claim 78, wherein at least one variant is a C to T transversion at position 86 of the cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb gene (COX6B) coding region.

80. The method of claim 78, further comprising the step of:

- detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a second gene associated with cardiovascular disease.

81. The method of claim 80, wherein the second gene is selected from the group consisting of human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene.

82. A method of diagnosing a predisposition to cardiovascular disease in a human, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the human;
- (b) isolating DNA from the biological sample; and
- (c) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene in the DNA.

83. The method of claim 82, wherein at least one variant is a G to A transversion at position 2577 of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

84. A method of determining a response of a human to a cardiovascular drug, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the human;
- (b) isolating DNA from the biological sample; and
- (c) detecting the presence or absence of at least one allelic variant of a cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene in the DNA or at least one allelic variant of a N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene in the DNA.

85. The method of claim 78, wherein the detecting step is performed by an assay selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation, restriction enzyme site analysis, and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

86. The method of claim 82, wherein the detecting step is performed by an assay selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation, restriction enzyme site analysis, and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

87. The method of claim 84, wherein the detecting step is performed by an assay selected from the group consisting of allele specific hybridization, primer specific extension, oligonucleotide ligation, restriction enzyme site analysis, and single-stranded conformation polymorphism analysis.

88. A microarray, comprising a nucleic acid having a sequence of a polymorphic region from a human cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) gene.

89. The microarray of claim 88, wherein the polymorphic region comprises position 86 of the human cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B) coding region.

90. A microarray comprising a nucleic acid having a sequence of a polymorphic region from a human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

91. The microarray of claim 90, wherein the polymorphic region comprises a locus selected from the group consisting of position 2577 of the human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene, position 2829 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 2519 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 2289 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 1938 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 1563 of the human GPI-1 gene, position 2656 of the human GPI-1 gene, and position 2664 of the human GPI-1 gene.

92. The microarray of claim 91, wherein the polymorphic region comprises position 2577 of the human N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1) gene.

93. A kit comprising:

- (a) at least one probe specific for a polymorphic region of a human gene selected from the group consisting of cytochrome C oxidase subunit VIb (COX6B); N-acetylglucosaminyl transferase component GPI-1 (GPI-1); cholesterol ester transfer protein, plasma (CETP); apolipoprotein A-IV (APO A4); apolipoprotein A-I (APO A1); apolipoprotein E (APO E); apolipoprotein B (APO B); apolipoprotein C-III (APO C3); a gene encoding lipoprotein lipase (LPL); ATP-binding cassette transporter (ABC 1); paraoxonase 1 (PON 1); paraoxonase 2 (PON 2); 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate r reductase (MTHFR); a gene encoding hepatic lipase, E-selectin, G protein beta 3 subunit and angiotensin II type 1 receptor gene; and
- (b) instructions for use.

* * * * *